"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Probably fair today; Friday thunder storms; moderate west winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVI...NO. 21,705. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 28, 1917.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Elsewhere N. Y. State, N. J., Conn. | THREE CENTS Other States.

HUNT FOR REFUGE WHERE COCCHI HID AFTER THE MURDER

Prosecutor Finds Mysterious Entries in Records of an Immigrants' Home.

CLUE FROM MRS. COCCHI

Hurried Alteration of the Register Starts an Investigation by the District Attorney.

POLICE DELAYS ARE SHOWN

Many Hours Were Wasted in Cruger Case Before Machinery Was Set in Motion.

Acting on information furnished by Mrs. Marie Cocchi to the effect that she had learned from friends in Italy that her husband, Alfredo, had stayed in New York at least six days after the disappearance of Ruth Cruger on Feb. 18 last, Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling sent Detective John Cunniff to examine the register at the home of the Society for Italian Immigrants, at 10 Water Street, where it had been suggested he might have hidden after his visit to Father Morretto of St. Raphael's Society. Cunniff reported yesterday that the register showed that one Francisco Ramella had entered the home on the afternoon of Feb. 15 and was registered as coming from Pensacola, Fla. He said that the same name was found on the record for Feb. 16 and every day thereafter until Feb. 20, when the register said the man had left for Europe on the Verdi.

The entry for Feb. 16, the detective reported, said that Ramella came from New York. The entry on the following day said that Ramella had purchased a ticket for $50 for Genoa.

When the register was brought to the District Attorney's office yesterday in response to a subpoena, an examination showed that the entry for Feb. 16 had been changed to read "from Philadelphia." The ink was plainly fresh, Mr. Dooling said, and the former entry was plainly distinguishable underneath it. Joseph Biondi, the bookkeeper of the home was sent for, and when questioned he asserted that he had been ordered to change the record by August V. Tozzi, the assistant manager of the institution. This was later denied by Tozzi, who was questioned by Mr. Dooling for an hour. Tozzi was unable to identify a picture of Cocchi. Subpoenas have been issued for several other officials and all of the employes of the home, who will be examined today.

Mrs. Cocchi Again a Witness.

At the request of Mrs. Cocchi, who was a witness again yesterday, Father Morretto came to the District Attorney's office and conversed privately with her for a half hour. Mr. Dooling was unable to say whether the visit was of a religious nature or not, as Mrs. Cocchi did not make any statement concerning what she wanted of Father Morretto. According to Aaron Marcus, Mrs. Cocchi's attorney, the priest would not discuss her husband's case with her. Mr. Marcus took issue with Father Morretto's statement that he had not seen or talked with Mrs. Cocchi in several years. He said that about six weeks ago Mrs. Cocchi telephoned to the priest and asked him to send her a mechanic to work in the motor cycle shop. Father Morretto at that time recalled who Mrs. Cocchi was, the lawyer said, and sent her a man, whom she employed.

District Attorney Swann said yesterday that Inspector Faurot and Detective Mahoney had held a conference with Assistant District Attorney Rorke in regard to the story told by Louise La Rue, now in the Polyclinic Hospital recovering from injuries she received in her jump from a window. Mr. Swann said that thus far nothing had been discovered which would throw any new light on the Cruger case. Mrs. La Rue had furnished the names of many prominent men who she said were among her acquaintances. Several of these men Mr. Swann said had been to see him in regard to preventing their names from being made public.

In a statement last night Mr. Swann charged that Detective Frank McGee had suggested to Mrs. Louisa Patterson, a friend of Mrs. Cocchi, that she get in touch with the City Club, which preferred charges against the District Attorney, and enlist its aid in keeping process servers away from Mrs. Cocchi's house. Mrs. Cocchi had complained to Mrs. Patterson that she was being annoyed by Mr. Swann's employes, who she said watched her day and night.

Acting on McGee's suggestion, Mrs. Patterson wrote to Nelson S. Spencer, President of the City Club, asking his help. In the reply which Mr. Swann made public Mr. Spencer said that Mrs. Patterson's complaint was "in line with other reports which have come to us."

Mr. Spencer referred the matter to Chase Mellen, counsel for the club.

Wallstein Presses Police Lieutenant.

The public examination of witnesses conducted yesterday by Leonard M. Wallstein, Commissioner of Accounts, in his office in the Municipal Building in the course of his investigation into the Police Department's management of the Cruger case had two sharp developments. First, according to testimony Police Lieutenant William Brown, who was in charge of the desk of the Fourth Branch Detective Bureau when the disappearance of Ruth Cruger was reported there by Mr. and Mrs.

Leather and Paper Fibre Used in Germans' Uniforms

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 27.—Striking evidence of the growing straits of the German Army, a high official informed THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, was obtained recently from captured prisoners. Their clothing excited curiosity from its appearance, so it was analyzed. It was discovered that officers are now wearing woven cloth of leather fibre and enlisted men uniforms of paper fibre.

It is evident that such clothing is entirely unsuited to the rigors of a Winter campaign if the war lasts that long.

COAL OPERATORS FOR PRICE FIXING

Special Committee Approves Proposal for a Joint Governmental Board.

TRADE TO BE REPRESENTED

Secretary of the Interior and Federal Trade Commission to Join in Control.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—A proposal that coal prices during the war be fixed by a joint governmental commission, composed of the Secretary of the Interior, the Defense Council's Coal Production Committee, and the Federal Trade Commission, was approved tonight by a special committee of coal operators representing the trade in all sections of the country.

Tomorrow a resolution embodying this plan will be submitted to the convention of 400 operators meeting here for discussion of the problem, and indications are that it will be accepted. It then may be presented as a substitute for pending legislation proposing blanket authority for Government price fixing on the commodity, and backed by the operators as a compromise adjustment satisfactory both to producers and consumers.

The convention appointed the special committee after it had voted to reconsider a resolution adopted yesterday pledging the operators to insure proper prices through committees of their number working in conference with the coal production committee of the Defense Council. The reconsideration was decided on after speakers pointed out that such a procedure might make the operators liable to prosecution under the Sherman anti-monopoly law.

On the special committee was one operator from each coal State, Chairman Peabody of the Production Committee, and Commissioner Fort of the Federal Trade Commission. In support of the plan approved, it was argued that the proposed joint commission would not leave the trade without representation in the price-fixing, since a number of operators are members of the Production Committee.

The coal men, in appointing Commissioner Fort a member of the special committee, gave expression to an apparent feeling of reassurance as to the friendliness of the trade commission. In an address to the convention a short time before, the Commissioner had declared he and his colleagues were loath to fix prices at all and would not do so without giving the producers every opportunity to present their side of the case. He was loudly cheered.

Thirty per cent. or the embarrassment in the coal trade, the Commissioner said, was due to lack of transportation facilities. The commission, he assured the operators, had no intention of figuring coal costs down to a cent or five cents. It already was undertaking to determine coal production costs at the request of Secretary Daniels.

When the convention was in session the Senate interstate Commerce Commission continued its hearing of operators and others on the bill giving blanket Goverment authority to fix the price of coal and railroad supplies. Most of the operators who appeared expressed a willingness to submit to reasonable Government regulation, but insisted that they were not responsible for high coal prices and should not be the objects of any punitive legislation.

William H. Mehlich of New York charged that in the city speculators controlled the coal output. It was impossible to get anthracite at all, he said, and the prices of other grades were high.

TILSON DESCRIBES GAS WARFARE TO HOUSE

Demonstrates Use of Gas Masks and Urges Large Grant for Aviation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Expressing the belief that "our road to victory is through the air" Representative John Q. Tilson of Connecticut, a member of the Military Affairs Committee, spoke for an hour in the House today on aviation and the use of gas in the European war. Mr. Tilson brought into the chamber three gas masks, such as are now being used by the Allies, and demonstrated their use.

The spending of a billion dollars or more, if necessary, for aviation was urged by Mr. Tilson, who said that the most vigorous sort of aerial warfare should be conducted against the Germans. Mr. Tilson was not an advocate of "frightfulness," but warned the House that desperate measures must be met by desperate measures.

Mr. Tilson, who served in the Spanish-American war and on the Mexican border, said the United States should put 100,000 airplanes over European battlefields "to blind the eyes of our enemy."

In a recent speech Mr. Tilson told of the invention by a young Pennsylvanian of a fragmentation bomb to be dropped from airplanes which would explode within a few feet of the ground. The final test of this was made a few days ago, and of it Mr. Tilson said:

"The results were highly satisfactory in every respect, and the officers having the matter in charge are quite enthusiastic. This bomb, in my opinion, is sure to be heard from before the war is over."

Mr. Tilson told the House that Pershing's troops would be equipped with gas masks.

"The type adopted by the United States Army for the protection of its troops in Europe," he said, "is of the latest military type in use in the European war."

COMMITTEE VOTES WAR BAN ON BOTH BEER AND WHISKY

Compromise Rejected and Drastic Nation-Wide Prohibition Written Into Food Bill.

PERMITS MAKING OF WINES

But Only to Prevent Waste of Fruits and by Authorization of the President.

BILL OTHERWISE PERFECTED

Extends Control Over Industries—"Bone Dry" Fight Begins on Senate Floor Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—After tightening the liquor restriction so that wine alone might be manufactured in war time, the Senate Committee on Agriculture today reported the much-revised Food Administration bill to the Senate. Owing to prolonged consideration in committee, the bill was not ready until nearly 5 o'clock, and the Senate after receiving it adjourned until tomorrow noon, when debate on the measure will be begun.

The Committee on Agriculture rejected the compromise liquor amendment agreed upon by the sub-committee yesterday, which prohibited the manufacture of beer and wine, but authorized the President to permit their making and use if deemed in the public interest. Instead of giving discretionary power as to beer, the committee eliminated allusion to beer entirely, leaving wine as the only intoxicating drink that may be made for the remainder of the war.

New Prohibition Amendment.

Here are the liquor sections as amended by the committee:

Section 12. That from and after thirty days from the date of the approval of this act no person shall use any foods, food materials, or feeds in the production of alcohol, except for Governmental, industrial, scientific, medicinal, sacramental, or other nonbeverage purposes. Any person who willfully violates this section shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding $5,000, or by imprisonment for not more than two years, or both.

Provided, That whenever the President shall find it necessary to conserve perishable fruits he is empowered to permit the use of such perishable fruits in the manufacture of vinous liquors; and when the question arises as to whether any particular fruit is perishable or nonperishable the President is authorized to determine that question, and his determination shall be conclusive for the purposes of this act.

Provided, further, That the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall be charged with the administration of this section, and he is authorized, with the approval of the President, to require the taking out of such permits, the keeping of such records, the execution of such bonds, and the observance of such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper for the execution of the same.

Section 13. That the President is authorized and directed to commandeer any or all distilled spirits in bond at the date of the approval of this act, for redistillation, in so far as such redistillation may be necessary to meet the requirements of the Government in the manufacture of munitions and other military and hospital supplies, or in so far as such redistillation would dispense with the necessity of utilizing products and materials suitable for foods and feeds in the future manufacture of distilled spirits for the purposes herein enumerated. The President shall determine and pay a just compensation for the distilled spirits so commandeered; and if the compensation so determined be not satisfactory to the person entitled to receive the same, such person shall be paid seventy-five per centum of the amount so determined by the President, and shall be entitled to sue the United States to recover such further sum as, added to said seventy-five per centum, will make up such amount as will be just compensation for such spirits, in the manner provided by Section Twenty-Four, Paragraph Twenty, and Section One Hundred and Forty-Five of the Judicial Code.

Wine as Nation's War Tipple.

If the Agricultural Committee amendment is enacted into law wine will be the nation's war drink, unless the President exercises the discretion given to him to prohibit that, too. The use of whisky in bond is not legislated against, but power is given to the President to commandeer all stocks of distilled spirits, and it is believed that if the Senate passes the drastic amendment against beer the President will take over the whisky. The argument has been advanced in the Senate lobby that to permit whisky to be sold and to prohibit beer would defeat the essential idea of prohibition.

The committee's action in eliminating beer was not expected. The impression in the Senate lobby was that the committee would adopt the compromise reached by the sub-committee. The committee used little time in accepting the revisions made in the bill as to food control, commandeering, purchasing, and licensing. These changes, it was considered, improved the measure so that opposition in the Senate probably would disappear.

But the liquor amendment met with no such sympathy. By a vote of 8 to 7 the committee rejected the compromise adopted by the sub-committee, and then, after much discussion, by a vote of 9 to 7 agreed upon the substitute putting the ban on beer.

Senator Gore, who is Chairman of the Agricultural Committee, said he thought the bill would be passed early next week. An effort is under way to hurry it to a vote by Saturday night, but Sen-

Two Saved from a Zeppelin After a Fall of 13,000 Feet

LONDON, June 27.—When the British recently brought down a Zeppelin on the East Anglian coast they captured two members of the crew, who in a miraculous manner escaped death as the airship plunged to earth. This fact was made known to the newspapers today by the Admiralty.

One of the prisoners is an officer and the other a private. The private sustained broken legs in the fall of the airship, but is recovering. His companion escaped virtually unscathed. The Zeppelin fell from a height of 13,000 feet and was in flames when it reached the ground. How the two Germans escaped death cannot be accounted for.

The above undoubtedly refers to the air raid on the east and southeast coasts of England Sunday morning, June 17, when a Zeppelin was brought down in flames.

HOLLAND STIRRED BY RATIONING PLAN

Still Hopes to Get Food from Us and Doubts if We Will Put On an Embargo.

WASHINGTON IS MOVING

First Recommendations of Exports Council Put in Wilson's Hands Yesterday.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, June 27.—The announcement that rationing of neutrals is to come at last has caused some sensation, but not much surprise, in Holland, where there have been repeated rumors to the same effect for some time.

Today's pacifist Nieuws van den Dag says:

"It was to be expected that the falling away of the United States from the ranks of the neutrals would have unfavorable results for the latter. Before American intervention in the war the powerful North American republic was the champion of the neutrals against both sets of belligerents. Now this powerful nation has become a party to the struggle, and has itself interests conflicting with those of the neutrals, and speedily lets them know it.

"Scandinavia and the Netherlands will naturally be the first to feel the effects of the President's new rationing measures; but we must wait to see how far the United States is really in earnest in this restriction of free purchase. England naturally has every reason to press America along this course, but it is to be doubted whether America will really proceed to put these severe measures in force."

This attempt to throw the onus of all measures affecting Dutch food supplies upon one combatant is characteristic of the attitude of the Dutch press at the present moment. Still more characteristic and actually representing a widespread illusion in Holland is the hint that the American Government does not mean more than half it says.

NATION TO TAKE GRIP ON COAL

First Recommendation Made to Wilson by Exports Council.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The first formal recommendation in regard to the control of exports, on which it is expected that President Wilson will base a proclamation, was signed today by the members of the new Exports Council and placed in the hands of the President. The President's sanction is expected quickly, as he called upon Secretary Redfield at the Department of Commerce soon afterward and discussed the operation of the control machinery.

No information was made public, but it can be said that coal and wheat have been placed on the list. One report said that attention had been given by the Council to bunker coal for cargo-carrying ships. By regulating the amount of the coal which can be taken out of the country the President can control shipping.

Control of shipping through operation of a licensing system for bunker coal was discussed by Secretary Redfield with Chairman Denman of the Shipping Board. The intention of the Government, it is said, is to force ships into necessary trades, and to draw from neutral and allied harbors shipping now held there because of fear of submarine attack.

The Exports Council is prepared to recommend drastic action on various lines as the situation develops. It is expected that among the exports which will be affected will be oil cake and oil cake meal, used for cattle fodder, which have been exported from this country to the neutrals in greatly increased quantities since the outbreak of the war.

The contention is made in some quarters that the heavy exports of this fodder are not only making necessary the use of corn and oats for cattle fodder here, but also driving American cattle to the slaughter house and causing undue increase in the price of milk and butter.

Figures obtained today showed that Sweden, which in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, imported but 5,514,071 pounds of oil cake and oil cake meal, imported 151,082,436 pounds during the first year of the war. Denmark's imports jumped from 547,584,172 pounds to 1,093,826,454 pounds. In the year ending June 30, 1914, Germany obtained from this country 270,000,000 pounds of this fodder, and obtained a great supply also from Argentina and other countries. This was cut off by the blockade of Great Britain.

FRANCE'S EXPENSES MOUNT.

Nearly Two Billion Dollars Needed for Third Quarter of 1917.

PARIS, June 27.—France will require for the third quarter's expenses $1,968,000,000, or about $43,600,000 more than for the second quarter of 1917, making total appropriations for thirty-eight months of $19,766,400,000.

These are the totals which will be submitted to the Senate tomorrow by M. Millies-Lacroix, General Reporter of the Appropriations Committee. He is authority for the statement that more than 20 per cent. of the appropriations already made have not been disbursed, although they have been allocated. Upward of $1,300,000,000 of the total has been advanced to France's allies.

FOR TIRED PEOPLE.
Hostetter's Anti-Fhosphates. Is very bene-

U-BOAT SINKINGS SHOW FALLING OFF FROM LAST WEEK

Only 28 British Merchantmen Sunk, Against a Total of 32 in Previous Seven Days.

FEWER LARGER SHIPS LOST

American Sailing Ship Galena Is Destroyed by a Bomb Off the French Coast.

LINER IS SUNK OFF BOMBAY

P. & O. Steamer Mongolia Hits a Mine—Five Other Ships Are Reported Victims of U-Boats.

LONDON, June 27.—Twenty-one British vessels of more than 1,600 tons each and seven under 1,600 tons were sunk by mines or submarines last week, according to the weekly statement of losses issued by the Admiralty this evening. No fishing vessels met with disaster. The statement reads:

Arrivals, 2,875; sailings, 2,923.

British merchant ships over 1,600 tons, including one previously, sunk by mine or submarine, 21; under 1,600 tons, including one previously, seven.

British merchant ships unsuccessfully attacked, including seven previously, 22.

The above statement shows a falling off in the sinkings of British vessels from the announcement of last week, which recorded the loss of thirty-two vessels, twenty-seven of more than 1,600 tons, and five in the smaller division. The number of ships reported sunk in last night's announcement by the Admiralty is the smallest in the last three weekly bulletins.

BOMB SINKS THE GALENA.

American Sailer Was Refitted Since the War Began.

LONDON, June 27.—The American sailing ship Galena, of 1,048 tons, was sunk by a bomb on June 25 off Ushant Island, (off the coast of France, twenty-six miles northwest of Brest.) Fifteen survivors were taken to Brest. There were no casualties.

A Central News dispatch from Copenhagen says the Norwegian steamship Kong Haakon, of 2,231 tons, has been sunk by a German submarine and that only six of the crew were saved.

The Norwegian steamship Maggie, of 1,118 tons, has been sunk in the Atlantic. The crew was saved.

BOMBAY, India, June 27.—The Peninsular and Oriental Liner Mongolia struck a mine and sank off Bombay on June 23. Some of the passengers and crew have arrived here. The mails are believed to have been lost.

The Mongolia was bound from London. It is not known yet whether all the passengers and crew were saved.

The Mongolia, a vessel of 9,505 tons, was built in 1903 at Greenock. She was 526 feet long, had a 58-foot beam and a 24-foot depth of hold.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Sinking of the Danish steamer Gunhild of 966 tons was reported to the State Department today. Survivors said the steamer was torpedoed without warning and sank before lifeboats could be lowered. Five of the crew were drowned. One was killed by the propeller. A British destroyer rescued the remainder of the crew and two passengers twenty minutes after the ship was struck. There were no Americans aboard.

The Greek steamship N. Hadzikyriakos was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine about 300 miles off the English coast on May 31 with a loss of twenty-two lives, it was announced here yesterday by D. J. Theophilatos, agent here for the owners. The vessel, of 2,533 tons, was on her way from South America to England. Word of the destruction reached here in a cablegram from the chief engineer, one of the three survivors.

The submarine fired two torpedoes, according to the cablegram, the first missing the steamship and the second penetrating the engine room and causing an explosion. All but two men reached lifeboats successfully, but some were drowned or died from exposure during the next forty hours. The three survivors, picked up by an English ship, were rescued a second time when a submarine sank the vessel they were on. A British cruiser took them into an English port.

The American ship Galena, which has been sunk off the coast of France, was formerly the barkentine Foohng Suey. She left here March 22 with cargo for Rouen, France, and carried a crew of eighteen men. She was commanded by Captain P. V. Marshall. According to the records of the United States Commissioner of Shipping here there were eight American citizens aboard.

4 U-BOATS NEAR SILVERSHELL.

Wireless Operator Says the Only One Which Attacked Was Sunk.

Additional details of the sinking of a German submarine off the coast of Sardinia on May 30 by the American oil tanker Silvershell were told yesterday by H. T. Mapes, the senior wireless operator on the steamship, who arrived recently from a French port.

According to Mapes, the Silvershell sighted four submarines in all. The first U-boat was seen on the evening of May 29 and submerged before the after gun could be trained on her. The three others were sighted on the following afternoon. Two of these submerged, and the attack was made on the tanker by the fourth submarine shortly after 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Silvershell fired thirty-five shots against forty shrapnel shells that were fired at her by the enemy gun. One of the last shells from the tanker struck the U-boat amidships, Mapes said, and

FIRST AMERICAN TROOPS REACH FRANCE, SETTING RECORD FOR QUICK MOVEMENT; FRANTIC CROWDS CHEER THEIR LANDING

125 American Airplane Experts Reach England; Units of Lumbermen Also There to Begin War Work

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The Aircraft Production Board announced today the safe arrival at a British port of a group of nearly 125 experts, sent from this country to acquire and bring back to the United States all possible information regarding aircraft designing and the manufacture of both engines and planes. In the delegation are men representing legal, manufacturing, designing, engineering, military, and naval experience and training.

It will be the duty of this group to gather and bring to America as soon as possible the latest information regarding European aircraft development, which can then be easily made available for American manufacturers. Arrangements have been made through the allied Governments for placing expert American mechanics in the European aircraft plants in whose products the United States is interested.

The National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics and the Aircraft Production Board has made plans for a permanent exhibit of aircraft materials of all kinds, to be established in Washington for the benefit of army and navy engineers and American manufacturers. A building to house the exhibit is being constructed by the Government south of the Smithsonian Institute.

"The Aircraft Production Board has no illusions as to the size and character of the job before it," a statement issued by the board today, says, "but the whole task is one of industrial organization for quantity production, and in this we Americans are above all other nations fitted by experience and tradition to break records."

LONDON, June 27.—Ten units of American Woodmen sent over by New England States and organizations to turn various forests of the United Kingdom into lumber have arrived on English soil.

The complete equipment of the units caused much surprise and occasioned a great deal of favorable comment. The woodmen not only brought with them the necessary machinery, but were fully equipped in every way, even to lubricating oils. Their arrival found them ready to establish their sawmills and begin work at once. The only necessity for their maintenance is raw food, which their own cooks will prepare.

1,400 MORE ENLIST; STILL NEED 50,000

War Department Hopes for Greater Spurt in the Next Few Days to Fill Up Army Ranks.

NEW YORK AGAIN LEADS

Furnishes 245 Recruits of Total Obtained Tuesday—Governor Urges State to Co-operate.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—With recruiting week half gone, War Department officials estimated today that the regular army still is more than 50,000 men short of war strength, the goal it had been hoped to attain by Friday night. On the face of the returns so far, it is apparent that there has been no general response to President Wilson's call for 70,000 volunteers during the week.

Undoubtedly the remaining days of the week will see greater activity, and officials still hope great gains in recruiting totals will result. They believe many hundreds of men of the class called upon by the President are only beginning now to realize the urgency of the call and will not allow recruiting week to go by without offering themselves for their country's service.

Only nine States have completed their quota of war volunteers, and only eight others have their quota 75 per cent. complete. Twenty are below the 50 per cent. line and six are below 25 per cent. Nevada leads the honor roll with her total of war volunteers to date exceeding her quota by a ratio of almost 4 to 1. Vermont has obtained only 79 men in a quota of 710.

The percentages of all the States upon the returns up to Monday night follow: Nevada, 358; Oregon, 172; Utah., 172; Wyoming, 153; Montana, 137; Indiana, 129; Idaho, 109; Illinois, 108; Michigan, 105; Nebraska, 97; Pennsylvania, 95; California, 88; Missouri, 86; Kansas, 84; New Jersey, 79; Iowa, 79; Massachusetts, 76; Colorado, 74; New York, 72; Florida, 65; Washington, 64; Minnesota, 62; South Dakota, 61; Ohio, 59; Texas, 59; Georgia, 59; Kentucky, 50; West Virginia, 50; Oklahoma, 49; Delaware, 47; Connecticut, 45; Arizona, 45; Rhode Island, 43; District of Columbia, 42; Tennessee, 39; North Dakota, 39; Louisiana, 38; Maine, 37; New Hampshire, 35; New Mexico, 31; Wisconsin, 29; Maryland, 26; Virginia, 24; Arkansas, 24; Mississippi, 22; North Carolina, 22; South Carolina, 22, and Vermont, 11.

The returns for Tuesday's recruiting show that only 1,400 men were obtained throughout the country during the day. The daily statement issued by Adjt. Gen. McCain follows:

	Obt'ned June 26.	Total to June 26.		Obt'ned June 26.	Total to June 26.
Alabama	17	1,331	Nebraska	2	2,316
Arizona		137	*Nevada	2	632
Arkansas	12	779	N. Hamp.		302
California	55	4,263	New Jersey	85	4,106
Colorado	9	1,180	New Mex.	1	208
Conn.	16	1,073	New York	245	13,496
Delaware	7	198	North Car.	8	988
Dist. of C.	6	284	North Dak.	9	470
Florida	15	1,004	Ohio	93	5,721
Georgia	18	3,119	Oklahoma	22	1,674
*Idaho	4	712	*Oregon	16	2,231
*Illinois	104	12,326	Penn.	101	14,388
*Indiana	64	7,034	Rhode Isl.	4	469
Iowa	37	3,593	South Car.	2	748
Kansas	10	2,848	South Dak.		710
Kentucky	27	2,327	Tenn.	18	1,699
Louisiana	18	1,297	Texas	50	4,596
Maine	16	580	*Utah	9	1,288
Maryland	31	705	Vermont		79
Mass.	102	5,225	Virginia		1,005
*Michigan	33	5,939	Washing'n	17	1,484
Minnesota	38	2,611	West Va.	11	1,235
Mississippi	8	802	Wisconsin	61	1,350
Missouri	44	5,744	*Wyoming	1	445
*Montana	5	1,026			

*Quota obtained.

Total quota, 183,808

Total obtained June 26, 1,400.

Total obtained since April 1, 127,800.

ALBANY, June 27.—The County Home Defense committees of New York were called upon by Governor Whitman today to co-operate in the work of recruiting for Federal and State military and naval organizations. Their attention was called to the fact that tabulation of returns of the recent State census is producing large numbers of

MOVES TO INSURE MEN SENT TO WAR

Secretary McAdoo Summons Representatives of Life Companies to a Conference.

WOULD SET A PRECEDENT

Federal Bureau May Undertake Task, or Government May Supplement Private Concerns.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 27.—Government life insurance for the officers and men of the United States Army and Navy who serve in France will be discussed at a conference of life insurance experts to be held at the office of Secretary McAdoo here July 2.

The Secretary signed a call today on the leading life insurance companies doing business in the United States to send representatives to the meeting. This action was taken to overcome a condition about which there has been much complaint. It has been found practically impossible for men who expect to go to the firing line to get insurance. Old line companies decline to write such risks owing to the hazard due to submarines and the intensive trench fighting that marks the military operations in Europe.

Hithetto there has been only comparative difficulty in getting insurance for officers and men in the regular army or navy. Rates have not been considered unduly high, and but for the inconvenience of the rule that permits must be obtained for service in tropical countries army men have fared reasonably well at the hands of the insurance companies. In addition to the opportunity to take out insurance for the benefit of families of army and navy men there has been for the last ten years the further advantage of the benefit system maintained by the Government which officers and men are entitled, in case of death in the line of duty, to a payment to their designated beneficiaries of an amount equal to half their yearly pay at the time of death. It is not proposed to alter or repeal the benefit law, in arranging new insurance.

"The war risk insurance bureau of the Treasury Department," said Secretary McAdoo, "is insuring the lives of masters, officers, and seamen of the merchant marine of the United States, and the question has arisen as to how insurance on the livest of the officers and enlisted men of the army and navy can be effected most advantageously, through an extension of the powers of the war risk insurance bureau or through the combined agency or cooperation of the life insurance companies of the United States. It is expected that the discussion at the coming conference will prove of great value in determining the wisest policy to be adopted.

"This is a great problem, and it appeals immediately and instinctively to the highest thought and purpose of the country. Certainly everything possible should be done to give protection to those who are dependent upon the men who give their lives for their country, and to ameliorate the rigors and horrors of war. No organized effort has ever been made by any Government to provide this sort of protection and comforting assurance to its fighting men. Why should not America take the lead in this noble and humane action?

"I earnestly hope that as a result of the measures thus intimated a great system of insurance will be devised which will give to every officer, soldier and sailor in the service of the United States the assurance that some provision is made for the loved ones he leaves behind if he is called upon to make the greatest sacrifice that a patriot can make for his country."

GEN. SIBERT IN COMMAND

Force, Arriving in Two Contingents, Moves to Its Camp.

SEAPORT DECKED IN FLAGS

All Troops in Excellent Shape and Enthusiastic Over the Successful Trip.

CONVOYED IN DANGER ZONE

Pershing Will Join Expedition Today—Its Place at the Front Not Known.

A FRENCH SEAPORT, June 27.—The second contingent of American troops arrived and disembarked this morning.

The troops landed amid the frantic cheers of the people, who had gathered for hours before in anticipation of duplicating yesterday's surprise.

Enthusiasm rose to fever pitch when it was learned that the transports and convoys had successfully passed the submarine zone. The port was speedily beflagged in honor of the occasion.

All the troops now arrived were transferred today to a camp not distant from this point, where Major Gen. William L. Sibert is installed. Thence they probably will go soon to a point near the front. All the troops are in excellent shape, enthusiastic over the successful trip and their reception, and eager for action.

Major Gen. Pershing, the American commander, is expected tomorrow.

The harbor is dotted with convoys. The streets are filled with soldiers in khaki and with bluejackets.

Great numbers of trucks are transporting immense supplies to the camp in which the troops are concentrating.

First of the Mighty Army.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The advance guard of the mighty army the United States is preparing to send against Germany is on French soil tonight. In defiance of the German submarines, thousands of seasoned regulars and marines, trained fighting men with the tan of long service on the Mexican border, or in Haiti or Santo Domingo, still on their faces, have been hastened overseas to fight beside the French, the British, the Belgian, the Russian, the Portuguese, and the Italian troops on the western front.

News of the safe arrival of the troops sent a new thrill through Washington. No formal announcement was made at the War Department. None will be made, probably, until Major Gen. Pershing's official report has been received. Then there may be a statement as to the numbers and composition of the advance guard.

Press dispatches from France, presumably sent forward with the approval of General Pershing's staff, show that Maj. Gen. Sibert, one of the new Major Generals of the army, has been chosen to command the first force sent abroad, under General Pershing as commander in chief of the expedition.

One thing stands out sharply, despite the fact that the size of the task that has been accomplished is not fully revealed as yet. This is that American enterprise has set a new record for the transportation of troops.

Expedition Sets a Record.

Considering the distance to be covered and the fact that all preparations had to be made after the order came from the White House, the night of May 18, it is practically certain that never before has a military expedition of this size been assembled, conveyed, and landed without mishap in so short a time by any nation. It is a good augury of future achievements. The only rival in magnitude is the movement of British troops to South Africa in the Boer war, and that was made overseas that were unhampered by submarines, mines, or other obstacles.

The American forces will be a net gain to the Allies. It will throw no single burden of supply or equipment upon them. The troops will be fed, clothed, armed, and equipped by the United States. Around them at the camp on French soil tonight are being stored supplies that will keep them going for months.

General Pershing and his staff have been busy for days preparing for the arrival of the men. Despite the enormous difficulties of unpreparedness and submarine dangers that faced them, the plans of the Army General Staff have gone through with clocklike precision.

When the order came to prepare immediately an expeditionary force to go to France, virtually all of the men now across th seas were on the Mexican border. General Pershing himself was at his headquarters in San Antonio. There were no army transports available in the Atlantic. The vessels that carried the troops were scattered on their usual routes. Army reserve stores were still depleted from the border mobilization. Regiments were below war strength.

Organizing Pershing's Forces.

[illegible] was the condition when President Wilson decided that the plan of the

French High Commission should be answered and a force of regulars sent at once to France. At this word the War Department began to move. General Pershing was summoned quietly to Washington. His arrival caused some speculation, but at the request of Secretary Baker the newspapers generally refrained from discussion of this point.

There were a thousand other activities afoot in the department at the time—all the business of preparing for the military registration of 10,000,000, of providing quarters and instructors for nearly 50,000 prospective officers, of finding arms and equipment for millions of troops yet to be organized, of expanding the regular army to full war strength, of preparing and recruiting the National Guard for war.

General Pershing dropped quietly into the department and set up the first headquarters of the American expeditionary forces in a little office, hardly large enough to hold himself and his personal staff. There, with the aid of the General Staff, of Secretary Baker and the Chiefs of the War Department Bureaus, the plans were worked out.

Announcement that the force under General Pershing would be sent was made May 18. There came a day when General Pershing was no longer in the department. Officers of the General Staff suddenly were missing from their desks. No word of this was reported. Then came word from England that Pershing and his officers were there. All was carried through without publicity.

Not a Word of Publicity.

Other matters relating to the expedition were carried out without a word of publicity. The regiments that were to go with General Pershing were all selected before he left and moving toward the sea coast from the border. Other regiments also were moving north, east, and west to the points where they were to be expanded, and the movements of the troops who were to be first were obscured in all this hurrying of troop trains over the land.

Great shipments of war supplies began to assemble at the embarkation ports. A great armada was made ready, supplied, equipped as transports, loaded with men and guns and sent to sea, and all with virtually no mention from the press.

The navy bears its full share in the achievement. From the time the troop ships left their docks and headed toward sea, responsibility for the lives of their thousands of men rested upon the officers and crews of the fighting ships that moved beside them or swept free the sea lanes before them. As they pushed on through the days and nights toward the danger zone where German submarines lay in wait, every precaution that trained minds of the navy could devise was taken. And the news from France today shows that the plans were well laid.

While his troops were embarking or steaming toward their destination, General Pershing and his staff, supplemented by a special corps of General Staff officers, have been busy in France preparing the way for the new army that is to fling itself soon against the German lines. The camp sites have been selected. The details of the final training to be given before the move to the front begins have been worked out, and the question of supply and transportation lines has been studied. Regiments of the national army, composed of railway workers and engineers, will aid in that work. They, too, have been created in a few weeks' time.

Disposition of the Troops.

The War Department has no announcement to make as to General Pershing's disposition of his forces. Presumably that has been left to him to decide in conference with the French General Staff and officials of the British Army.

The reference in the cable dispatches to a duplication of "yesterday's surprise," intimating that there was also a landing yesterday, passed without comment here, but obviously disclosed a landing of a contingent not recorded in yesterday's dispatches.

General Pershing's men will operate under his supreme command, not under that of the French Generalissimo, or of General Haig, the ranking British commander on the western front. No official announcement of the instructions given to General Pershing has been made public, but it is definitely understood that his forces will maintain their own separate line of supplies and communications from the United States. The American army will operate with the British and French, but this co-operation, it is understood, will not in any way affect the independent character of the command.

Elaborate preparations have been made by the Government for handling of the great volume of mail that will pass between the troops of America's expeditionary forces and home. Postmaster General Burleson announced tonight the appointment of Marcus H. Bunn of the department at Washington as United States Army postal agent in Europe.

Rates on army mail to and from France have been reduced by the department, so that the cost is the same as for mail between points in this country. Branch and mobile post offices will be established in the field for delivery and receipt of mail, the sale of stamps, and the issuance of money orders.

United States postage stamps will alone be valid for the prepayment of postage on mail of the troops. All letters should be addressed to the division, regiment, company, and organization to which the addressee belongs, but designation of the location of the unit will not be permitted.

MARINES DEPARTED QUIETLY.

Their Leaving for the Front Was Like an Everyday Affair.

When United States Marines, commanded by Colonel Charles A. Doyen, departed for France from an Atlantic seaport, the only ceremony attending the leave-taking was a brief speech by Maj. Gen. George Barnett, Commandant of the Marine Corps, to the field and company officers. No colors were unfurled. No reporters or press photographers were present. No drums or bugles sounded.

The regimental bandsmen went to war with their instruments cased and with rifles over their shoulders. On the parade grounds a sailor baseball nine from one of the battleships was practicing. The marines slipped away so quietly that the ball players did not know until afterward that they had missed seeing the departure of men bound for the battle front.

At 2:30 o'clock of the afternoon of the departure the baseball players had the parade ground all to themselves, and no one was in sight on the street in front of the home of the post commander of Marines but a small boy in rompers, playing with a fox terrier. A few seconds later the head of a column of soldiers of the sea in khaki and in heavy marching order swung into the brick-paved street in front of the post commander's house, stepping along so briskly that the sound of their shoes upon the pavement was more like a crackle than a tread.

The Major General Commandant and a little group of other officers from headquarters took up posts on the turf of the parkway beside the curb. A sergeant of Marines in khaki came trotting across the parade ground, set up a motion picture camera, and began to crank. Another sergeant was snapping "stills" as the column came to a halt and faced about toward the group of officers.

The company officers of the battalion stepped out in front of Major Gen. Barnett and saluted. For half a minute the corps' commandant addressed them. He spoke in an everyday conversational tone which could not be heard a dozen yards away, and his message was simply that he trusted that the Marines who were setting out that day to fight under General Pershing would stanchly uphold the high traditions of the corps.

The officers saluted and marched back to their places. The battalion stood at rigid attention for a moment. Then, with a snap, rifles jumped to shoulders, squads swung into column formation, and the line passed swiftly on down the street to the gate of the navy yard.

No cheering crowd greeted the men as they emerged at the gateway; and only a handful of civilians saw them board a train of day coaches for a near-by port. The sun-browned fighting men, all veterans of campaigning in Hayti and Santo Domingo, waved their campaign hats from the windows as the train pulled out, but neither they nor their friends indulged in any cheering. The regimental mascot, a small black goat, stuck his head out of a window and looked around with mild curiosity, but maintained his dignity like a veteran.

The departure of this first battalion had not stirred the least ripple of excitement. Half an hour or so later another battalion marched briskly down the same brick street from the end of a tree-lined vista and formed in the parade grounds. The bluejacket nine was still at its baseball practice; the marines were at the far end of the field—too distant to demand particular attention. A third battalion formed and stacked arms in front of the barracks.

Presently, without so much as a bugle note for warning, the two battalions picked up their arms and defiled out of sight back of a screen of shade trees.

A quarter of an hour later a rumor came to the bluejacket ball players that the Marines were boarding ship. The player beside the home plate dropped his bat and ran toward the street, his team mates close behind him. But they were too late to catch even a glimpse of the rearguard. The Marines, just as swiftly and quietly as if they were on their way to Haiti, Santo Domingo, Vera Cruz, or Nicaragua, had departed. Setting out for the front is an everyday affairs with the Marines, and they don't believe in kicking up a fuss about it.

HAVRE TO CELEBRATE JULY 4.

Municipal Council Takes Action in Honor of America.

HAVRE, France, June 27.—The Mayor at a meeting of the Municipal Council last evening read a proclamation calling upon the people of Havre to celebrate the Fourth of July in honor of the United States.

The Council approved the proclamation unanimously.

LOTI PRAISES AMERICANS.

Compliments Us as Allies in American Number of L'Illustration.

PARIS, June 27.—Pierre Loti, in the American number of L'Illustration, which will be published Saturday, concludes a long article on the devastated region of France, with an invitation to neutrals to come and look at it, thus:

"I have no need to ask Americans to come, for here they are magnificently on the way. They are coming with gold, soldiers, and explosives to succor civilization, and liberty. They are far more admirable than would have been the last neutrals of Europe who might finally decide to join us, because they were as yet only distantly menaced. The ocean preserved them at least for a time against the tentacles of the great German devilfish, and if they arose in arms it was in superb grim indignation, in the pure sentiment of union and justice.

"When I was in America my Oriental soul was somewhat frightened by their modernism, by their feverish speculation, and progress. Perhaps I was unable to see that they were capable of such idealism, such disinterestedness. I hope they will pardon me and give me the joy of being here the humble interpreter of our profound and sympathetic admiration."

REFUSES BANTAM REGIMENT.

War Department Also Says Rules Are Not Rigidly Applied.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The War Department has been urged in a letter from a person whose name has been withheld to form "bantam regiments" for the army, but will not follow the suggestion because it is not in favor of the formation of special regiments. The idea of the writer of the letter is that these regiments should be composed of men under the size and weight required by the recruiting boards.

"It has been scientifically proven that little men are the best fighters," the letter argues, "and that they do not fatigue as quickly as big men and rally from fatigue in a shorter time than their larger brothers. The world's wars have been fought and won by little men, and the histories of the nations have told of and lauded those whose only bigness was in their ability to dare and do. Yes, the writer is a little man, weighing about 115 pounds, measuring 5 feet and 5 inches in height, but every pound and every inch a man.

"If you will give me the authority to raise a regiment of little men, (a bantam regiment,) I will get them together in a short time and guarantee that they will do more effective fighting in twenty-four hours than a like number of big men can do in a week."

In a statement issued through the Bureau of Public Information tonight the attitude of the War Department toward men below the average minimum weight and height required for recruits was set forth as follows:

"The regulation that enlisted men of 21 years or older shall be at minimum 5 feet 4 inches in height and 120 pounds in weight is more flexibly applied than is generally believed. The recruiting officers who accept enlistments and the medical officers who make physical examinations have instructions not to reject any man who appears to be a 'a good risk.' In other words, the passing of an applicant into service is to an extent left to the common sense of the examiners. Men under 21 are given an allowance of weight and height, and 'bantams' who display the fighting spirit and bodily fitness characteristic of the barnyard warrior are welcomed into the army, despite superficial drawback of inferior size."

Chosen as Pershing's Interpreter.

MARLBORO, Mass., June 27.—Alvin F. Sanborn, for many years correspondent at Paris for American newspapers, was notified at the home of his family here today of his appointment as chief interpreter at General Pershing's headquarters in France. He left immediately for New York. Mr. Sanborn came to this country two weeks ago to receive from Amherst College the degree of Doctor of Literature. He served in the French Army two years until discharged for physical reasons.

Our Officers for Italian Front.

UDINE, Italy, June 26, (Delayed.)—Arrangements are being made to accommodate an American military mission which is expected to come to the Austro-Italian front to follow the war operations. Missions from others of Italy's allies are also expected. It is understood that an American Red Cross section is to come to the Italian front.

Porto Ricans to Register July 5.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Registration Day in Porto Rico was fixed for July 5 in a proclamation issued today by President Wilson.

ARMY RECRUITS HERE FAR BEHIND QUOTA

Only 632 of 2,500 Men Expected to Enlist in New York This Week in Sight.

NEED 620 VOLUNTEERS A DAY

Colonel R. D. Walsh Hopeful That the Arrival of Our Troops in France Will Aid Work.

The news yesterday of the arrival of American troops in France was said by Colonel R. D. Walsh, in charge of army recruiting in New York, last night to be the strongest kind of an argument for young Americans who want to fight for their country to enlist at once. He pointed out that other American contingents were to be sent to France soon and that the man who enlisted now had six months' start in the direction of the French front over the man who is conscripted for the army.

Colonel Walsh hopes that the landing of the American troops in France will arouse the young men of New York. This city's quota of the 70,000 men for whom President Wilson asked in his call for volunteers is 2,500. Up to last night, at the end of a half a week of Army Recruiting Week, the city had registered about one-half of its share, or 572 men. In addition to 166 enlistments yesterday, 60 men passed the physical examinations and are slated to join the colors. The city will have to furnish 620 men a day for the next three days in order to supply the quota.

The various organizations that are boosting army recruiting week redoubled their efforts yesterday. Meetings were held during the day in Union Square, Madison Square, and on the steps of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church. Last night the clergymen held meetings on various street cornars.

One hundred and ten recruits for the navy left New York last night by boat for Newport, where they will go into training. The recruits were the guests at luncheon at Lussier's Restaurant in West Forty-third Street, given by the Women's Auxiliary for Naval Recruiting.

The Midday Minute Men announced yesterday that on Monday they obtained 27 recruits for the army, on Tuesday 13, and yesterday 12.

Gustave F. Touchard, the tennis star, left New York yesterday for Canada to train as an aviator, after he had been rejected by the United States aviation enlisting officers.

Jack Binns, the wireless operator, who had been employed on The New York American, joined the British Royal Flying Corps yesterday and left for a training station in Canada. Binns told the English recruiting officers that he knew that Germany was preparing for war against Great Britain years ago, because from April, 1905, to July of 1908 he had been a wireless operator on German ships. He told them that the wireless apparatus on the German ships was controlled by a Belgian concern, and that there were ten English, two Italian, one Belgian, one Icelander, and a number of Danish wireless men employed on German ships. In 1908 at the time of the Morocco crisis, Binns said, the Germans asked the Belgian concern to discharge the British, Italian, and Belgian operators, stating that in the event of war between Great Britain and Germany the British operators would refuse to tell the German Captains when war was declared, if they received the information at sea, and that consequently the German ships would be captured by British warships.

PLATTSBURG PAYDAY TODAY

Half the Students to Receive First Installments of Salaries.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., June 27.—Tomorrow half the students from each regiment at the training camp will receive their first installment of their $100 a month pay. It is expected that the remainder will be paid off Friday. Many men whose attendance at the encampment either curtailed or stopped their incomes, have reached their financial limit, while others have lent money to those in need.

Eight more instructors have been detailed to Plattsburg. Captain W. H. Waldron, who was a company officer at last year's civilian camp, and First Lieutenant Leroy Browne arrived today from the Canal Zone. The students' work this week may be divided into four classes—disciplinary, rifle range practice, field sketching, and artillery instruction. Captain H. J. Koehler, in today's physical exercises, added a new feature requiring all the men in the camp simultaneously to give the commands and counts as they performed their exercises. Other companies engaged in close-order drill on the parade ground adopted the system. The result sounded like organized cheering at a foot ball game.

Although the candidates are now firing at the 500-yard targets on the rifle range, their instructors are laying especial emphasis on rifle practice on the 200 and 300-yard distances. Except for men trained to become sharpshooters, the practice at ranges longer than 300 yards is said to be useless for trench warfore. Furthermore, as the Plattsburg candidates will be officers unequipped with the rifle, all the range practice they need will be to fit them to instruct their commands in rifle fire.

EXEMPTION BOARDS TO HAVE BROAD POWERS

War Department Regulations Will Map Out Only General Procedure for the Local Bodies.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Rigid adherence to the policy laid down in the National Army Selective Draft law, of placing the question of exemptions in the hands of local boards, is expected to characterize the exemption regulations to be made public by the War Department, in a few days.

It is understood that the regulations will map out only the general procedure of the boards. It is regarded as certain that no specific class exemptions will be provided for, and that each man will be appraised on his individual occupation and physical capacity when he is summoned before the local boards.

As a matter of course, no man with serious physical defects will be called upon for military service. Crippled or defective persons among those who were registered, were noted at the time, and it is possible they already have been dropped from the rolls. The judgment of the civilian doctors who are attached to local exemption boards as to the ability of any individual to bear the hardships of a soldier's life, will be a determining factor.

Married men will not be exempted as a class. In each case the object of the board will be to determine whether the dependency of wife, children or other relatives upon any man is so complete as to warrant his rejection as a soldier.

Provost Marshal General Crowder made public today this ruling, in reply to a number of inquiries:

"If a person is registered in two jurisdictions, he may file with the local board to which he elects to present an application to cancel his registration an affidavit signed by him stating that his domicile is in another jurisdiction, and may apply for an order to be entered canceling his resignation.

"If his application and affidavit are accompanied by the affidavit of the clerk of the other local board stating that his registration card is in the possession of the local board of which the affiant is clerk, an order may be entered by the board to which such application is made canceling his registration in that jurisdiction."

TWO MONTHS' WORK IN CENSUS TABULATION

Hundreds of Young Women Sorting Out Names According to Military and Economic Values.

When the State Military Census closed finally last night it was estimated that not much more than 1,100 names had been added to the lists yesterday throughout the city. All of the forty-two special registration stations, which had been kept open on Tuesday and yesterday to permit registration of those who had failed to appear during the regular period that ended on Monday night, reported few applicants, but the exact returns were not received at the headquarters, 261 Broadway.

Revised figures of the estimated returns in the city, which were placed at 3,000,000, will not be forthcoming until accurate tabulations are completed. This may take a week. At the State headquarters, 47 Lafayette Street, it was said that the returns for the whole State probably would reach a total of 6,000,000 names.

At the office of Captain G. G. Henry, State Director of Census, it was said that the work of tabulation and sorting the returns, according to military and occupational values, will take about two months. Hundreds of young women, most of whom are recent graduates of teachers' training schools, were handling the sheets yesterday at the rate of 50,000 daily. It is expected that this work will be gradually speeded up to more than 100,000 daily.

Assistant Director McCall said that the trained teachers were proving themselves to be the most competent persons who could be found for this work. They work in two sections, from 8 to 4 and 4 to 10 o'clock, for which they are receiving only $10 a week. These girls are classifying the cards in the thousands of occupational groups—from a "backwalker" in a paper mill to a "trouble-finder" in telephone and telegraph work.

An average of 100 persons have been applying daily this week for duplicate registration cards, which they said were lost, many of them with money and purses. All but a few of the shirkers for whom subpoenas were issued appeared yesterday and were permitted to register after their excuses were found satisfactory.

Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman, the anarchists, who are on trial in the Federal Court for opposing the draft law, are the only two persons temporarily excused from registration. Although Berkman and Miss Goldman claim residence in other States, they may be forced to register here after their trial.

VENIZELOS CABINET TAKES OATH OF OFFICE

People of Athens Acclaim New Government—Premier Is Also Minister of War.

ATHENS, June 27.—The new Greek Ministry, headed by Eleutherios Venizelos, took the oath at the palace today, and was acclaimed by an enthusiastic crowd on returning to the Government Building, where M. Venizelos delivered a speech from a balcony, warmly thanking the people for their plaudits. Strong military precautions had been taken to prevent possible disorders, but they proved unnecessary, as the malcontents showing themselves were in a small minority.

The new ministry is made up as follows:

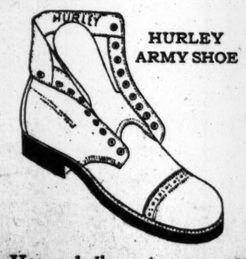
Premier and Minister of War—M. VENIZELOS.
Minister of the Interior—M. REPOULIES.
Minister of Justice—M. TSIRIMOKOS.
Minister of Foreign Affairs—M. POLITIS.
Minister of Marine—Admiral P. COUNDOURIOTIS.
Minister of Finance—M. MICHSALACOPOUDOS.
Minister of Agriculture—M. NEGROPONTES.
Minister of Communications—M. PAPANASTASION.
Minister of Education—M. DINGAS.
Minister of Food Supplies—M. EMBIRKOS.
Minister of Relief for Refugees—M. SIMOS.

The resignation of Premier Zaimis was occasioned by his decision that he could not assume responsibility for convocation of the Parliament of May 31, 1915, which King Constantine dissolved. M. Jonnart, diplomatic representative of the Allies, demanded the assembling of this Parliament, in which M. Venizelos had a majority. In resigning M. Zaimis announced that King Alexander was willing to comply with all the demands of the Entente.

Proceedings have been instituted against the ringleaders in the recent demonstration.

HURLEY SHOES
"NONE SO GOOD"
"THE TRENCHER"

Especially built for military use—ideal not only for the soldier, but for all rough outdoor wear.



HURLEY ARMY SHOE

Has a bellows tongue, preventing water from leaking through eyelets. A cork filling between outer and inner sole and viscolized bottom, a double prevention against dampness.

HURLEY SHOES
1434 Broadway 1357 Broadway
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NEW DESTROYER SHAW MAKES RECORD DASH

Arrives from Pacific Coast in Less Than Fifteen Days and Is Now in War Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Completing a record run from a Pacific Coast port to an Atlantic port—approximately 5,858 miles—in 14 days, 10 hours, and 20 minutes, the United States destroyer Shaw, constructed on the Pacific Coast, reported ready for immediate service, and a few hours later proceeded to the station to which she had been assigned. The Shaw made a record-breaking passage through the Panama Canal—5 hours and 45 minutes. The best previous time was 6 hours and 20 minutes.

With less than five days' preliminary shaking-down work at sea, the Shaw left the Pacific Coast port on May 25 at 4:10 P. M. and arrived at its Atlantic destination at 2:30 A. M. June 9, making the following records en route: 487 miles, 24 1-10 hours; 2,945 miles, 174½ hours; 1,785 miles, 91 3-10 hours.

The average cruising speed was 18 knots an hour, including stops. The average otherwise was 15 4-10 knots, an easy gait for the Shaw, which is capable of 30 knots an hour.

Secretary Daniels has written a letter of commendation to the officer under whose supervision the destroyer was constructed, saying:

"The Shaw's immediate readiness for service after her completion is a matter of great satisfaction to the department, and the department extends its commendation to all who had to do with the construction of the Shaw."

The keel of the Shaw was laid in February, 1916, and she was completed in about fifteen months.

PERCY GRAINGER NOW PLAYS IN ARMY BAND

Noted Pianist and Composer Joins Fort Totten Organization and Makes Music on the Oboe.

Percy Grainger, the pianist and composer, is playing the oboe in an army band. He enlisted the other day and has been assigned as third-class musician at $30 a month to the band of the Coast Artillery, stationed at Fort Totten. He is accustomed to earn $1,000 a week.

Born in Australia, Mr. Grainger has taken out his first citizenship papers in this country. He loves America; that is why he joined the army. His flowing locks were clipped as close as any other recruits.

"Yes, I'm in an army band, and I'm very happy about it," he said yesterday. "I have very much wished to give any musical gift I had to this country which I love. Also I wanted to enlist under Resta, the band leader here, who is a brilliant musician."

It is not too much to expect that it may be Mr. Grainger who will write the "Tipperary" of the American forces. He is much interested in folk songs and music, and the brass band, he believes, furnish the folk music of Uncle Sam.

For some time Mr. Grainger had planned to give hte receipts from his concerts to the Red Cross. It is is permitted, he will continue to give benefits. He gas one at the home of Henry P. Davison, head of the Red Cross War Council, last Saturday, and is scheduled to give one at Mill Brook for the British and American Red Cross on next Saturday.

1,400 MORE ENLIST; STILL NEED 50,000

Continued from Page 1.

names of men in every county who have signified a desire to enlist.

These names are being sent to the Chairmen of the Home Defense committees by the Adjutant General's office.

BELL ADMONISHES TROOPS.

Advises New York Engineers as to Bevavior in France.

Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, commanding the Department of the East, reviewed the First New York Engineers and a regiment of the Coast Artillery made up of companies from Fort Totten and Fort Schuyler, on the parade grounds at Fort Totten yesterday afternoon. Colonel William G. Haan, commandant of that reservation, issued an invitation to the public to witness the review and many friends of the engineers were among the spectators. General Bell in addressing the soldiers, said:

"In a short time the most of you will be in Europe and probably by and by all of you. You must, every one of you, remember that each soldier will be the representative of this country while over there. Do not base your standard of obligation on what you may expect of others, but remember that you should conduct yourself in a manner fitting the representatives of this great and altruistic nation.

"The American soldier is liberally paid and does not have to stoop to petty things. Pay for everything you get and in your attitude to the French be as generous as you can.

"Dismiss from your mind any idea that you are doing an unrighteousness thing by engaging in war. If a country believes that principles are not worth fighting for that country will soon have nothing to fight for. We are engaging in this war for the principles which we all hope will triumph."

General Bell delivered his speech from a platform at a corner of the parade grounds and the soldiers of the two regiments listened attentively.

BAN IS VOTED ON BEER AND WHISKY

Continued from Page 1.

ator Chamberlain regarded that as unlikely.

Nothwithstanding these optimistic views, the possibility of a filibuster because of the drastic prohibition proposal is being considered. Some Senate leaders say that the prohibition fight probably will be long and one of the most strenuous in the Senate's history, with alignment extremely close on the question of stopping the manufacture of beer.

In extending the scope of the legislative and the President's powers the committee adopted amendments which would provide for Government control, in addition to foods, feeds, and fuels, of iron, steel, copper, lead, and their products, farm implements and machinery, fertilizers and binding twine materials.

Other important amendments approved would authorize the Government to take over and operate factories, packing houses, oil wells, and mines, regulating wages of their employes, and to commandeer supplies of any and every kind when needed for the army and navy "or any other public use connected with the public defense."

Another would empower the Government to buy and sell, for general civilian purposes food,s feeds, and fuels, with limitation on the general legislation making it apply to agencies and products in interstate and foreign commerce.

In rewriting and extending the bill the committee adopted a new amendment, aimed to prevent Government employes or officers from selling their own materials to the Government. It declares it to be unlawful "for any person acting either as a voluntary or paid agent or employe of the Government in any capacity, including an advisory capacity to any commission, board, or council, to attempt to procure or make any contract for the purchase of any supplies for the use of the Government, either from himself, from any firm of which he is a member, or corporation of which he is an officer or stockholder, or in which he has any financial interest," under penalties of a $10,000 fine and five years imprisonment.

COLONEL LIMITS PROHIBITION.

Would Merely Restrict Grain to Food Uses During the War.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., June 27.—No grain useful as food should be utilized in the manufacture of alcoholic drinks during the war, in the opinion of Theodore Roosevelt. When questioned tonight concerning his attitude toward the prohibition proposals now before Congress, the Colonel refused to make any comment, but referred inquirers to a speech made by him in Mineola on April 21 last. In that speech the Colonel, addressing the Long Island Food Reserve Battalion, said:

"When we are threatened with a shortage of foodstuffs, as is apparent in the country-wide crop reports today, and when it is our duty to supply food to our allies to our utmost ability, we should see that grain needed for food is not diverted to the manufacture of intoxicants. Most of the belligerent nations of Europe have taken up this problem and settled it. Let us begin at once to see to it that our grain is kept for food and not put into alcoholic beverages."

It is to be understood that limitation advocated by Colonel Roosevelt does not include grapes and hops, which he holds are not essentially foodstuffs. Wines and beers do not come under his ban, except that he would cause to be discontinued the use of grain in the manufacture of beer.

Expects a Decrease in German Gold.

AMSTERDAM, June 27.—The Frankfurter Zeitung says that there are indications that the next returns of the Imperial Bank of Germany will show a considerable decrease in the stock of gold. Some of the German newspapers recently advocated the exportation of gold for the purpose of raising the exchange value of the mark.

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opened by
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FRENCH CAPTURED CAVE OF THE DRAGON

Shells and Gas Drove Germans from Huge Underground Shelter Near Hurtebise.

MUCH BOOTY IS SEIZED

Attackers' Entire Casualties Fewer Than Number of Prisoners Taken—British Make Raids.

By The Associated Press.

FRENCH FRONT IN FRANCE, June 27.—A French military chaplain figured prominently with the French troops in the brilliantly successful attack yesterday on the Dragon's Cave on the Chemin des Dames, in the neighborhood of Hurtebise. While advancing with a stretcher-bearer detachment, the chaplain was confronted by the fearsome figure of a German officer, whose clothing was aflame. The chaplain raised a crucifix and offered religious comfort to the burning man, who pointed to the rear, where another German officer was creeping out of a hole.

The chaplain, still holding the crucifix aloft, advanced, shouting to the Germans to surrender. The officer replied: "We are ready, but will only surrender to an officer." A French officer approached and entered the cavern, where 150 Germans, including three officers, laid down their arms.

Where the action occurred was the scene of an ambuscade of the French in the beginning of 1915, which resulted in considerable French losses. When the French attacked on this occasion the position was a peculiar one. The southern entrance of the enormous cavern, between Grotto Farm and the monument commemorative of the Napoleonic victory there in 1814, was held by the French. The northern entrance was held by the Germans. The cavern was 500 feet long and 300 feet broad. Across it the Germans had built a brick wall. Above, on the ridge, the French and German trenches were separated by only a few yards. The French objective was to drive the Germans from the cavern and gain the observation points on the surface.

The German trenches were won in a flank attack. While the southern entrance was filled with gas, which penetrated to the German section, the northern exit was shelled and showered with machine-gun bullets. The operation succeeded beyond all expectations, and resulted in the capture of 340 prisoners, including a number of officers. The French now hold all the dominating points on this part of the Chemin des Dames.

The prisoners came in batches, with hands held high in the air, and shouting, "The war is over." The entire French casualties during the operation were fewer than the number of German prisoners taken, while everywhere evidences were found that the Germans had suffered heavy losses in killed.

Artillery Rages Near Hurtebise.

PARIS, June 27.—Heavy artillery fighting continues along the eastern end of the Chemin des Dames, where the French yesterday captured a strong German position known as the Dragon's Cavern. The Germans have as yet attempted no counterattack on the captured position, the War Office announced this afternoon.

The text of the afternoon statement follows:

Spirited artillery fighting continued in the vicinity of the Hurtebise monument. The Germans made no further attacks on the positions which we took from them in that region on Monday.

According to information now at hand, among the positions which we captured on that day is the "Cavern of the Dragon," more than 100 metres wide and about 300 metres deep, which had been converted into a veritable fortress. This cavern, with numerous exits and openings from which machine guns were fired, constituted an important armed position and point of departure for enemy troops in making counterattacks. A considerable amount of war material was stored there, including nine machine guns in good condition, equipment for more than 300 men, numerous rifles, ammunition depots, and electric searchlights, and a hospital relief outpost, which fell into our hands. The number of prisoners counted has reached 340, of whom six are officers.

In Champagne the enemy made a surprise attack west of Mount Carnillet. It was repulsed by our fire. We penetrated the German lines near Maisons-de-Champagne, and brought back ten prisoners.

At about 8 o'clock last night German aviators threw several bombs on Nancy. No damage was done and there were no casualties.

The official communication issued tonight reads:

The artillery on both sides was active in the region of Hurtebise and Craonne, on the heights south of Moronvilliers and in the Avocourt sector. There was no infantry action.

British Down Six Airplanes.

LONDON, June 27.—The official report from British Headquarters in France tonight reads as follows:

A hostile raiding party was repulsed early this morning north of Roeux after sharp fighting, in which the enery suffered considerable loss.

Much successful work was accomplished by our airplanes yesterday. In the air fighting five German machines were brought down. Two others were driven down out of control. In addition, one hostile machine was shot down by fire from the ground. None of our airplanes is missing.

The early statement said:

Another hostile counterattack attempted early this morning against our new positions northwest of Fontaine-les-Croisilles was prevented from developing by our artillery.

We made a successful raid west of Oppy and captured a few prisoners. A raid attempted by the enemy southwest of La Bassée was stopped by our fire.

Berlin Admits British Gain.

BERLIN, June 27, (via London.)—There has been somewhat of a letup in the artillery fire along the front of Crown Prince Rupprecht, (the British front in France and Belgium,) Army Headquarters announced today. British forces attacked in the Lens salient, but were repulsed. An advance trench astride the Arras-Lens road was occupied by them.

There was, as a rule, only moderate artillery activity on the Aisne and Champagne fronts.

The text of today's statement reads:

Front of Crown Prince Rupprecht—During bad observation conditions the activity of the opposing artilleries was less than on recent days. Only in isolated sectors did the fire temporarily increase.

During the morning British forces attacking the Lens salient were repulsed with heavy losses. The enemy occupied a fortified trench on both sides of the Arras-Lens Road.

Near Fontaine advances by enemy detachments were unsuccessful. Attacks by reconnoitering detachments at various places on the Arras front failed.

Front of the German Crown Prince—Aside from strong fire northwest of Craonelle and on both sides of the Corbeny-Berry-au-Bac Road the fighting activity remained within moderate limits.

Front of Duke Albrecht—There were no important events.

YOUTHS OF 1918 CLASS CAPTURED BY BRITISH

Young Specially Trained "Sturmtruppen" Make Poor Showing in Fighting at Bullecourt.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, June 27.—No further change has taken place on either side of Lens. The Canadian patrols who advanced through La Coulotte yesterday morning and the English troops who seized Hill 65 Sunday night have prepared for any attempt to dislodge them, and the enemy is strengthening his defences around Lens before he is forced to return from Avion, where he is still suffering from the British gun fire.

It seems to me practically certain that he will not abandon Lens itself until other events force him to a general strategic retreat. It is a great stronghold of defence providing good cover among its warrens of workmen's dwellings for machine guns and field guns. So this story of Lens may drag out for some time yet, no doubt, before the final and inevitable tragedy overtakes its German garrison or any part of it which stays there as a last rearguard.

For the moment the interest of the war shifts southward to the line west of Bullecourt, where through the ruined villages of St. Leger and Croisilles the ground rises up by shellbroken slopes to hills overlooking Fontaine lez Croisilles and the little Sensée river, around which the Germans lie under British observation and British guns. Here at midnight Monday and continuing into the dawn of yesterday some North Country troops made a sharp successful attack upon 500 yards or so of trenches running northwest of Fontaine lez Croisilles.

If one studies the history of this small battle one may read the signs of the times in it—the quality of the men who are filling up the ranks of the German Army, their spirit and way of fighting, the increasing power of the British and the science of attack in small actions and the heavy casualties suffered by the enemy, even in quiet parts of the line where there is no fighting on a big scale.

The North Country troops went over at midnight after a heavy bombardment and gas barrage and were masters of the situation in astoundingly short time. They found many Germans lying dead and others panicstricken in the dugouts. These to the number of twenty-five or so were sent back as prisoners. The Germans were pleased only at being prisoners behind the British lines.

All the rest was horror to them, for they were nearly all boys of 18 and 19, belonging to a division of Westphalians, of whom two-thirds belong to the 1918 class. They are part of the new experiment of the German Army, one of the young divisions trained as special "sturmtruppen," or assault troops. But their officers accuse them of cowardice, and as prisoners they return the insult by asking how many officers they see in the trenches to share their risks.

Many of their platoons are commanded by Corporals, and there are only ten commissioned officers to the battalion. As a new experiment upon which all the future of the German Army depends, this Westphalian division is not a happy example. Their morale is badly shaken, their youthfulness has not made them great fighters.

So the wastage of the Germany Army goes on day after day, night after night, and behind the 1918 class is the 1919 class, already drawn into depots. Will Germany sacrifice all her children before she yields? In more vital parts of the line she has many hefty men and strong reserves of fine troops for immediate defense, but not enough for all her fronts, nor for all of this front. The British wastage is great, too, but not so fast a pace, and that is the British big hope and Germany's big peril.

GERMANS CLINGING TO AVION.

Hold New Trenches Just West of the Village in Great Strength.

CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, June 27.—The enemy clings tenaciously to Avion. He gave up his trenches, which were on a slope leading up to the village, a little over a quarter of a mile from the first houses, only under strong compulsion. They were dug in chalk, and our artillery observers had no difficulty in seeing the effect of every shell dropped in them. His new line is immediately in front of the most westerly row of houses in Avion. It is connected with cellars and dugouts in the village, to which the occupants can retire when heavily shelled.

Strong Canadian patrols were sent out during last night along most of the front to learn something of the conditions in this trench line. They found it strongly held by the enemy, and were unable to enter his defenses. The heavy artillery has once more taken up the work of destruction.

Between Avion and Lens there is a considerable stretch of march along the Souchez. This has been flooded and wire entanglements have been constructed on the eastern side of the flooded area. There, as it is to the south, the new German line is strongly held.

WORKMEN FOR PEACE BUT A GENERAL ONE

Russian Congress Rejects the Proposal for Separate Agreement with Germany.

WANTS NO EXHAUSTION WAR

And Thinks a Speedy Ending of the Conflict the Greatest Problem of the Day.

PETROGRAD, June 27.—A resolution categorically rejecting any move for a separate peace between Germany and Russia has been adopted by an overwhelming majority by the Congress of Workmen's and Soldiers' Deputies of All Russia. The resolution at the same time declares that restoration of peace at the earliest possible day is the most important need of the Russian revolutionary democracy. The text of the resolution, which was proposed by revolutionary Socialists and the Minimalist Social Democrats, follow:

"The present war arose in consequence of aspirations of imperialists, prevailing among the ruling classes of all countries and tending toward the usurpation of markets and submission to their economic and political influence of small and decadent nations. The war is leading to complete exhaustion of the peoples of all countries and is placing the Russian revolution on the edge of a precipice. While making millions of victims and absorbing billions of the wealth of the country, it threatens to increase still more the disorder in which Russia was left by the old régime, leading to famine and turning the country from productive labor for consolidation of its newly-won liberty.

"The Congress recognizes consequently that the struggle for more rapid ending of the war constitutes the most important problem for the revolutionary democracy—a problem imposed as much by the interests of the revolution as by the aspirations of the workers of all countries to put an end to mutual extermination and restore their fraternal union for the common struggle for complete liberation of humanity.

"The Congress recognizes, first, that ending the war by means of the defeat of one of the belligerents would constitute the point of departure for fresh wars, increase dissensions among the nations and lead them to complete exhaustion, famine and ruin; second, that a separate peace would strengthen one of the belligerents and give it the possibility of gaining a decisive victory over the others, would strengthen aspirations toward usurpation by the ruling classes, and, while liberating Russia from the grip of world-wide imperialism, would hinder international unification of workers. Consequently the Congress categorically rejects every policy tending in fact to the conclusion of a separate peace or to its prelude, a separate armistice."

The Workmen's and Soldiers' Deputies will send a delegation to Sweden, France, and England to prepare for the convocation of an international conference on the basis of the program adopted by the Executive Committee.

Courts-martial have been abolished by the Provisional Government. Hereafter it is provided when offenders are caught red-handed in circumstances of particular gravity necessitating immediate inquiry the case will be submitted under forms of urgent procedure to the permanent military courts of either the regiment or the army corps concerned.

HOW LENINE'S PLOT FOR A RISING FAILED

Kerensky Had Troops Ready to Suppress Threatened Outbreak in Petrograd.

By HERBERT BAILEY.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Saturday, June 23.—Petrograd today passed through one of its most critical days since the revolution. Happily the energy and resolution of M. Kerensky and the untiring efforts of the Ministers defeated the desperate attempt by Leninites to overthrow the Government and secure immediate peace. At the moment of telegraphing Petrograd is quiet. The day passed off without the bloodshed or armed demonstrations which were expected.

The character of this attempt by the Leninites and their masters in Berlin to precipitate Petrograd into the darkness of anarchy bore a curious resemblance to the last attempt early in May, which was accompanied by firing and loss of life in the streets. For some time past little assemblies, each composed of twenty or thirty persons, have been engaged in stormy arguments in the streets for and against the war. Even at 3 in the morning I have often seen these gatherings. They owe their inception to the industry of German agents, and their maintenance to German gold. They served the excellent enemy purpose of creating the impression that any Russian offensive would only benefit French and English capitalists.

The seizure of General Durnovo's house by one of the anarchist bands who openly avow their principles of plunder was the climax. They were reinforced by workmen of the factories in the Viborg quarter, the most turbulent district of Petrograd; but these were persuaded by the Government to return to work. Meanwhile the Leninite extremists engaged in a gigantic underhand conspiracy to overthrow the Government. They repudiated the All-Russia Congress of Workmen's and Soldiers' Councils, declaring it had been deprived of any real power, and set to work secretly to organize demonstrations of armed workmen and soldiers for today.

Banners for the demonstrations were to be inscribed "Down with the Imperial Council! Down with the Capitalistic Ministers! We Demand Immediate Peace!" The moment M. Kerensky became aware of this plot he acted with characteristic vigor and determination. He induced the Government to issue a proclamation prohibiting demonstrations during the next four days. Throughout last night he made necessary arrangements for the disposition of troops in the event of the proclamation being ignored. The Ministers and the leaders of the Congress of Workmen's and Soldiers' Councils spent all night in the barracks and factories and continued their work until 7 o'clock this morning urging soldiers and workmen to remain quiet.

One regiment—the First Machine Gun Regiment, at first refused to listen to the leaders' representations saying they would only keep off streets if Lieutenants, Leninite's chief Lieutenants, Zinovev and Karanev, so ordered them; but subsequently they were convinced of the folly of their action, and the majority accepted the Government's decision.

At 8 o'clock the Congress reassembled and the Duma was hopeful, but anxious. The appearance of Pravada, (Truth,) the organ of the Leninites, with the front page, usually devoted to calumnious attacks on Great Britain and France and particularly on Sir George Buchanan, the British Ambassador, containing an appeal for no demonstrations had a good effect on the workmen.

At 1 o'clock Kerensky was able to say, in reply to an inquiry:

"The situation is very good; everything is going on well. We are taking all measures in order that anarchy and a counter-revolutionary movement shall not extinguish the revolution."

How narrowly strife was avoided was shown by a blank space in this morning's Pravada. Evidenly articles heralding the era of anarchy had been removed from the presses at the last moment. There have been movements of troops all day, but despite certain manifestations of discontent in the factories of the Viborg districts the capital is quiet, if anxious.

It would be folly to assume the danger has passed. So long as Lenine and his fellow-traitors are allowed to propagate their pernicious anarchical doctrines so long will the menace of an armed rising exist. There is every likelihood of Kerensky taking vigorous and salutary measures to terminate the campaign of the enemies of the revolutionary democracy and of the Allies.

PROVE LENINE FOE'S AGENT.

His Peace Speech Shown to Have Been Sent by Bavarian King.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—How Lenine, the Russian agitator, who urged a separate peace with Germany, was exposed as a German agent before the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates in Petrograd on June 22 is related in a dispatch today from Ambassador Francis.

Lenine made an impassioned speech in favor of a general peace without annexation or indemnity and was answered by M. Veirensky, who announced that he would repeat Lenine's speech, and proceeded to read a document almost identical with it.

When M. Veirensky concluded he announced that he had been reading an intercepted radio from Germany, signed by Prince Leopold of Bavaria.

TRAP BULGAR PATROLS.

British Also Raid Trenches on the Macedonian Front.

PARIS, June 27.—Concerning operations on the Macedonian front the War Office today issued the following:

Eastern Theatre, June 26.—On the Struma front the British troops successfully laid several ambuscades for enemy patrols between Lakes Ochrida and Presba. The enemy after a violent bombardment attacked our trenches, but was repulsed.

SALONIKI, June 27.—"In a successful raid on Brest, east of Lake Doiran, we captured eleven Bulgarians," says the British official statement today. "British airplanes bombed and damaged enemy camps and dumps."

BERLIN, June 27, (via London.)—The War Office today issued the following bulletin:

Macedonian War Theatre: In the bend of the Cerna and to the east of it the firing activity revived from time to time.

BULGARIA UNWILLING TO BREAK WITH US

But It Is Feared That Germany May Force Her to Do So.

COPENHAGEN, June 27.—Although Bulgaria is opposed to breaking off relations with the United States, the fear is expressed, according to information reaching here, that Premier Radoslavoff may have been compelled to purchase concessions, for which he went to Berlin, by a sacrifice of American relations as part payment.

The influences against a break with the United States are of a twin nature—one-half of a sentimental character, based on the influence of the American Robert College education upon many prominent men of old and new Bulgaria and upon the respect for the far-away republic with no axe to grind in Bulgaria; one-half wholly practical, inspired by the belief that capital from the same republic may after the war prove highly advantageous in the development of Bulgaria without her risking economic dependence upon either of the European political systems.

The practical Bulgarian does not expect to see any thoroughgoing domination of either of the present power groups after the war. The only circumstance which would lead to native Bulgarian sentiment for a rupture with the United States would be, according to information received by The Associated Press correspondent, the appearance of American troops at Saloniki—a possibility which some influence in Bulgaria apparently has an interest in pointing out to the Bulgarian mind.

Bulgaria having got possession of all advantages which are included in the present stage of its ambitions—Macedonia and Dobrudja—and finding the burden of running even a minor power share of the world war a growing menace to its financial future, is a strong advocate of the German peace movement.

Premier Radoslavoff has talked peace both at Berlin and Vienna. The Government dispatched a Bulgarian Socialist deputation to Stockholm with its godspeed and instructions to work for a peace of good understanding and reconciliation, with, however, the retention of Macedonia and at least Southern Dobrudja as an absolute essential. The plan for a so-called corridor out from Serbian territory along the west bank of the Danube to join with Austria-Hungary is more an Austro-German than a Bulgarian idea. Bulgarians are not particularly enthusiastic about it. They still cherish the thought of Saloniki and an extended share of the Aegean and the Danube as frontier clear to its mouth as ultimate objects; but the experience gained in 1912 has shown the wisdom of not attempting too much at a time.

DRIVE ITALIANS BACK.

Austrians Recapture Trentino Heights—Claim 1,800 Prisoners.

VIENNA, June 26, (via London, June 27.) — Recapture of the remaining positions taken by the Italians on the heights south of the Sugana Valley, on the Trentino front, is announced in today's official statement. It says that thus far more than 1,800 prisoners have been taken. The announcement follows:

Italian Theatre of War.—On Monday the Imperial Rifles and portions of West Galician Infantry Regiment 57, after most effective artillery preparation, in brave fighting completely recaptured the portions of the position on the frontier ridge south of the Sugana Valley which still remained in the enemy hands.

All counterattacks of the enemy collapsed on account of the brave conduct of our garrison.

Thus far more than 1,800 prisoners, including forty-four officers, have been brought in.

ROME, June 27.—Today's official statement says:

On the Asiago Plateau yesterday the enemy's efforts slackened in the Monte Ortigara sector. Some parts of the positions on the summit, which were destroyed and offered no shelter from the murderous fire of the enemy, were not reoccupied by us. We took forty-seven prisoners, including one officer.

In the Monte Zebio sector the activity of our patrols caused short and sharp engagements. Our artillery repeatedly shelled motor lorry columns in the neighborhood of St. Lucia and disturbed traffic on the Brestovisza-Mohorini road, on the Carso.

URGES FEDERATION OF CENTRAL EUROPE

Dr. Naumann Demands That the Two Kaisers Proclaim "Mittel Europa" at Once.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 27, (via London.)—Dr. Friedrich Naumann, member of the Reichstag and author of a well-known book on Central Europe, is circulating a sort of manifesto wherein the two Central European Kaisers are called upon to proclaim at once the existence of federated European powers. He says it is not a thing of the future, but is already here.

"Central Europe," he adds, "is actually ready, lacking only the organs for movement and action. All talk about drawing closer together may cease because the convergence has already taken place, although it has not yet found expression in treaties and paragraphs. It is time to end the general debate and come to action. Why is not that done? Why are we missing the wonderful historic opportunity? Why do not the two Kaisers act? Why do not the three Prime Ministers act for our General Staffs? Are they perhaps opposed to 'Central Europe'? Not at all, but one fritters away one's forces in preparations and solutions of problems of second and third rank. But every one is waiting for the other to reach the principal goal. Why, for instance, have not the general principles of the future common military organization been laid down and signed by the two Kaisers long ago? Do they think this could be done as well after the war? Or is it consideration for our overworked Generals?

"One should not be too timid, because even the time lost with official correspondence over Polish arms would have been enough to create a basis for common organization for the German, Austrian, Hungarian, and Polish armies. Thus far too much time has been lost with unnecessary details. Nations must know why they starve and die for each other. If we cannot find firm outlines for the reasons why we are pledged to such an enormous extent for each other, this war will always remain something unreal and soulless to the masses of the people. It is time the two Kaisers should proclaim Central Europe. Details can be adjusted later, but the foundation must be laid now. What use are our statesmen if they forget this historical work?"

The allied economical associations, meeting in Budapest, have just closed their negotiations. It was decided that the principal task for an economical association of Germany and Austria-Hungary was to agree on a common trade and traffic policy and to make common preparations for a transition period from war to peace. Frau Helena Granitsch of Vienna, representing the United Organizations of Housewives in Austria, made some remarkable suggestions on woman's work in the transition period and in preparing peace.

MUST ACT IN OLD CLOTHES.

Germany Restricts Stage Costumes —Students Go Barefoot.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, June 26, (via London, June 27.)—German actors in modern plays are forbidden to wear new clothes in future. Hitherto actors have been largely exempted from the restrictions compelling other persons to produce exhaustive explanations if they wanted authority to buy a new dress, a new suit, or new shoes, but now the authorities of the Imperial Clothing Commission have issued orders that it is not permissible for an actor or actress to have a new suit and new shoes for each new play. He or she must act in old clothes.

Owing to the shortage of leather, students of Würzburg University have decided to set an example by going to lectures barefoot and walking the streets either barefoot or in wooden clogs.

ADVERTISEMENT.

A Split of White Rock and a dash of lemon quenches the most irritating thirst

GERMAN SHIP PLOT REPORTED IN SWEDEN

Norwegians, Angered by Conspiracy Unearthed There, Discuss Embracing the Entente's Cause.

STOCKHOLM, June 27.—The Dagens Nyheter publishes, with reserve, a story of a mysterious Swedish transaction in explosives, similar to the plot exposed in Christiania. The police, it adds, refuse all information.

CHRISTIANIA, June 26.—The Norwegian newspapers continue to publish details of the German plot to destroy Norwegian steamships by explosives brought into the country by a courier of the German Foreign Office, which resulted in the arrest of three men last week. The Aftenposten insists that the arrest of the courier must be upheld even against Germany's protests.

The Morgenbladet, which hitherto has been more or less friendly to Germany, asks whether Germany wishes to force Norway to join the ranks of her enemies, and remarks that a naval base on the Norwegian coast would be very important for the Entente and would give the American Navy a splendid strategic position for co-operation with the British. This newspaper says further that of all the foolish acts of German diplomats and military leaders in the way of depriving the Central Powers of friends, this last attempt to blow up the remaining remnants of Norwegian friendship is surely one of the most imbecile.

LONDON, June 27.—Reports received here from Norway say that the German Legation at Christiania formally protested against the breaking of the German official seals on the baggage of Aron Rautenfels, a German who is among those arrested in connection with the conspiracy to blow up seized ships. The legation demanded the surrender of his trunk, but without success. There is no confirmation of the statement, printed in Paris, that Germany asked Norway to apologize for the breaking of the seals.

The recall of Germany's Minister, Michaelis, is attributed to Norway's insistent demand. He has been succeeded by Admiral Paul von Hintze, former Minister to Mexico and China.

203

One trouble your wife should not inherit

Administering an estate involves a good deal of systematic bookkeeping which your wife may dread.

1 All property bequeathed in the will must be given a classified listing.

2 Income from all sources must be collected and accounted for.

3 Debts and legacies must be entered, and paid in the approved legal form.

4 The amount of inheritance tax must be determined—and many records kept and constantly watched.

The Columbia Trust Company is thoroughly organized with a complete staff to carry on this technical work in a systematic, business-like way.

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Biliousness shows that your digestion is out of order. Don't take physic; take 6 Bell-ans in hot water and see how quickly and pleasantly it brings relief. 25c pkg

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION
Contains no harmful or deleterious substance.

THE ALBUM OF THE WAR.

All that is procurable, authentic, worth preserving, in pictures of The War, on battlefield, in Chancellery, Parliament, city, town, or country, sea or land, all in Rotogravure, 24 pages, 50 or more scenes every week, these are found in the MID-WEEK PICTORIAL of The New York Times; $5 a year, postpaid.—Advt.

IN a stew of discomfort? Take your mind off the heat and the heat off your body in a Suit of my Tropic-Weave Worsted, Homespun, Flannel or Cool Cloth, tailored to your measure for $25.

Maybe you prefer thin, resilient Mohair. It sheds wrinkles like a baby's skin and I tailor it with all the artistry of 18 years at the bench—$19.50. Come to be measured, or write for Cloth Clippings!

United States Army Uniforms to individual measure

Clemons Custom Tailor
Broadway at 39th St
18 Years On This Corner

Be A Wise Bird And Wear A Metric Shirt!

THE penguin is a wise old bird. He roams the shore, so that he'll always be sure of a cool spot. Any wise bird can find it here in *Comfort - Cloth* Metric Shirts.

Cool, soft, absorbent fabrics that let the heat out and the breeze in. Richest of colorings and smartest of tailoring—$1.50 to $9.

Oxweave (White Oxford Basket Weave) collarless or with its own soft collar—$1.75.

JOHN DAVID
Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes
Broadway at 32nd Street

STORE CLOSES THIS SATURDAY ONE P.M.—DAILY AT 5 P.M.

The "Franklin" Shoe for Men is $2.00 underpriced

According to present cost of leather

They're a Bargain at $5.50

No, this is not a sale!

Yet the term *bargain* is correct! We happened to have the leather optioned so much below prevailing prices that we are able to sell what is virtually a $7.50 shoe for $5.50, and to that extent they are a bargain.

Twenty-six styles, high or low, in tan, mahogany, black Russia calf, patent leather, and Ko-ko calf.

Munson last
Army Shoe $6.00

Men's Shoe Shop—4 West 38th Street
A Separate Shop on the Street Level

Franklin Simon & Co.
Men's Clothing Furnishings Shoes
FIFTH AVENUE

THE LARGEST HABERDASHERY BUSINESS IN THE UNITED STATES

Weber and Heilbroner
Announce a
Special Sale of Haberdashery Needed Over the Fourth

Worsted Bathing Suits
$2.35
Former Price, $3.00.
Plain blue, black or Oxford and fancy stripes, fast colors. Others at $3.45; former prices $4 and $4.50.

Athletic Underwear
55 Cents a Garment
Fine checked nainsook, extra durable quality.
Union suits, $1.15; former price, $1.50.

Crepe and Mercerized Pajamas
$1.35 a Suit
Former Price, $1.65
Madras Pajamas, plain colors, highly mercerized, and fancy stripes, $1.65; were $2.50 and $2.00.
Silk-and-Cotton Pajamas, $3.85; former prices, $5 and $4.50.

Unusually Fine All Silk Shirts
$4.85
Of pure silk, pebble weave and fine lustre. Latest stripes in great variety.
Also a quantity of fine Crepe Silk Shirts, special at $6.45.

Featherweight Rubberized Raincoats
$9.75
Fold compactly into an envelope bag—take up very little room in traveling.

Terry Robes
$3.15
Fully meeting our requirements in quality and careful workmanship. Formerly $4 and $3.50.

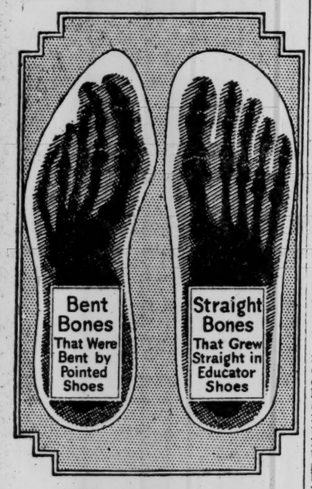
Weber and Heilbroner also direct attention to their very comprehensive assortment of the following, which are of unusually good value—all moderately priced.
English Foulard Scarfs and Bat Ties; Golf and Tennis Hose; Separate Sport Coats; Traveling Comforts, Auto Dusters; Suit Cases, Motor Restaurants; Traveling Bags, Wardrobe Trunks; Traveling and Sport Hats and Caps.

At All Eleven Stores

241 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 20 Cortlandt
345 Broadway, 1363 Broadway, 30 Broad
775 Broadway, 58 Nassau
1185 Broadway, 150 Nassau, 42nd and Fifth Avenue

6000
customers enjoy security against loss by holding our
5%
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

Every man thinks he can mix a cocktail—but his guests need all their politeness to stand the strain.
Club Cocktails
protect the reputation of your hospitality.



Why Not be *Honest* With Your Feet?
WHY expect them to serve you faithfully, when you cramp them into narrow, pinching shoes—shoes which cause corns, bunions, flat-foot, ingrown nails, etc.
Treat your feet *right*, and they'll treat *you* right. Put them into Educator Shoes, built to give the feet the comfort they need, and you'll find all your foot troubles relieved or abolished.
Made for
MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN
Get the *whole family* Educators—*today*.
But to be *certain* you're getting *Educators*, you must be sure to look for EDUCATOR branded on the sole. It guarantees the correct orthopaedic Educator shape that "lets the feet grow as they should."
It guarantees, too, the high quality of leather and workmanship that have always belonged to Educators.
Made by Rice & Hutchins, Inc., 15 High St., Boston, Mass.
RICE & HUTCHINS
EDUCATOR SHOE

Unless branded on the sole it is not an Educator
Men's Blucher Educator Oxfords Black Kid Tan Kid Russian Calf

BACARDI Makes the Perfect
COCKTAIL, RICKEY or HIGHBALL
Try It and Be Convinced!

Retailers' 35c. Quality
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Coffee
DIRECT FROM WHOLESALER
5 POUNDS FOR $1.25
Delivered Free
in Greater New York and within 300 miles C. O. D., or cash with order. Bean or ground.
Satisfaction guaranteed or money back.
GILLIES COFFEE CO.
Established 77 Years

SEES EAGLE STRIKE GERMANY FROM SKY

Baron Moncheur Stirs House to Demonstration by Predicting Our Aviators' Success.

WELCOMED WITH WARMTH

Belgian Envoy Amazed at Rapid Transformation of Industrial Nation for War.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The Belgian Commission, headed by Baron Moncheur, was received by the House of Representatives today and was accorded an unusually sympathetic welcome by practically the entire membership and crowded galleries. The applause which greeted the address of Baron Moncheur was spontaneous. Speaker Clark, in introducing the commission, spoke of the great battles that have been fought in Belgium.

Baron Moncheur said:

"If years ago I admired your country in the fullness of prosperity and wondered at your industrial genius and the marvelous activity of your citizens, it is with even greater admiration that I now see your entire nation rise as one man to answer the voice of your President calling upon you to put forth all your efforts and devotion for the defense of freedom and the rights of mankind. All the sons of America, without distinction of race or party, have rallied to your flag. They think only of their duty to their country. They are ever ready to sacrifice their private and personal interest, and, leaving behind them their dear ones, who will be plunged in grief and tears on account of their absence, they rally to the Star-Spangled Banner which, for the first time in your history, has crossed the ocean to float over the battlefields of the Old World.

"As in the Middle Ages the knights were accustomed to hold a vigil, watching their armor in the chapel, so you today are making the same holy and prayerful preparation for the battle to come. Everywhere you are carrying on work which day by day brings nearer the moment of supreme victory. While the flower of American youth is preparing itself in your splendid training camps, your shipyards, your factories and munition plants resound with the hum of feverish work providing your soldiers with the implements of war.

"American aviation, that marvelous product of the new world, is making ready to lend its powerful aid, also, to support our armies. Is it not natural, indeed, that the American Eagle from the skies should strike the death blow to the enemy?

"After your great stroke for liberty in 1776 you formed a society which you called the Order of the Cincinnati to indicate that when war was finished you knew how to beat your swords into plowshares, and now when war has been forced upon you, you have given proof that you know equally well how to turn your plowshares into swords. Some twenty years ago Prince Albert of Belgium, heir to a throne which seemed to be safely sheltered from the blast of war, came to America, where he studied with the deepest interest your marvelous country and the wonderful works of industry and commerce which you had developed in the quietude of peace. And now, how can I express the sentiments which fill his heroic soul when, fighting at the head of his troops in the last trench on Belgian soil, he sees the sons of that same industrious America land upon the coast of Europe, brave champions of the most noble principles and ready to lay down their lives in defense of right and justice.

"On a certain occasion a mighty sovereign declared 'the Pyrenees exist no more,' and today we can say with even more truth, 'There is no longer any ocean'—for endless friendship, cemented by gratitude and joint effort and suffering in the cause of justice and liberty, will forever obliterate the barrier of the seas and unite the children of old Belgium to the sons of the young and powerful republic of the new world."

GERMANS SAY POLES WANT INDEPENDENCE

Warsaw Party Demands Also Monarchical Constitution Together with a Strong Army.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 27, (via London.)—The German newspapers publish a telegram from Warsaw, saying that the National Party at a meeting agreed on the following demands:

First—An independent Polish nation with monarchical constitution, a strong Government, and the two-chamber system of people's representation of a broad democratic basis.

Second—The energetic development of the Polish State system, even during the war, especially the creation of a strong army, with the cadres of the Polish legions as a base, such an army being one of the fundamental conditions for further development.

Third—Polish representation at the peace negotiations.

Fourth—The recognition of the principle that the Polish Government and army can be created within the Polish border lines, and any attempt to create them outside shall firmly be opposed.

Fifth—As a way out of the present situation, it would seem advisable to create at once a regents council consisting of three persons, who will take over the business of the Polish State until a final selection of the head of the Polish nation, also the creation of a new State Council, which shall serve as a legislative organ until the regular people's representation is convened.

ALL BRITAIN ANGERED BY TIGRIS EXPOSURE

Parliament and Press Demand to Know What Will Be Done About It.

LONDON, Thursday, June 28.—Andrew Bonar Law, member of the British War Council, was bombarded in the House of Commons yesterday afternoon with questions regarding the action the Government intended to take against those accused of culpability in the report on the Mesopotamia expedition made public in the Blue Book. He replied that he would rather make no statement until the House had had time to consider the report, but "it was the obvious duty of the Government to take immediate action with regard to those who specially were accused of culpability."

Asked by Joseph King, Liberal member for North Somerset, whether Baron Hardinge, formerly Governor General and Viceroy of India, was still in a position of great authority at the Foreign Office Mr. Bonar Law replied:

"These questions assume that Baron Hardinge has been guilty. I don't wish to make any such assumption at present."

Even the dissatisfaction that was aroused by the report of the Dardanelles Commission is exceeded by the storm of reproaches in the press over the revelations regarding the Mesopotamia expedition. Several high reputations have been blasted by this report, but some of the newspapers, dissatisfied with the comforting assurances that the old régime has now disappeared, demand to be informed whether no disciplinary measures are to follow.

ALLIES DENOUNCE TREATIES.

Preparing to Make New Commercial Conventions After the War.

LONDON, June 27.—In replying to a question as to whether the Entente Allies were denouncing their commercial treaties so as to be free to conclude new treaties after the war, Andrew Bonar Law said in the House of Commons today that Italy had renounced, with two exceptions, all her commercial treaties, by which the Italian tariff rates were fixed. France had intimated her intention of denouncing all her commercial treaties, and, Mr. Bonar Law added, the subject was under consideration by the British Government.

JAPAN HAILS AMERICA AS ALLY IN THE WAR

Motono Also Sees Great Difficulties After the Close of the Struggle.

TOKIO, June 27.—Viscount Ichiro Motono, Foreign Minister, in an address to the Diet yesterday, expressed the conviction that the entrance of the United States into the war with unshakable determination to defeat Germany by employing all her force would greatly contribute to the realization of the goal sought by all the Entente Allies. He rejoiced that Japan and the United States were now closely collaborating against common enemies. Their cordial relations, he said, had an increasing tendency to become cemented further.

"We cannot foresee," said Viscount Motono, "when the end of the struggle which has ravaged the world for three years will come, and I do not believe all difficulties will be finished with this war. I can even affirm that the greatest difficulties will begin with the end of the war. Then we shall need all our force and all our energy to establish a durable peace in the world and defend our rights and interests."

Viscount Motono did not refer to the recent American note to China, but he dealt with China's attitude toward the war which, for Japan, "possessed very great importance." China, the Foreign Minister said, had requested Japan's advice regarding America's invitation that she break relations with Germany, and Japan had counseled China to accept the invitation in China's own interest. Judged from the Japanese viewpoint the step was desirable, he added, because it was incontestable that Germany was pursuing dangerous machinations against Japan and her allies.

Viscount Motono regretted that internal dissension had prevented China from formally entering the war, but he hoped she would decide for war and thus remove the German danger to peace in the Far East, allying herself with the defense of the rights of humanity and winning the world's sympathy.

Referring to Russia, Viscount Motono said Japan desired increasingly friendly relations with that country.

Premier Terauchi emphasized Japan's sincere gratification at America's entry into the war and voiced his regret that the settlement of the factional trouble in China had not been effected. Japan, he said, was closely watching events in China, with which nation Japan's relations were cordial and intimate.

GERMANS' FAT RATIONS FOR NEXT WINTER CUT

Action Emphasizes Measures Taken to Check Exports Formerly Sent by America.

COPENHAGEN, June 27.—Germans are informed officially that rations of fat next Winter will be less than the scanty allowance of fifty grams weekly last Winter, and that, therefore, marmalade, preserves, &c., must be relied on almost exclusively to render the daily bread palatable.

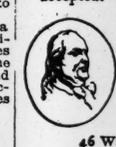
Following the precedent set in the French Revolution, the central bureau charged with the distribution of fruits and vegetables has introduced a new division of time. The year hereafter will be divided into nine marmalade months and three compote months, according to the materials for bread spreading.

Although the announcement has a semi-humorous appearance, it has a serious bearing, for it emphasizes measures taken to check the export from the United States of fats to Germany and also of shipments of apples, which occasionally reach the Central Empires from America.

VON BUELOW GOES HOME.

Denies Having Seen Ex-King Constantine in Switzerland.

ZURICH, June 27.—Prince von Buelow, former German Chancellor, has left here for his country home near Hemburg. He issued a denial that he had gone to Lugano to see ex-King Constantine of Greece, as he had been reported, asserting that he had not stirred from Lucerne for several weeks.

Benjamin Franklin says:
"The use of money is all the advantage there is in having money."
One Advantage
Many banks and trust companies pay interest on their depositors' balances every six months. The *Franklin Trust Company*, however, pays interest *monthly* and the amount of interest credited is shown on the statement of deposits and withdrawals sent to every depositor at the end of each month.
Depositors thereby receive the distinct advantage of interest on their balances compounded twelve times in each year.
Accounts of $200. and upwards accepted.

Franklin TRUST CO.
Established 1888
46 Wall Street, New York
166 Montague Street, Brooklyn
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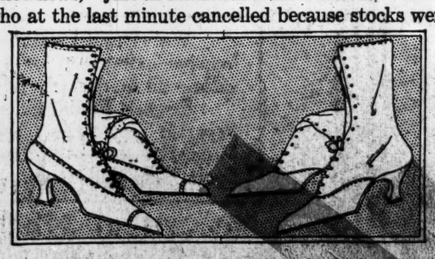
OF THE WAR.
"Seeing history in the making" is the rare privilege of every one who buys a copy of the CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE of The New York Times, first of each month, 220 pages, illustrated; $3 a year.—Advt.

STORE CLOSES THIS SATURDAY AT ONE P. M.
DAILY AT 5 P. M.
Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.
Misses' and Girls'
CORRECT SUMMER SHOES
Despite the increased cost of leather, we have not advanced the price of these shoes, and our high standard of quality has been maintained.
Misses' White Oxfords or Pumps
Of highest quality white rheinskin cloth. Made on a new smart last, with light welted soles and low heels. Sizes 2½ to 7½. Widths AA to D. 4.50
Misses' Low Heel Pumps
Of highest quality white, tan or black calf, also patent kid. Light weight soles and low heels. Sizes 2½ to 7½. Widths AA to D. 6.50
Girls' White Pumps or Oxfords
Ankle strap pumps, also oxfords of highest quality white rheinskin cloth, made on correct orthopedic lasts. Sizes 11 to 2. Widths B to E. 3.00
Girls' Tan Oxfords or Pumps
Made of superior tan or black russia calf, also white buckskin or black patent kid, correct orthopedic lasts. Sizes 11 to 2. Widths B to E. 3.75
Misses' and Girls' Shoe Shop—*Third Floor.*

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.
650 Pairs of High White Washable Kid Shoes for Women
Height 8½ Inches. **$4.95** Instead of $8.
That's a bit of Shoe news,—just as remarkable as it sounds. These shoes were made up for a concern,—who at the last minute cancelled because stocks were too heavy. The manufacturer passed them right on to us,—making the price so low that it would have been foolish to overlook. When we tell you that the present wholesale cost of similar quality and style is more than tomorrow's selling price you've some notion of the great value.

Two styles, and *pictured*.
They are both of white kidskin with light weight soles and Louis XV. heels. One model has tip, the other plain toe. Both marvels at $4.95.
GIMBELS—Second Floor—Rear.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Victrola X—$75.
For the Fourth
A Victrola and Patriotic Airs
$80
$5 Down—$5 Monthly
The French people have a much prettier way of celebrating their "Fourth."
Instead of shooting fire crackers and cannon, the entire nation devotes to singing and dancing.
What an ideal way of celebrating the national holiday!
For the parents who would much rather keep their kiddies about home that day—
Listening to or accompanying John McCormack or Geraldine Farrar singing the Star Spangled Banner—
And learning the meaning of the words of the national anthem (not merely "memorizing" them.)
Gimbels has arranged an attractive Victrola offer:
Victrola X., $75, and $5 worth of Victor Records,—the Star Spangled Banner, America, Dixie, Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean, etc., would be most appropriate, of course,—total $80.
At $5 down and $5 a month.
VICTROLA SALON—Eighth Floor
AEROLUX Porch Shades
The Secret of Breezy Sun-Shaded Porches
Commuters on the D., L. & W., the Central, "Pennsy" and Long Island trains who have been admiring the handsome little cottages on their way home could make their own homes more comfortable for the summer if they followed out this suggestion
Step into GIMBELS today and purchase enough Aerolux Porch Shades to close in every porch around the house. Put them up Saturday. Then, if you feel like taking your favorite magazine and sit out on the porch and read, it won't be necessary to wait until the sun goes down.
Don't forget to bring your measurements with you.

Aerolux Wide Slat Colors, Brown or Green		Aerolux Narrow Slat Colors, Brown or Green	
3 foot wide	$1.40 each	3 foot wide	$1.75 each
4 foot wide	$1.90 each	4 foot wide	$2.50 each
5 foot wide	$2.60 each	5 foot wide	$3.15 each
6 foot wide	$3.25 each	6 foot wide	$3.75 each
7 foot wide	$3.35 each	7 foot wide	$4.50 each
8 foot wide	$3.85 each	8 foot wide	$4.85 each
9 foot wide	$4.50 each	9 foot wide	$5.75 each
10 foot wide	$5.00 each	10 foot wide	$6.50 each
12 foot wide	$7.00 each	12 foot wide	$8.25 each

Green Painted Japanese Screens

Narrow Slat		Wide Slat	
4 foot wide	$1.40 each	6 foot wide	$3.00 each
6 foot wide	$2.10 each	10 foot wide	$5.10 each
8 foot wide	$2.80 each		
10 foot wide	$3.50 each		

GIMBELS UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT—Sixth Floor

B. Altman & Co.
An Extraordinary Offering
of
Women's Light-weight Suits
at $17.50
will commence to-day (Thursday)
in the
Ready-to-wear Suit Department, on the Third Floor.
Fifth Avenue-Madison Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street
Announce an Important Special
Sale of Men's Straw Hats at $1.95
Formerly $3, $4 and $5
¶ The fact that these reductions have been made much earlier than usual makes this an event of extraordinary importance. Every "sailor," sennit and split straw in stock included, many of which have only just been taken from their boxes.
Also at Greatly Reduced Prices:

Leghorns and Milans	formerly $5	$3.45
Panamas	formerly $5	$3.45
Panamas	formerly $6 and $7	$4.95
Panamas	formerly $8 and $9	$5.95
Panamas	formerly $10, $12 & $15.	$7.95
Panamas	formerly $18 and $20	$10.95
Panamas	formerly $25 and $30	$13.95
Panamas	formerly $35 and $40	$17.95
Panamas	formerly $45 and $50	$19.95

Copr. Life Pub. Co.

Shall Germany Be Abolished?
In this week's
Life
Now on Sale—Issue of June 28
All News-stands—Ten Cents
Angels Are Working for the Allies
Why We Need to Win, by E. S. M.
One Putt Into Hell—Centre Page Cartoon
and many other features in this number.
Do you know about LIFE? You may think you do, but a careful study of the paper will reveal the fact that each week it is a compendium of American current thought, the product of some of the most talented men in America. Its pictures are more numerous and of a higher standard than those of any other weekly in the world. Send us ten cents and we will mail you a number of sample copies for careful perusal. Address, 14 West 31st Street, New York City.
One Year, $5.00
Canadian, $5.52
Foreign, $6.04

REDS ARE DEFIANT, CAN GET NO DELAY

Emma Goldman and Berkman, Acting as Their Own Lawyers, Forced to Trial.

WARNED BY JUDGE MAYER

Irrelevant Questions to Jurors Are Ruled Out, and He Will Not "Permit Any Nonsense."

Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman, the anarchist leaders, who are charged with conspiracy to obstruct the military laws of the United States, went on trial before Judge Julius M. Mayer in the Federal Court yesterday morning. Berkman, on crutches—he hurt his foot some weeks ago—and Miss Goldman, both defiant in attitude, announced that for "reasons of principle" they had decided to act as their own counsel, despite the fact, as Emma Goldman said, that they realized the trial was "but a farce." For six hours they fought to get questions in to prove that anarchy is a beneficent "social philosophy," and that for thirty years, as Berkman put it time and again, "Miss Goldman and myself have been laboring to better the condition of the working class" in the United States.

The courtroom was packed both at the morning and afternoon sessions, while fully 500 followers, each wearing a red rose, were turned away by United States Deputy Marshals. One of those inside the courtroom was Leonard D. Abbott, an official of the so-called Anti-Conscription League, who often presides at anarchist meetings. Next to him sat Miss M. Eleanora Fitzgerald, who has been subpoenaed by the Government and is expected to tell much of the inner working of the anti-conscription organization.

Emma Goldman discarded her favorite royal purple robe and appeared in a plain black gown. Her niece and a young man, whose name was said to be Kramer, acted as her secretaries when the case was called by Assistant United States District Attorney Harold A. Content. She moved to have the case adjourned until she and Berkman could prepare a defense.

"I have only been out of the Tombs since Friday," she said, "while Mr. Berkman was only released on Monday. We have not had a chance to study the law in the case or go thoroughly into the indictment." Berkman added his plea, but Mr. Content pointed out that the defendant had been arraigned more than a week ago on the indictment and, until the case was called for trial, had been represented by Harry Weinberger, a friend of both. Emma Goldman said the fact that Weinberger no longer represented them was no reflection on him. In denying the motion Judge Mayer pointed out that under the provisions of the draft law, recently enacted by Congress, offenses involving violations of that act have precedence in the courts over all other cases.

"While Mr. Berkman and yourself," Judge Mayer said, "are under indictment for conspiracy to obstruct the operation of that law, which might be interpreted as an offense not absolutely contemplated by the act, the fact remains that the crime charged violates the spirit of the law in question, and I must deny your motion and ask you to proceed with your case."

Emma Goldman said "even the Czar had granted the rights" she asked, and added, "surely the United States will be equally as fair."

"We refuse to proceed or to participate in this proceeding" snapped Miss Goldman as she slowly resumed her seat. Berkman nodded his approval, but subsequently both changed their minds and said they would question jurors and witnesses "under protest." Twelve talesmen took their places in the box and Berkman arose to examine them. J. P. Norton, the first talesman, was excused by Judge Mayer, and Berkman then turned to the examination of Sydney Oppenheim.

"Do you own any Government securities other than those of the United States," Berkman asked, but before the talesman could answer Berkman added, "do you own any securities of the Allies?" Whereupon Mr. Content called attention to the fact that "the Allies are not on trial in this case." Berkman asked the talesman if he believed in free speech, and Mr. Oppenheim said he did. He also said he considered it the right of men and women to criticise the Government, provided, of course, that in doing so they keep within legal bounds.

J. J. O'Keefe, a builder, proudly announced, in answer to one of Berkman's questions, that he had one son already in the army and two others who were going to join the colors in two weeks.

"Have you any interest in this war?" asked Bergman.

"I surely have," replied Mr. O'Keefe, who added that the interests were personal and not financial.

"As an Irishman what do you think of Robert Emmet?" Berkman asked.

Judge Mayer sustained the objection that followed.

"Can a man be a good citizen and still be in sympathy with Ireland's aspirations for freedom?" Berkman asked, and again the objection was sustained. Berkman finally objected to Mr. O'Keefe as a juror, and Judge Mayer excused him. Judge Mayer then informed Berkman he would not "permit any nonsense," and that the asking of further irrelevant questions would not be permitted. Some of the questions which Berkman asked and which were ruled out by Judge Mayer were "Are you a Christian?" and "Do you believe in patriotism?"

One talesman, asked if he was financially interested in the war, replied that he owned a Liberty Bond. It will probably be some time this afternoon before the jury is obtained, for Emma Goldman announced that she would ask questions when Berkman finished.

The case will be resumed this morning.

Penfield Chauffeur Up as Speeder.

An automobile carrying Frederic C. Penfield, former Ambassador to Austria, and his wife, was halted in Central Park on Tuesday by Motor Cycle Patrolman Bresnan and a summons served on the chauffeur for speeding at thirty miles an hour. Ambassador Penfield telephoned to Magistrate House from his home in Mamaroneck yesterday morning and requested that the case be adjourned a month, as he was summoned to Washington on important Government business. The hearing was set for July 27. The chauffeur described himself as William Dwane, 39 years old, of 59 Tillman Avenue, Corona, L. I.

Lucille Pugh, Lawyer, Asks Divorce

A suit in the Supreme Court yesterday brought by Lucille Pugh, a lawyer, for a divorce from Ray E. Pierce disclosed the fact that she had been married since 1908, but had lived apart from her husband most of the time since and has practiced law under her maiden name. The plaintiff alleged that she had seen practically nothing of her husband since 1910. She couldn't find him to serve the papers, so a court order notified him of the action by publication. He was accused of misconduct in a hotel at Thirty-first Street and Eighth Avenue three years ago. Justice Guy reserved decision.

SAYS COAL COMPACT 'PILED UP' $18,000,000

Letter Read at Smokeless Operators' Trial Tells of Benefits of Association.

DENY VOTE ON PRICE FIXING

W. R. Zimmerman Testifies That No Such Action Was Taken at the Meeting at the Waldorf.

Among the letters introduced by Frank M. Swacker and the other Government prosecutors engaged in the trial of the smokeless coal operators before Judge Grubb of the Federal District Court, was a communication which was put upon the record from John A. Renahan, President of the Algonquin Coal Company, and Vice President and General Manager of the Pocahontas Coal Sales Company. Justus Collins, to whom it was addressed, is President of the Smokeless Fuel Company, the Superior Pocahontas Coal Company, and the Winding Gulf Colliery Company. The Mr. Tierney mentioned in it is John J. Tierney, President of the Crozer-Pocahontas Company and the Powhattan Coal and Coke Company. All of these men are among the defendants. The association referred to is the Smokeless Coal Operators' Association. Mr. Renahan's letter follows:

[Personal.]
New York, Dec. 6, 1915.

Mr. Justus Collins, President, Cincinnati:

Dear Sir: Beg to acknowledge receipt of your personal note of the 2d. I talked with John Tierney here last week in a general way about the association and its future. He fully realizes that from 1910 to the present time the association, even as a rope of sand, has piled up to date $18,000,000 more money in the smokeless field than if they had been in a chaotic condition. He is quite inclined to agree that it would certainly pay to have a permanent bureau, with a representative executive head who would have nothing to do except to attend to this business.

The trouble now is that, whether the President be Tierney or somebody else, that somebody else has his own business to attend to, for which he is paid a salary looking after his interest, and is bound to sacrifice, if he properly handles the situation, the private interest to a material extent. Admitting that the fields have saved or made $18,000,000 which they otherwise would not have made, it looks like a mere pittance to figure on a permanent bureau and the expenses thereof.

Now I am inclined to think that Tierney will not under any circumstances appear for re-election; and inasmuch as the presidency by common consent goes to the Pocahontas Field, I am inclined to think that President Ed Houston would probably meet with general favor. He has during the last year or more shown a decided interest in conditions, and the interest has created a good impression. You will probably have an opportunity to talk with the Colonel on the situation and see how he feels.

I believe that this meeting on the 14th is going to be rather a crucial one. It may be that so many operators have made money during the last several years that they feel like going on a sort of price-cutting debauch and see how long it would take them to weary of it.

However, it is the time for very serious thought with shoulders bent to the wheel. I am very glad indeed to know that you expect to be here and attend the meeting. If you come by way of New York we can both go over together early in the morning.

I am quite in accord with the features mentioned in your letter in regard to Christmas dividend on Smokeless, and I am very glad indeed to know that both Winding Gulf and Davy will be in position to have their quota. As we get toward the latter end of life it always looks good to see something coming along that can be exchanged for bread and cheese at a moment's notice.

Yours very truly,
JOHN A. RENAHAN.

W. R. J. Zimmerman, Secretary of the Smokeless Coal Operators' Association, under cross-examination by John B. Stanchfield, of counsel for the defendants, said that by an order by the Interstate Commerce Commission every coal operator in normal times got a pro rata share of cars, but the present war conditions had reduced the allotment to about 40 per cent. In answer to an objection, Mr. Stanchfield said that the Government had charged the defendants with having restricted their output and paralyzed the industries of the country.

"I propose to show that these men did not restrain trade, and would gladly ship their coal if they had the necessary cars, he said.

In reply to questions the witness said that the operators at the Waldorf meeting did not take a vote on the price to be charged for coal, nor did they discuss the punishment that was to be meted out to those who violated any agreement. The witness, in sending out circulars quoting prices, said he had acted on his own initiative.

James A. O'Gorman, on behalf of the defendants, tried to introduce a report of the Federal Trade Commission, which laid the blame of coal shortage on the shortage of cars. Judge Grubb refused to admit it. The trial will be resumed today.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
364-366-368 Fifth Avenue. AT 46TH ST N.Y.

Place on Sale Today—

Two Hundred Tailored Suits

Regularly $65 to $125.....at $35

For *Street* and *Sports* wear—an assembling of various lines, mostly *one or two of a kind* in navy, white and tan serges—tricotines—black-and-white checks—jerseys and linens in fashionable shades—as well as smart styles of novelty materials.

—Also Closing Out—

One Hundred Coats and Capes

Formerly to $50.....at $18

Discontinued lines in velours, wool jersey and novelty silks, short and medium styles for golf, tennis and motor wear; including high shades.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Have Now on Display and Sale

$60,000 Worth of Men's Summer Shirts

¶ This is not a sale in the accepted sense of the word. We are not quoting prices just for two or three days. Our aim is to show at all times the largest, most varied and finest collection of men's shirts anywhere assembled in this country. This $60,000 worth of Summer shirts includes every desirable weave loomed this season. It also emphasizes, with vigor, the fact that our purchasing in enormous quantities enables us to quote the lowest prices for shirts of the highest character. Represented are:

3,000 Fine Shirts at $1.20

All well-tailored garments, made over our own measurements, in fine count Madras, Mercerized Cloths, with woven or printed stripes, silk woven stripes and silk and cotton front shirts in negligee models with soft cuffs Also, collar attached Town and Country Sport Shirts

Cotton, and Silk and Cotton Shirts at $1.50, $2 and $2.50

Shirts that are far removed from the average—uncommon in both the materials and designs. The colors are deep, and guaranteed to be fast. The tailoring is equal to that of the best made-to-order shops. The weaves include cloths suitable for country club, dance, sports, military service and town wear. Included are:

Woven Madras, Russian Cords, Silk Striped Madras, Oxford Cloths, Soisette, Japanese Crepes, Laizy Lux, Idyl Cloth, Imported End-and-end, and Sparkle Cloth.

We are also showing a remarkable collection of

Men's Fine Silk Shirts at $2.95, $3.95, $4.95, $6.15 up to $10

The man who has a liking for silk shirts will find more weaves and a better selection of colors and patterns in this collection than can be found in any other single stock in New York. The weaves include Crepe de Chine, Silk Broadcloth, La Jerz, Jersey Silk, Society Silks, Pussy Willow, Genuine Habutai, (12-13-14 mummy), Heavy Tub Silks, Tussah and Manchurian Pongee.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.

Women's Capes and Cape Coats Greatly Reduced

This is a pre-inventory clearance in which the prices have been radically reduced to insure prompt disposal. The materials include Wool Velour, Wool Jersey, Serge and Gabardine.

Formerly $19.50 to $35

Reduced to $15 and $19.50

Beginning This Morning, An Important

Sale of Women's Washable Skirts

All new skirts, in models for tennis, golf, outing and dress wear, beautifully tailored in the most fashionable materials. Six models illustrated.

$5 $3.95 $2.95 $3.95 $2.95 $2.95

At $2.95—Attractive button front skirts with new knapsack pockets and detachable belt. Made of Gabardine, trimmed with Pearl buttons.

At $2.95—Smart button-front skirts with pouch pockets. Obtainable in Gabardine, Cotton Corduroy, or Pique.

At $2.95—Dainty Ramie Linen Skirts with new slit pockets and shirred back. Trimmed with pearl buttons.

At $3.95—Smart Sport Skirts, fashioned of Honeycomb, showing new pockets, belt and shirred back.

At $3.95—New Gabardine, Cotton Corduroy, and Pique Skirts with triple flap pockets, shirred back and detachable belt.

At $5.00—Dressy Skirts of Imported Gabardine, in side effect with large tailored pockets and wide belt. Also—very attractive skirts with new belt and pointed flap patch pockets. Made of Imported Gabardine, trimmed with pearl buttons.

Waistbands 24 to 36. All lengths.

Women's Fashionable Sweaters

in new and very attractive models priced remarkably low

At $5—Shetland Wool Sweaters in very attractive sailor collar model with full belt. Solid colors in Pink, Blue, Rose, Green, Purple, Copenhagen Blue, Corn and White.

At $8.95—Charming Fibre Sweaters with large sailor collar, tie sash and new pockets. Colors: Copenhagen Blue, Green, Purple, Gold and White.

At $12.50—Smart Fibre Silk Sweaters in buttonless model with Russian back and sash. Colors: Turquoise, Pink, Lavender, Grey and Rose.

Our assortments are complete, our styles authentic, and our prices the lowest. We have models for every occasion and purpose, in every fashionable color.

Today—Important Price Concessions on

Women's High-Grade Suits Reduced for Clearance

All well tailored suits in stunning models, beautifully developed in Tricotine, Poiret Twill, Serge, Gabardine, Taffeta, Faille, Silk Poplin, Gros de Londre, Tussah Silk, Khaki-Kool, Pongee, La Jerz, Silk and Wool Jersey.

Suits.....formerly $29.00 to $35.00.....now $15.00
Suits.....formerly $39.50 to $45.00.....now $22.50
Suits.....formerly $50.00 to $59.00.....now $27.50
Suits.....formerly $65.00 to $75.00.....now $33.50
Suits.....formerly $85.00 to $125.00.....now $39.50

A Pre-Holiday Offering of

Women's New Bathing Suits at Very Modest Prices

At $2.95—Slip-on and waistline models in Surf Satin, Mohair and Poplin, with pretty girdles and smart sailor collars. Sizes 34 to 44.

At $3.95—Slip-on model, Satin piped in contrasting color, and several other models with pockets, tie sash and belt, made of Wool Jersey, Poplin, or Surf Satin.

New Princess Model Swimming Suits, $4.95

In lustrous Surf Satin with panel sides and tie sash. Also several slip-on and waistline effects in Satin, Silk Poplin, Surf Satin, Wool Jersey, or Mohair. Black or Navy Blue. Sizes 34 to 46. *Fourth Floor.*

An Important Offering on the Fourth Floor

Women's Taffeta and Georgette Crepe Dresses at $14.50

A very charming collection of Navy Blue and Black Taffeta Dresses with collar and sleeves of Georgette Crepe. Skirt is in smart side draped effect. For afternoon and street wear more becoming frocks could not be desired. Sizes 34 to 42. One model illustrated.

Smart Georgette Crepe or Crepe de Chine Dresses at $18.50

Dainty dressy models, one of which is developed in Georgette Crepe with soutache embroidery. Obtainable in White and Flesh color. The other is made of excellent quality Crepe de Chine with collar and vestee of Georgette Crepe. Colors: Flesh color, Navy Blue, Beige, Grey, and White. Sizes 34 to 44.

Summery Colored Voile Dresses at $6.75 $8.95 $10.95

Ideal for porch, garden, or seashore wear; made of Voile in very attractive patterns on white grounds. Also—Striped Coat effect and straight-line models. Sizes 34 to 44.

Women's French Linen Dresses Special at $12.95

An unusual collection of new "coat" frocks, especially suited to stout figures. Trimmed with hand-crocheted buttons. Colors: Copenhagen Blue, Grey, Wisteria, and White. Sizes 38 to 40.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Prices Quality—Service

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other House but for Cash Only.

Light-Weight Clothes Are Right on Top

We had to wait a bit for this summer weather—but it was worth it. Still the man who waits too long won't have a chance to appreciate these

Shantung Silk Suits For Men at $16.50

It's hard to think of any cooler clothes than these—in pinch back and sack models with patch pockets and French facing. Your size is in the lot—and the price, of course, is less than elsewhere. Direct elevator to Clothing Dept. on 35th St. side.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, B'way, Front.

Imported Cravats, 94c

English Foulards, in flowing open-end models. The patterns are of the sorts found only in this fine fabric.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Broadway.

Men's Silk Hose, $1.39

Heavy, pure silk hose, full fashioned, with reinforced toes, heels and soles. All sizes in champagne, tan, gray, black or white. They fit comfortably and wear well.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Centre.

Silk Pajamas for Men, $8.74

We imported the satin-finished Japanese Habutai silk and had it made into well-tailored, roomy sleeping garments. Sizes A to D.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

English Model Kit Bag, $34.50

Of long grain imported cowhide, russet color, reinforced sewn-on corners, solid brass side lever lock and slides, two straps encircling entire bag. English plaid lining, three pockets, double handles.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Centre, Rear.

El Ecuador Imported Cigars

An aromatic smoke, made of carefully selected Cuban Tobacco by skilled workers. These fine cigars gained such popularity abroad that we secured the exclusive agency for the United States and Canada.

Fancy Tales—Box of 25	$7.94
Perfectos—Box of 25	$4.96
Perfeccionados—Box of 25	$3.49
Puritanos—Box of 50	$5.94
Londres Finos—Box of 50	$5.94

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., B'way, & Fifth Floor, 35th St.

Straws Reduced to $1.69

If you bought your straw early in the season, a new one now at this price will prove a good investment. Sennits and Splits of American and imported straws that were $1.89 and $2.74 are included.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Those Who Commute may leave their orders for merchandise at the Order Booths, Grand Central and Hudson Terminals when they leave the trains—and find everything ready for them when they make the train back home in the afternoon.

HARMONY

LET us help you choose furniture, rugs and draperies which will not only be beautiful in themselves, but will combine to form a harmonious, satisfying whole.

The TOBEY Furniture Company
Fifth Avenue at 53rd St.

What Type are You?

Short, slim, stout or semi-stout,
we can fit you in
Feather-weight Suits,
$7 to $35.

Palm Beach Suits
$8 and $8.50.

George G. Benjamin
299 Madison Ave., Cor. 41st St.

7-20-4
R. G. SULLIVAN'S
Factory output Two Hundred Thousand daily.
Largest selling brand of 10c. Cigars in the world.
FACTORY, MANCHESTER, N. H.

Helps sick skins

ASK CHECK ON SPIES IN AMERICAN PORTS

Government Warned That Members of Neutral Crews May Serve Germany.

FREE TO GET INFORMATION

Under La Follette Bill Officers Are Not Permitted to Keep Their Men on Board Ship.

Patriotic citizens have called the attention of the authorities to the fact that apparently there is nothing to hinder spies in the service of Germany among members of the crews of neutral ships from going anywhere they may choose in American ports, gathering what information they can and carrying it back to Europe. In fact, under the La Follette Seamen's bill, the officers of neutral ships, may not, if they wish to do so, hold their men on board, and the crew of any ship that docks in New York has the freedom of the city.

It is necessary for the member of the crew of any neutral ship to satisfy its owners that he is a neutral or an allied national, for searching parties of the English Navy have been in the habit of corralling those who are not. It was said yesterday that it might be taken for granted that there are in neutral countries nationals who may be hired by the German Government. There have been numerous instances of this, even in this country before it entered the war. One of these spies might ship on any one of the scores of neutral ships plying in and out of New York and visit any part of the city while here.

Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port, said last night that he knew of no regulations to prevent a man of any ship's crew from doing what he pleased ashore, so long as he behaved in an orderly manner. When asked if he believed there was a danger of spying in the freedom allowed the crews of Swedish, Norwegian, Spanish, and other neutral ships in this port, he said that the matter of the ship's crews was in the hands of the Department of Commerce, but there is no branch of the department in New York authorized to watch such a situation.

It has recently been pointed out that the interned German sailors held at Ellis Island, with a view of what goes in and comes out of New York Harbor, are in a position where they may communicate with friends and acquaintances and, perhaps, reach members of neutral crews. It is known that officials of the United States Government, not directly connected with the detention of the Germans, believe that they should be moved inland, arguing that Germany would not intern Americans at the entrance to Bremerhaven.

The shipping companies not long ago asked the United States Government to abrogate, for the period of the war, that provision of the Seamen's act, prohibiting the master of a ship from holding on board the members of his crew when his ship was in port. Nothing was done about it, according to shipping men. The shipping men made their request because many of their crews were deserting.

The restrictions upon foreign sailors at English ports are stricter than at American ports. In England if the officer of the ship wishes, through his own initiative or by request, to keep men on board he does it. Furthermore the English authorities ask for the sailor's card, and otherwise question him. No such precaution is taken at New York.

The State Department at Washington is said to have received reports as to undue activities in behalf of U-boats by crews of neutral ships. These reports have said that Captains or members of the crews of such ships have tipped off U-boat commanders as to likely prizes sailing from American ports. It has been suspected by some United States Naval officials that U-boats at sea have been "mothered" by ships that sailed from American ports as neutrals. There was a story in England a few weeks ago that two U-boat commanders, who had warned ships before sinking them, had told the Captains that they were ahead of their schedule.

MILITANTS GET 3 DAYS; LACK TIME TO STARVE

Washington Jail Sentences Adjusted to Object of Preventing Hunger Strike.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Six militant suffragists, members of the Woman's Party, are in the District of Columbia Jail tonight serving sentences of three days for obstructing the sidewalk by displaying propaganda banners at the gates of the White House. After a trial of three hours they were convicted and fined $25, with the alternative of spending three days in jail. They accepted the alternative, and, refusing to go in taxicabs, were taken to the jail in the "Black Maria." The women occupy six of the best cells, each fitted with running water and bath facilities.

Those who preferred jail to paying a fine are Miss Mabel Vernon of Nevada, Miss Virginia Arnold and Miss Anne Arnell of Delaware, Miss Katherine Morey of Boston, Miss Mabel Dock of Pennsylvania, and Miss Maud Jamieson of Virginia.

It is supposed that in imposing such a light sentence, Judge Mullowney had in mind that the women intended to attempt a hunger strike. They would hardly starve to death in three days.

In jail tonight the militants held a song service and suffrage meeting for the other forty women inmates. At a little organ in a carpeted corridor sat Miss Mabel Vernon, playing "God be with you till we meet again," and other hymns, while about her stood her companions, singing. Huddled on a stairway, beyond a barred partition, were thirty negro women and a few women who joined in the refrain. The jail matron gave the suffragists permission to address their fellow prisoners, and the meeting which followed developed fervent pleas for the cause of "Votes for Women."

73 DOG OWNERS FINED.

Health Department Renews Fight Against Unmuzzled Animals.

Health Commissioner Emerson's campaign against unmuzzled dogs began in earnest yesterday. Squads of patrolmen of the Health Squad and from various precincts toured the lower east side and summoned seventy-three dog owners for violating the law. They were arraigned in Essex Market Court before Magistrate Murphy, who imposed a fine of $1 in each case.

It was also announced by the Department of Health that the proper muzzling of dogs is to be rigidly enforced and that the "Figure 8" muzzle does not meet the requirements of the law. It was said that since Monday there had been 303 arrests, and that $525 had been collected from offenders in fines.

The health authorities have the co-operation of the City Magistrates, and it was said that the size of the fines would be increased unless the law was more generally complied with.

OLYMPIA IS FILLING; MAY BE TOTAL WRECK

Famous Cruiser Lies in a Dangerously Exposed Position at Block Island.

GUNS MAY BE RECOVERED

Some Ammunition Already Salvaged —Court of Inquiry to be Convened at Newport.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 27.—There are grave doubts whether the famous cruiser Olympia, aground on Cerberus Shoal, off Block Island, will be saved. She is full of water, and all perishable stores are ruined and the effects of officers and men lost, although her guns, shells, torpedoes, and most other movable equipment can probably be recovered. Even if the hull could be raised, it is not believed that the old ship would ever again be fit for active service. If she cannot be raised she will probably be blown up as a menace to navigation.

When the Olympia struck, her officers and crew, directed by Captain Waldo Evans, acting under the orders of Rear Admiral Henry B. Wilson, who was using her as his flagship, did all in their power to repair the disaster.

The cause of the cruiser's grounding is not yet known here, but it has been learned that she did not strike in a fog, and that she rests on a sand bottom, in which she is becoming more deeply imbedded. Her exposed position renders her case desperate if a storm should arise. The weather was clear all day, but a southerly wind sprung up in the afternoon.

The Chapman & Merritt wrecking outfit is alongside the ship, and the vessels of the patrol fleet are standing by.

A court of inquiry will be held here to investigate the circumstances of the Olympia's mishap. The members of her crew have been quartered in the new wooden barracks at the training station.

Tonight several barges belonging to the Second Naval District, laden with ammunition, stores, and equipment from the Olympia, came into harbor here. They reported the cruiser's condition precarious.

Two motion picture photographers started for Block Island today to film the Olympia, but orders for their arrest if they attempted to take the pictures brought them back to Newport, en route to New York.

Cancels Debs's Date for July 4.

ST. PETER, Minn., June 27.—The Minnesota Public Safety Commission has directed that the speaking engagement at this place of Eugene V. Debs, once candidate for President and a leader in the Socialist Party, for July 4, be canceled, it was announced today by E. C. Davis, member of the commission.

MEXICAN IMPORT DUTY ON NECESSITIES LIFTED

Government Also Takes Steps to Declare Cananea Copper Company Claims Forfeit.

MEXICO CITY, June 27.—By order of the Government all import duties were removed last night from articles of prime necessity, including foodstuffs, from July 1 to Dec. 31. Import duties were also removed on gasoline and higher derivatives of petroleum. This places the refiners in Mexico in competition with refiners in the United States and undoubtedly brought about the sudden rise here in the price of gasoline from 21 to 50 centavos a litre or approximately 50 cents a gallon.

Rafael Nieto, in charge of the Department of Finance, has issued a statement outlining the attitude of the Government against the Cananea Copper Company, which recently curtailed work in Sonora. He said the company had 1,300 mining claims when the law of progressive mine taxation, by which big holders pay more proportionately than small holders, went into effect and that it stopped paying taxes on more than half of its holdings without renouncing rights specifically.

DOING OUR BIT
BELL SYSTEM AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

"The Largest Machine *in* the World"

IS READY FOR WAR SERVICE

IN NEW YORK CITY a telephone subscriber lifts the receiver to his ear and calls for "Long Distance."

In Seattle, Washington, a few minutes later, a telephone bell rings in the office of another subscriber. It is answered.

Two people greet each other. The breadth of a continent melts away as if by magic and as though face to face, they discuss affairs of vital importance to the Nation.

Such is the mission of "the largest machine in the world"—a billion dollar telephone system that reaches all the four corners of the country and makes a neigborhood of the Nation.

In the all-important work of mobilizing the commercial and military resources of the Nation, this machine is utilized *thirty million times daily!* And the service it renders to the Nation, contributes tremendously to the speeding up of our *National Preparedness.*

Cooperation in the use of the service and care of equipment is essential at the present time to insure keeping the service up to the highest standards.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

The Joy—the Dash—the Life—the Vigour—the Vivacity of Champagne

From France

Perrier

"The Champagne of Table Waters"

DRINK TODAY

Diamonds
are not offered to car builders.
Motorists buy them as a matter of choice.

Why?

Live rubber, tough fabric, doggedly durable tread—mileage and service create a demand greater than for any other non-equipment tire.

Square-deal Service

Diamond Squeegee Tread Tires

THE DIAMOND RUBBER CO., Inc.,
1780 Broadway, New York.
Factories: Akron, Ohio—Distributors Everywhere.

What Happened Yesterday in Western Business?

Read C. B. Evans, editor of the Economist, in the Business Section of today's Public Ledger. His dispatch from Chicago gives not merely the customary figures of trading, but the undercurrent of commercial thought and the trend of business affairs that accurately show what the West is thinking and doing.

Westerners in New York will find in C. B. E.'s articles the consensus of opinion of the leading manufacturers, business men and bankers of all the mid-western centers.

In addition to C. B. E.'s letter, there are complete reports of all financial and commodity exchanges, special dispatches, reports from Washington, and pertinent NEWS OF BUSINESS from every section of the United States.

The Public Ledger is the only daily newspaper issuing a special Business Section.

PHILADELPHIA

PUBLIC LEDGER

On Sale at Leading Hotel Newsstands in New York

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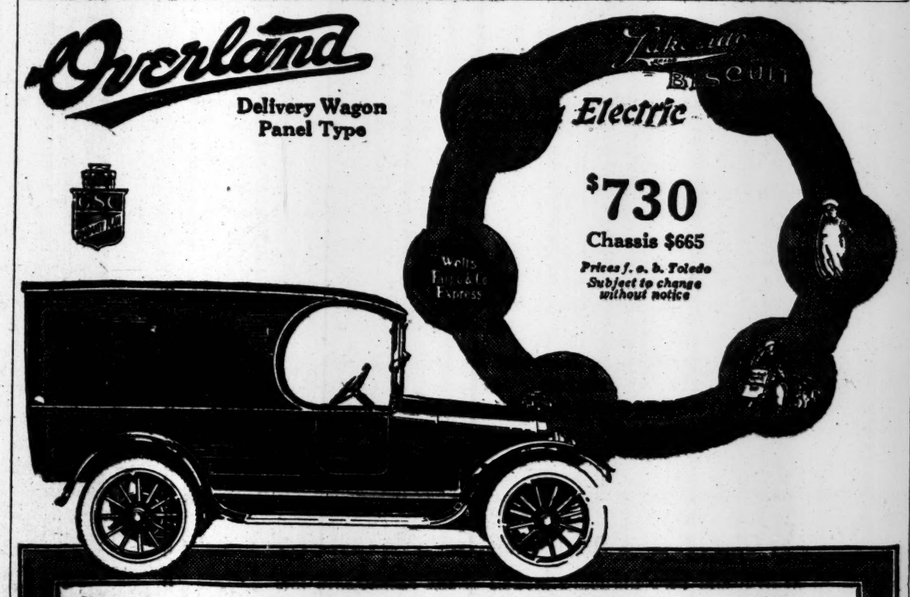

They All Use Overlands

Leading concerns in practically every line of trade are users of Overland Delivery Wagons. Glance at the trade marks shown above.

The first cost of a Delivery Wagon is *not* the most important cost.

Let us show you why 7,000 merchants chose Overlands.

WILLYS-OVERLAND, Inc.,
521-531 West 57th St. Telephone Columbus 9400.

BRONX BRANCH 149th St. & Courtlandt Ave. Tel. Melrose 120.
BROOKLYN BRANCH Cor. Fulton St. & Bedford Ave. Tel. Bedford 8200.
YONKERS BRANCH 57 South Broadway. Tel. Yonkers 1167.
NEWARK BRANCH 32-7 Halsey St. Tel. Mulberry 2848.
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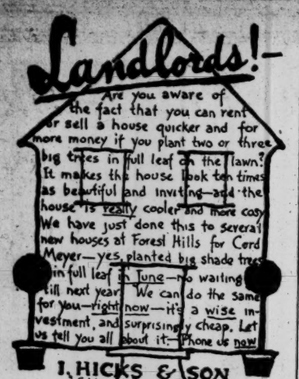
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GIANTS TO-DAY WITH BOSTON. 3:30 P. M., Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.

ASK MORE DIVIDENDS FOR RED CROSS FUND

Hoped Corporation Will Give $2,185,000 New York Needs to Meet $40,000,000 Allotment.

APPEAL TO WAGE EARNERS

Employers Enlisted In Effort to Have Each Worker Give One Day's Pay to the Fund.

A special committee which includes Cleveland H. Dodge, J. P. Morgan, and E. H. Gary is to begin work at once in the hope of getting enough corporation dividend for the Red Cross war fund to meet the $2,185,000 which is still short on New York's allotment of $40,000,000. Some seventy corporation dividends have already been made in favor of the fund, and none of these, it is said, was solicited.

While gifts kept pouring in yesterday by mail and through belated reports from the money-raising teams to swell the city's total, the New York County Chapter of the Red Cross announced the beginning of a new campaign to bring every wage-earner in Manhattan into the ranks of the Red Cross. Edgar J. Marston is at the head of the committee in charge of this new work, with headquarters at 30 East Thirty-sixth Street. Each of the 160,000 employers in New York will be asked to serve on the committee for his industry and to ask his employes to contribute one day's pay, which is to be deducted from their checks in installments, if desired.

"It was the idea of Harvey D. Gibson, Chairman of the County Chapter," said Mr. Marston, "that in this way the salaried employes and wage earners would have an excellent chance to contribute their share to alleviate the suffering which will undoubtedly begin in the near future. The $100,000,000 fund was raised very largely by large gifts and special dividends. This movement seeks to enlist every man, no matter how small may be his earnings, so that he, too, may have a share in the work of caring for the American soldiers going abroad.

Mr. Gibson and other officials of the local chapter were interested in the report from Washington that Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the War Council, had urged the State Department to ask the Allies to modify the rules which would prevent persons of German, Austro-Hungarian, Bulgarian, or Turkish parentage from going abroad with Red Cross units. They said, however, that they had not heard of any resignations from Red Cross membership on account of this ruling. N. Kostelianetz of 320 Manhattan Avenue has sent to THE TIMES a copy of a letter offering his resignation from membership as a result of this ruling, in which he says:

"I had been under the impression that we were joining the Allies in an effort to curb German militarism and Prussian ruthlessness. Instead we seem to be endeavoring to go them one better. The truckling, servile attitude of Colonel Kean toward the infamously inhuman request of the British and French authorities is forcing me to resign my membership, which I had cherished with pride.

"As a citizen of free Russia I cannot throw the ideals of humanity and democracy as lightly from me as the American Red Cross is on the verge of doing. Having had the proffer of their services in the Red Cross denied in this humiliating manner, the German-American has been granted by our generous Allies the privilege of sacrificing their fortunes and shedding their blood."

The accountants who are going over the records of receipts by the local War Committee in the $100,000,000 campaign will not have the list entirely revised until today or tomorrow, but in the meantime a number of corrections of contributions incorrectly listed have been made.

William Salomon's contribution through Edgar L. Marston's team was $50,000. It had been erroneously reported as $25,000.

Arbuckle Brothers' contribution through Albert H. Wiggin's team was $50,000, instead of $10,000.

The $25,000 subscription of Tiffany & Co. should have been credited to Mrs. Herbert Lee Pratt's suffrage team.

The subscription of $10,593.82 credited to the Y. M. C. A. was made by 10,000 members of the Y. W. C. A., through Mrs. James S. Cushman, President of the City Y. W. C. A.

The total announced yesterday for New York was $37,815,007.99, of which $3,949,550.85 was in cash, $16,507,609.16 in dividends, and $17,357,947.98 in pledges. The contributions outside of New York, according to a message sent from the national campaign headquarters in Washington at noon yesterday, were $72,527,102.00, making a total of $110,337,109.99.

There were some items listed yesterday not included in this total. One of these was a total of $11,480.61 received yesterday by mail at the local headquarters at 42 Wall Street, which brings the total of mail contributions up to about $212,000.

The largest additional contribution made yesterday came from William K. Vanderbilt. It was for $50,000 down and a like sum each year until the end of the war. This was credited to Team 12, Captained by Charles H. Sabin. Other contributions reported by this team were $7,500 from Mr. and Mrs. Samuel J. Clarke and Miss Ellen Clarke, and $4,150.80 additional from the Guaranty Trust Company.

E. B. Maynard's team reported $25,000 from the F. W. Bliss Company, $1,000 from Charles E. Potts and $600 from Charles E. Perkins.

It was announced that Frank A. Vanderlip had given $5,000 to defray part of the expenses of a special survey which Dr. Grayson, M. P. Murphy, and James H. Perkins are making in France.

Harry F. Sinclair of the Sinclair Oil Company sold 500 shares of his company's stock and turned over the proceeds, about $24,000.

Quan Yick Nam, a Chinese exporter of 9 Henry Street, who brought in $200 collected from Chinamen on Tuesday, contributed $20 himself yesterday.

Other contributions were credited to various teams as follows: Team No. 1, Michael Friedsam, captain, $2,500, from Gimbel Brothers, (part of contribution;) Team No. 2, T. A. Gillespie, captain, $2,000 from Henry R. Towne; Team No. 5, William M. Kingsley, captain, $1,000 from the agency of the British Bank of North America; Team No. 7, E. B. Maynard, captain, $500 from Hewlett & Lee; Team No. 9, J. P. Morgan, captain, $1,000 from the agency of the Bank of Nova Scotia and $1,000 from the New York branch of the Merchants Bank of Canada; Team No. 8, John Purroy Mitchel, captain, $6,000 from the New York branch of Butler Brothers, $1,000 from W. S. Emory, and $1,000 from Charles Triller; Team No. 14, James R. Sheffield, captain, $500 from Winslow S. Pierce; Team No. 22, Mrs. C. B. Alexander, captain, $25,000 from Mrs. W. E. Benjamin and $500 from Mrs. Charles P. Kling; Team No. 28, Mrs. J. A. Burden, Jr., captain, $500 from Judge E. H. Lacombe.

Other contributions acknowledged by the Executive Committee are $1,000 from the Yorkville Bank, $10,000 from J. H. Lane & Co., and $1,500 from C. S. Stillman.

Gift of a Laborer.

The contributions to the Suffrage Party's quota, which was perhaps most appreciated, came from an Italian laborer working on the excavation for the new Commodore Hotel.

He brought in $37.25 which he had collected among the workmen employed with him.

Montclair had the satisfaction of raising more money than several individual States. V. S. Mulford, Chairman of the chapter there, announced yesterday that the total subscriptions amounted to $318,000, or nearly $13 per capita, despite the fact that there were comparatively few large subscriptions. A Red Cross daily was published during the campaign and the interest of the entire community was enlisted.

Red Bank, N. J., under the management of Thatcher M. Brown of Brown Brothers & Co., requested that its allotment be raised by the National Campaign Committee from $10,000 to $30,000, and then proceeded to raise $100,000, ten times the original figure set by national headquarters.

FEAR RED CROSS CONTROL.

War Relief Societies Seek Co-operation Without Absorption.

Delegates from fifty-eight war relief societies which in the last three years have been raising money in this country to alleviate the condition of soldiers of the Allies met yesterday afternoon at the Ritz and organized to resist the danger of absorption by the Red Cross. Newspapermen were not permitted to attend the meeting, but statements were given out later regarding the action taken and some of the arguments advanced by the various speakers.

It was said that many of the organizations had been approached singly of late by the Red Cross with proposals for co-operation, and that many men and women who had become expert in relief work had been consulted. But there seemed to be widespread fear that the Red Cross wanted to, or was likely to, absorb all the relief societies that have been working for our allies, and the meeting was strongly in favor of what Edwin G. Merrill, Chairman of the National Allied Relief Committee, called "co-operation without elimination."

The meeting finally voted that Frederick H. Allen, who presided, should appoint a committee of seven to confer with the Red Cross Committee on Co-operation, headed by Judge Robert S. Lovett, and report back to the representatives of the fifty-eight relief societies. It is hoped that this committee can make some sort of arrangement with the Red Cross by which that organization will work in harmony with the other bodies and preserve the independence of all. John Moffat, prominent in several relief organizations, at whose suggestion the meeting was called, was chosen executive secretary of the council of war relief committees.

During the meeting there was some vigorous criticism of alleged Red Cross inefficiency and red tape in the past by Gertrude Atherton, Katherine Bement Davis, and Mary Hatch Willard. All confidence, according to the statements, was expressed in Henry P. Davison and the present organization of the Red Cross war council, but the representatives of the relief societies were inclined to hold that the present Red Cross executives had not yet acquired experience in the detail of relief work and that until they got it the existing societies were absolutely indispensable.

A PLEA TO SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

President Asks Patriotic Gifts to the Red Cross.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—President Wilson has called on all the Sunday schools of the country to observe next Sunday by special contributions to the Red Cross. His request is made in a letter addressed to the officers, teachers, and scholars of the Sunday schools of the United States, which reads:

"The present insistant call of our beloved country must be heard and answered by every citizen of the United States in proportion to his or her ability to maintain the national power and honor. Many citizens will render their aid by force of arms on the battlefield, while others will make the nation strong by their patriotic gifts and support to the common cause. It is therefore highly fitting that the Sunday schools of the nation should observe a special patriotic day, and on this occasion should make a special contribution to the American Red Cross for the alleviation of the suffering entailed by the prosecution of the present war. It is my earnest hope that your generosity may be unstinted in this, the hour of the nation's need, and that this special day may mean much to you in the understanding of the cause for which our beloved land now contends.

"WOODROW WILSON."

Establishment of dispensaries in all important seaports of the allied countries probably will be one of the first undertakings of the American Red Cross in administering the big war fund.

Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the Red Cross War Council, in a statement thanking the public for its response to the appeal for funds, said each of the Allies Governments had been asked for permission to establish the dispensaries, "a measure of relief urgently needed." Mr. Davison promised fullest publicity possible of the expenditure of the funds.

"The War Council of the Red Cross," he said, "is deeply sensitive of its very grave obligation to administer with all the wisdom and foresight which can be mustered into service the very large sum of money intrusted to it."

DEFENDS LOYAL AMERICANS.

Davison Deprecates Discrimination Because of Alien Origin.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the Red Cross War Council, made efforts today to obtain a modification of allied Governments' passport regulations which prevent Americans of German, Austrian, Turkish, or Bulgarian birth or parentage from accompanying Red Cross hospital units to European fields.

"In view of the earnest and wholehearted way in which so many Americans have volunteered their services in manning these base hospital units," said Mr. Davison, "this ruling of the allied nations is peculiarly embarrassing to the work of our Red Cross. The Red Cross has, of course, never questioned the loyalty of any American citizen, no matter what his place of birth, offering to make the sacrifice which any such volunteer service entails.

"It is not difficult to appreciate the attitude of the allied Governments, responsive as they are to the sentiment of their peoples. Such a ruling might perhaps be applied in a country containing only a relatively small number of citizens of alien birth, but to apply such an invariable rule with reference to workers from such a people as our own, must inevitably result in unfair discrimination against some of our most patriotic people.

"Obviously, no such ruling can be applied against our troops who will be fighting side by side with the Allies in France, and I am confident that when the situation is fully understood, exemption will be made in favor of those loyal American citizens who are sent to participate in the humanitarian work our Red Cross is undertaking.

"It may be that by some chance a disloyal man or woman may enlist, but I had rather take that chance than to take the chance of having any of our people dispirited and disheartened when they are really trying to help.

"I am sure that it is not the purpose of the allied nations to discriminate against any loyal American citizen. But it is of vital importance that the matter be so arranged, not only that no discrimination shall be intended, but that there shall be no appearance of discrimination."

Rockinchair
UNION SUITS FOR MEN

The coolest, newest and most comfortable warm-weather undergarments that any man can wear. Simple in construction, perfect in fit and supremely satisfactory from every standpoint. Try them to-day—your money back if you don't like them.

$1.00 $1.25 $1.50 $2.00

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1456 Broadway Broadway at 49th Street 44 East 14th St.
279 Broadway 2 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn 47 Cortlandt St.
125th Street at 3rd Avenue—Open Evenings

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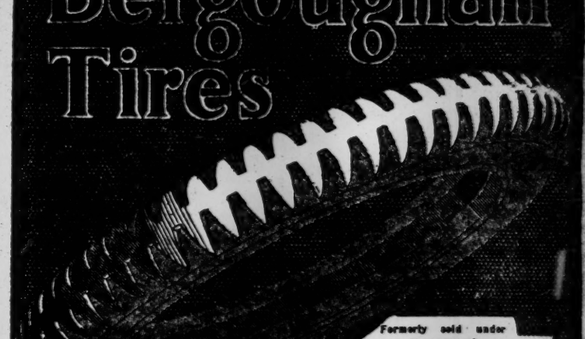

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Manufactured by the Etablissements Bergougnan of Clermont-Ferrand, France.
(Established in 1889)

BERGOUGNAN tires have a pedigree going back nineteen years. They are the fruit of the experience gained from year to year by experts devoting their best thought to the turning out of a perfect product built slowly and with care, with durability and comfort as the goal to be attained.

They are made of rubber, plus brains, plus time, plus the most careful, thorough and painstaking handling at every stage of manufacture.

BERGOUGNAN workmen are paid not according to how many tires they make, but according to how few mistakes they make.

They are the kind of tires that can be sold on the basis of satisfaction. We guarantee them for five thousand miles, but they frequently render double this service.

They look better
They wear better
They ARE better

And they do not cost more than ordinary tires.

At Your Dealer, or
BERGOUGNAN TIRE CORPORATION
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Overland
TRADE MARK REG

Outclasses Them All!

The wheelbase is 112 inches—but that does not tell the whole story of its comfortable roominess.

It has cantilever rear springs—but that does not tell the whole story of how easy riding it is.

It has the 35 horsepower Overland motor—but that does not tell the whole story of its performance or of its economy.

It has a brand new body design—but that does not tell the whole story of its perfect beauty.

You must see and drive the best Overland Four ever built—it simply outclasses in all these important ways any other car of such comfortable size ever built to sell for so low a price.

Get yours today—now is the time to buy.

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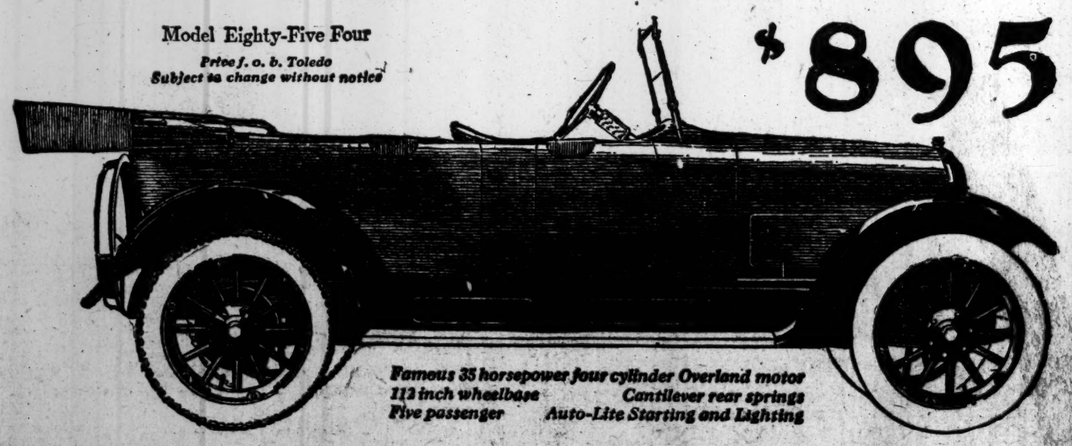
YONKERS BRANCH 57 South Broadway. Tel. Yonkers 5587.
NEWARK BRANCH 35-7 Halsey St. Tel. Mulberry 2646.

The factory will issue a new price list affecting certain models possibly as early as July the 1st and certainly not later than August the 1st

Model Eighty-Five Four
Price f. o. b. Toledo
Subject to change without notice

$895



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112 inch wheelbase *Cantilever rear springs*
Five passenger *Auto-Lite Starting and Lighting*

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Out to-day
New Victor Records for July

A superb record of Handel's "Largo" by Homer
The rich deep contralto of Homer voices all the majestic beauty of this sublime composition.
Victor Red Seal Record 88584. Twelve-inch, $3.

The favorite "Santa Lucia" sung by deGogorza
Fascinating in itself, this tuneful Neapolitan folk-song becomes extremely captivating through deGogorza's spirited rendition.
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The "Pique Dame Overture" beautifully played
A sprightly number characteristic of Von Suppe, splendidly interpreted by the Victor Concert Orchestra.
Victor Double-faced Record 18298, Ten-inch, 75c.

Two one-steps by the Central America Marimba Band
Pietro plays two delightful accordion solos
Eight lively dance medleys by the Victor Military Band
New song hits by Peerless Quartet and Campbell and Burr

39 others including

9 Stirring Patriotic Numbers
2 Favorite Gospel Hymns
8 Delightful Instrumental Selections
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Hear these new Victor Records today at any Victor dealer's. He will gladly give you a complete descriptive list and play any music you wish to hear.
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GOT $1,500 TO KILL BAFF, GUNMAN SAYS

But Money, He Adds, Was Only Produced After Threats of Trouble.

GIVES DETAILS OF PLOTS

When Loft Was Found Useless as an Ambush It Was Decided to Shoot Dealer from Street.

The repeated attempts made upon the life of Barnet Baff before he was finally killed in front of his poultry stand in the West Washington Market were described in detail yesterday by Antonio Cardinale, the gunman, when he resumed the stand before Justice Tompkins in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court to testify against the four chicken dealers—Jacob Cohen, Joseph Cohen, David Jacobs, and Abraham Graff—who are charged with plotting and procuring the murder of Baff.

Throughout his recital Cardinale appeared to be a willing witness until an attempt was made by Deputy Attorney General O'Malley to obtain from him some information as to where he was accustomed to meet the gunmen whom he said he had hired to kill Baff. When he was asked to locate the place where he encountered the gunmen after Baff had been killed he refused to answer. Justice Tompkins pressed him, but the witness shook his head and exclaimed time and again:

"I refuse to answer that question."

"Are you afraid to answer?" asked the court.

"No, but I won't answer that question.'

"What is your reason for not answering?"

"If I told you my reason," replied the witness, "I would be telling everything."

Before deciding to kill Baff, the witness declared, the defendants tried various methods of scaring their rival out of business. Cardinale said they hired Ippolito Greco, the Harlem gunman, now dead, to burn the market of one of Baff's customers, a man by the name of Newmark, thinking that it would damage Baff's business. Greco, according to Cardinale, did the job for $200, but Baff kept right on doing business as though nothing had happened. Cardinale also testified that Joe Cohen conceived the plan of poisoning the horses which Baff kept in a market at 417 East 110th Street.

"Joe Cohen said he would give $15 for every horse we poisoned," the witness declared, "and when I told Cohen that Greco didn't have any poison he sent me to Abe Graff to get a bottle. When Graff gave it to me he said: 'I wish I could put a teaspoonful in Baff's coffee.' I gave the poison to Ippolito Greco, who told me he gave it to one of Baff's horses. Louis Cohen told me one of the horses died."

When it came to devising ways of killing Baff, Cardinale said, the difficulty presented itself of finding men who would be willing to commit the murder in such a public place as the West Washington Market.

"At the second talk I had with Cohen about killing Baff," the witness testified, "he said: 'Tony, I know there are some good boys in Harlem. Speak to them. There are some good fellows who'll take a job to kill Baff.' I said: 'I don't know anything about them. All I can do is to speak to Ippolito Greco.' Joe Cohen said he would give $500 for the job."

Wanted to "Get" Baff Only.

It was Greco, according to Cardinale, who thought that it would be a good plan to put poison in the milk delivered at Baff's home, but Cohen turned this suggestion down because he did not want to "get" any other member of the family but Baff himself. Greco, said Cardinale, finally succeeded in hiring Russo and Di Paolo to do the job. Russo was "very thin," according to the witness, and Di Paolo "very fat."

"I told him the boys were too young," said Cardinale, "but he said he would give them some cocaine to snuff, and after a few snuffs they would do anything."

The boys, however, failed to make good on the job, and Greco had them replaced with Tony and Joseph Zaffarone, brothers, who have since been indicted as parties to the murder plot. It was found so difficult, however, to accomplish the murder from the street that the conspirators, according to Cardinale, decided to have Baff shot from a loft opposite his shop, where a man armed with a Winchester rifle could work from ambush. Cardinale said he purchased the rifle, with a silencer attachment and a box of cartridges, for $26.50.

They got a gunman to hide in the loft of Charlie Hawk's chicken market, directly across the street from Baff's establishment, but too many persons came up and down the stairs, and the gunman declined to work from that position. According to Cardinale, one of the defendants, Abe Graff, then put the man in the loft of another market, "Charlie Werner's," where Graff himself conducted a poultry business, and where he could keep a watch on every one who came and went. Cardinale said Graff had a hole three inches wide dug through the wall, through which the gunman could push his rifle and observe the street. Before the gunman took his position, Cardinale said, Graff fired several shots at a post in the wall to see that the rifle would do its work. The gunman kept watch from the loft for several days, during which time Graff, according to the witness, used to send a colored man up to him with sandwiches. Cardinale said he was afraid that the colored man might "get wise," and he told Graff so.

"But Graff said," declared the witness, "that the colored man didn't know anything, and was a good fellow, anyway. He said he had got him out of prison. Graff told the colored man that he had drilled a hole in the wall in order to see where a certain man was buying his chickens."

The gunman finally gave up his post again, saying that he was tired of waiting for Baff to pass and that he had not seen him pass in all the time that he was in the loft. The gunman said he would come down in an automobile with a companion and look over the ground to see whether it could not be done from the street. Cardinale spoke of this plan to Graff, and the latter, according to the witness, approved of it and urged the gunmen not to be afraid.

Several meeting followed in Greco's saloon, and it was decided that the murder should be committed from the street on Nov. 24, during Thanksgiving week, when the crowds in the market would make it easy for the murderers to escape detection. On the day of the killing, Cardinale said he went down to Graff's place in the morning and told him that the job was to be done in the afternoon. Graff, according to Cardinale, told him he would have everything ready. Joe Cohen and the other defendants, the witness said, were warned to keep away from the scene.

Did Not Like the Job.

In the afternoon the gunmen arrived, but they were unable to proceed with their work at once because detectives were discovered buying turkeys in the vicinity. After the coast was clear, Graff, according to Cardinale, said he would call Baff out to answer a telephone call, thus bringing him within range of the assassins. Cardinale then disappeared into a nearby chicken market and had nothing more to do with the job until after it was all over. He hard several shots, and later, he said, he joined Graff and "Chicken Moe" Rosenstein in a side street. "Chicken Moe," according to the witness, was in a rage because Baff had only been shot in the shoulder. He did not think the job was well done.

After the shooting Cardinale and "Chicken Moe" went to Graff's place. Each one took a turkey to disarm suspicion and walked out of the market without attracting any attention. Cardinale told of the difficulty he had in making the conspirators pay the money which they promised for the murder.

Finally, according to Cardinale, Graff gave $500 to Greco, who in turn passed it over to the gunman. After several weeks, under the stress of repeated threats from the gunmen to make trouble, Cardinale said, Cohen sent Graff with $1,000 to the corner of Lenox Avenue and 142d Street, where Graff gave the money to the gunmen. For his own services in the conspiracy, Cardinale said, he received a series of remunerations from Cohen, as well as assistance in establishing with Cohen's backing a chicken market in Brooklyn. The trial continues today.

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"Melts in the Mouth" The first taste wins!

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There is nothing else just like Holland Rusk—no toast so nutritious, delicious or digestible. You always want more—and you never tire of it. Good for breakfast, luncheon or dinner—at any time for everybody.

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SEES PERIL FOR GIRLS IN CONVICTS' LETTERS

Burdette G. Lewis, Commissioner of Correction, Disapproves of Correspondence Bureau.

WARNS 'PHILANTHROPIST'

Man Serving Fifth Term in Prison Exchanges Letters with Girl Fourteen Years Old.

Burdette G. Lewis, Commissioner of Correction, announced yesterday that he had discovered the existence of a society in Washington, D. C., which is supplying prisoners in penal institutions throughout the country with the names of girls for the purpose of correspondence. The facts were disclosed after the authorities here had intercepted letters between a man now serving his fifth term in prison and a country girl, 14 years old, in West Virginia. Luther C. White, Superintendent in charge of industries of the Department of Correction, made a report on the matter to Commissioner Lewis. It says in part:

"I find that through a society managed by Dr. H. N. Stokes of 1,207 Q Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., various prisoners have obtained correspondents, mostly, if not all, of the female sex, in different parts of the United States. Apart from the very doubtful wisdom of allowing such correspondence from your and my viewpoint, a case has come to my attention today which is, I think, very bad in its possible effects on the girl concerned. I enclose herewith her letter, which I wish you would read, and if you think it wise, write to her father or mother warning them of the danger she may be in. This George Landin, 21,542, is now serving his fifth term in penal institutions by our records. He is the alleged proprietor of a bowling alley in West Twenty-third Street, and is of a peculiarly unwholesome type to be corresponding with a fourteen-year-old country girl."

Commissioner Lewis immediately wrote to the girl's father at New Cumberland, W. Va., and to the man at Washington. To the father he wrote in part:

"The letter from your daughter dated June 13, 1917, addressed to Landin, who is now serving his fifth term in penal institutions, shows that she is wholly innocent of any wrongdoing, and that she has no appreciation whatever of what a prisoner is or of what a prison is. She certainly must be held wholly blameless in every way. I send you herewith a copy of her letter of June 13, 1917, addressed to Landin, which shows this to be a fact. This is a case where, I believe, a father and a mother by sympathetic handling of the child's case may be able to show her why such correspondence should not continue, despite the innocence of her motives."

In his letter to the Washington man Commissioner Lewis recited the facts in the case and continued:

"Landin is the kind of man who travels about when out of prison from one city to another. Upon discharge it would not be at all difficult for him to visit West Virginia in his wanderings and come in contact with this young girl. She sent him a picture of herself which shows her in short skirts and beautiful curls. I write to ask if it is true that Landin secured this young girl as a correspondent through you or your bureau, and if you are engaged in this kind of work. If it is true, let me assure you that the sooner you stop this nonsense the better it will be for the young women of America and the prisoners undergoing sentence in institutions."

Here is an extract from one of the letters the girl sent to the prisoner:

"I do a lot of crocheting after I get my work done. My sister and I started to take music lessons yesterday so that will keep us busy for awhile. I don't know whether I will like it or not. We have a cow and chickens, so we have work enough to do to keep us busy. It is very quiet here where we live."

In commenting on the case yesterday Commissioner Lewis said:

"I think the doctor is a misguided philanthropist, but the idea of supplying prisoners with the names and addresses of innocent girls to write to is certainly wrong, and I shall do everything I can to break it up."

DR. STOKES DENIES CHARGE.

Aids Prisoners, but Not Through Young Girls, He Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Dr. Stokes, head of an organization known as the O. E. Library League, which he said had been engaged for several years in the work of aiding prisoners, made a flat denial today of the statements of Commissioner Lewis.

"Mr. Lewis has written to me," he said. "He mentions a prisoner, George Landin, serving his fifth term at Blackwell's Island, who he says has been corresponding with a girl, 14 years old, of New Cumberland, W. Va. I never heard of either of them.

"While the aim of our league is to bring prisoners in touch with mature people who may aid them, our membership of 2,000 is a carefully selected one and there are no young girls in any way connected with any work we do. Mr. Lewis has made a bad mistake."

HUNT FOR REFUGE WHERE COCCHI HID

Continued from Page 1.

Alfred M. Brown about midnight of Feb. 13, failed to put machinery of the Police Department in motion that might have resulted in the finding of Miss Cruger's body and the arrest of Alfredo Cocchi on the morning of Feb. 14 and certainly would have resulted in sending out the general alarm for the missing girl twenty-four hours before it was circulated, and the assignment of Detective Sergeant John L. Largarenne to the case more than five hours before he was assigned.

Lieutenant Brown, who was a witness, gave testimony in sharp contradiction to that of Mr. and Mrs. Brown and Detective Edward W. Willi concerning his treatment of the report of Ruth Cruger's disappearance. At one point in the proceedings, Commissioner Wallstein told the Lieutenant that he strongly suspected him of altering certain figures in the daily record book of the Fourth Branch Bureau in order to make them support his testimony, but later on the Commissioner said that, although he had not abandoned his suspicion, he would not then make a charge on the point against the policeman. He would not say, after the examination, whether he intended to recommend to Police Commissioner Woods, as in the case of Sergeant Lagarenne, that Lieutenant Brown be tried for neglect of duty.

The other main feature of the day was the testimony of Patrick F. Solan, general foreman of the Grand Central Terminal buildings, who told how, on Saturday, June 16, he went to Cocchi's cellar and was able practically to go straight to Ruth Cruger's buried body by means of intelligent observations and deductions made possible by evidence of which the police detectives, who made their so-called search of the cellar before Cocchi escaped, could have availed themselves.

Lieutenant Brown testified that he was on desk duty in the Fourth Branch Bureau at about 12:30 A. M. on Feb. 14, when Mr. and Mrs. Brown came in and reported that Ruth Cruger, whose family were their friends, had been missing from her home at 180 Claremont Avenue since 1:30 P. M. on Feb. 13, or for about eleven hours. He said that he directed Detective Willi, who was in the branch at the time, to take a description of the girl and the circumstances of her disappearance, which Willi did, using a card known in the Detective Bureau as D. B. 13. His testimony thus far was undisputed, but his subsequent statements were contradicted by the other three persons in the bureau office when the report was made.

When Commissioner Wallstein asked Lieutenant Brown what action he took, in addition to having the description recorded, he said that he had placed Detective Willi at Mr. Brown's immediate service, to do anything the man reporting the missing girl directed. Detective Willi later testified that Lieutenant Brown did not instruct him to do anything in the case except write out the description, and both Mr. and Mrs. Brown testified that the Lieutenant said nothing to them about making use of Willi's services.

Lieutenant Brown also testified that he was prevented from starting an immediate search for Ruth Cruger because Mr. and Mrs. Brown were able to furnish only an inadequate description of her—he said the description was "shy"—and that the police proceedings had to wait until the complete description could be obtained from the girl's father or family after daybreak. Mr. Brown, who gave the description to Willi, testified that she furnished all information desired by the detective except as to Ruth's teeth, and Willi confirmed her testimony, adding that he did not consider the item about the teeth essential to the instituting of a police search, that neither he nor Lieutenant Brown said anything about an inadequate description at the time, and that, when he telephoned to the Cruger home after daybreak, he did so without instructions, purely out of his own curiosity, to know whether the girl had returned, and neither solicited nor obtained any information with which to supplement the description taken shortly after midnight. When police action finally was taken in the case, it was taken solely on the basis of the information left at the bureau by Mr. and Mrs. Brown when they first reported the girl's disappearance.

Held the Case "in Abeyance."

Lieutenant Brown further testified that he held Ruth Cruger's case "in abeyance" because Mr. Brown wanted the police to wait until the return of the girl's father from Boston before taking full action. When pressed by Commissioner Wallstein, the Lieutenant said that the question of newspaper publicity was the only matter that Mr. Brown wished left open for the decision of Mr. Cruger, and admitted that he could have taken many steps in the police search without waiting for this question to be decided.

Mr. Brown testified that he strongly urged Lieutenant Brown to take immediate action in the case, especially to send out a general alarm, and, although he expressed objection to publicity, even authorized the Lieutenant to give the story to the newspapers if that was necessary for a thorough search for the missing girl. He said that Lieutenant Brown told him that, according to department regulations, a general alarm could not be sent out for twenty-four hours, and when Mrs. Brown took the stand she corroborated this and said she made a personal appeal to the policemen in the bureau to do something at once to find Ruth Cruger.

"They said," she testified, "that they could not do anything for twenty-four hours. I said to them, 'Do you mean to say that you will let an eighteen-year-old girl stay out all night without doing anything to find her?' Why, anything that could happen to her at all could happen in twenty-four hours. Here's my automobile out in front; you can use it all you wish.' They said that the majority of girls who disappeared as she had came back all right by themselves, and I said, 'But this girl won't come back by herself, because if she was able to come back she would have come back by now. She's not the type of girl who would leave her home and stay away all night.' When I said I could not understand how they could think of not doing anything to find missing girls for twenty-four hours, one of them said, 'We don't think. We obey orders.'"

It would appear from the testimony that Mrs. Brown's conversation was chiefly with Lieutenant Brown.

When Commissioner Wallstein questioned Lieutenant Brown in an effort to find out just what the police did do on the night of receiving the report in addition to having the description taken, the Lieutenant could mention nothing specific except that he telephoned to Police Headquarters to learn whether a report of Ruth Cruger's appearance at a hospital, a police station, or anywhere else had been received there.

Card Record Put Aside.

Lieutenant Brown put the "D. B. 13" card bearing the description into a basket on his desk and did not enter the report of Ruth's disappearance in the bureau's daily record book or leave a memorandum directing the Lieutenant who relieved him to do so. He insisted that he was guilty of no negligence in this, but Commissioner Wallstein appeared to think differently. Brown went off duty at 12:45 o'clock, or fifteen minutes after receiving the report of Ruth's disappearance, and left the "D. B. 13" card, the only record in the bureau of the fact that the girl was missing, lying on the desk. Willi, who had made out the card, his duty therewith being done, according to his testimony, went to bed in the bureau building, and Lieutenants John J. Flannelly and Maurice Bonnoll followed Brown in going on duty at the desk without apparently doing anything about the "D. B. 13" card. Lieutenant Francis A. Stainkamp came on duty shortly after 9 o'clock on the morning of Feb. 14 and at about the same time, according to his testimony, Detective Willi, having arisen, came to the desk and chanced to notice the card still lying there. Willi said he called Stainkamp's attention to the "D. B. 13," and, according to testimony by this Lieutenant and the police records, Stainkamp entered the report of Ruth Cruger's disappearance in the daily record book at 9:30 A. M. and telephoned the general alarm to Police Headquarters at 10:15 A. M.

When the general alarm reached Police Headquarters the alarm sheet for the day had been printed, so it was held over until the next morning's printing, and the general alarm for the missing girl did not, therefore, go out until the morning of Feb. 15. As was brought out by questions put to the various police witnesses by Commissioner Wallstein, if Lieutenant Brown had entered the Cruger case in the record book when it was reported to him, or if Lieutenant Flannelly or Bonnoll had done so during the night, the general alarm would have been sent automatically to Police Headquarters shortly after the time of entry and in time for inclusion in the alarm sheet of Feb. 14.

Furthermore, Commissioner Wallstein brought out that Detective Sergeant Lagarenne was in the Fourth Branch Bureau at 8:30 A. M. on Feb. 14 and would have received the assignment to the Cruger case at that time if the entry had been made in the book. If he had done so he might have gone to the Cruger home that morning and possibly would have been present to accompany Miss Helen Cruger on one of her visits to Cocchi's shop when she found the place locked. As he was a policeman he would have had authority to get into the shop promptly and would have come upon Cocchi in the act of burying Ruth Cruger's body. As it was, Lagarenne did not get the assignment at 8:30 o'clock in the morning, but at 2 o'clock in the afternoon when he returned to the bureau.

Lieutenant Brown insisted that Lieutenant Flannelly, who relieved him, should have sent the general alarm to Police Headquarters, and Flannelly will be questioned about this point at today's hearing.

Commissioner Wallstein's suspicion that Lieutenant Brown had altered figures in the record book was a consequence of Brown's testimony that cases were not always entered in the record book in chronological order. The Commissioner directed the Lieutenant to take the book into another room and find evidence of such incidents. Returning to the examination room, Brown submitted two pairs of entries to support his contention. Commissioner Wallstein found that in both instances the figures showing times of entry seemed to have been changed to affect the chronological order, and he exclaimed:

"I strongly suspect you, Lieutenant, of altering those figures. If I can prove it I shall tell you so later."

Brown insisted that he had not altered the figures, and Mr. Wallstein said:

"Well, if I find that to be true I'll tell you that, too."

The noon recess came at this point and when the examination was resumed Commissioner Wallstein announced that he suspected that the figures had been altered at some time, and that Brown had been alone with the book for half an hour, but that he did not desire to accuse the Lieutenant then with making the alterations. Lieutenant Brown said that if Commissioner Wallstein would refer to duplicate records which had not been in his (Brown's) possession he would find that the times noted on them agreed with the entries in the book, and Mr. Wallstein promised to make this comparison.

When Lieutenant Stainkamp entered the report of Ruth Cruger's disappearance in the record book the time he noted, which, according to police regulations, should indicate when the report was received at the bureau, was not 12:30 A. M. when the report really was received, but 9:30 A. M., when the entry was made. Stainkamp insisted on the stand that he did not violate any police regulation in making the entry as he did, but Commissioner Wallstein appeared to think that he was guilty at least of a technical violation of General Order No. 18, which required the time of the receipt of the report to be noted. Lieutenant Stainkamp's version of the procedure that should follow the report of a missing person to a bureau differed in several important points from the actual procedure of Lieutenant Brown.

How Solan Found the Body.

Patrick F. Solan testified that he went to Cocchi's shop on June 16, at the request of his employer, who was a friend of Mr. Cruger. Mr. Sloan went into the cellar and soon noticed two chests of drawers apparently used, when placed together, as a work bench. But he also noticed that these chests were not "mechanically put" as though they had been placed in positions where they would be of greatest service to one working at them. Their ends were not touching and one of them was a little further from the wall than the other. His suspicions aroused, Mr Solan seized one of the chests and pulled it out from the wall. Although he weighs only 116 pounds and is not an athlete, he said he had no difficulty in moving the chest. Detective Lagarenne, when he made his search, could have moved it easily.

When he pulled the chest out, Mr. Solan turned his electric flashlight on the space where it had stood and saw at once that, instead of the wooden boards covering the rest of the floor, there was earth. He soon made the additional discovery that a hole five feet long and two feet wide had been cut with an axe and hand saw in the wooden floor where the chest had stood. A workman, whom he instructed to dig, found that a concrete base under the wooden floor had been torn away. The workman soon turned up cinders, the spring of a motor cycle seat, and articles of a man's motor cycle clothing. Further digging soon revealed that Cocchi had tunneled from the excavation under the concrete base of the cellar and placed Ruth Cruger's body in the tunnel.

Commissioner Wallstein will continue the questioning of police detectives and others in his office at 10:30 this morning.

Woods Orders Charges Prepared.

Police Commissioner Arthur Woods yesterday ordered Chief Inspector Schmittberger to prepare charges against Detective Sergeant Lagarenne on the evidence forwarded by Commissioner Wallstein. Lagarenne was not suspended, and will remain in the department pending trial, which will take place after the conclusion of the Wallstein hearing.

Mrs. Humiston and Inspector Faurot held a long conference at Police Headquarters yesterday afternoon, and later both went to the District Attorney's office to discuss the disclosures of Mrs. La Rue with officials there. Late in the evening Mrs. Humiston and detectives went to the Polyclinic Hospital to talk again to Mrs. La Rue, who is recovering from the injuries she sustained after leaping from the window of her apartment on the third floor at 215 West Eightieth Street, because of an attack by two men who wanted to kill her, she said, because she had given information to Mrs. Humiston which helped in finding the body of Ruth Cruger.

After leaving the hospital Mrs. Humiston said that she was informed by the superintendent of the institution that Mrs. La Rue would have to be removed from the $35 a week room which she occupies. Mrs. Humiston said that she would endeavor to raise funds to pay for the room and prevent the transfer of Mrs. La Rue. She thought Mrs. La Rue was safer in the hospital than she would be elsewhere.

Mrs. Humiston also told about a call she had made on Father Moretto. The priest, she said, admitted hearing he had seen Cocchi on two occasions after the disappearance of Ruth Cruger.

Mrs. Humiston said that she asked Father Morretto why he shed tears on the day that Miss Helen Cruger called on him regarding her sister's disappearance. The priest replied, according to Mrs. Humiston, thath his emotion was due to the fact that he had just received a letter from his modther in Italy which contained many affectionate references.

A mass meeting of clergymen and laymen called to consider the police work in the Cruger case, held last night at the Holyrood Episcopal Church, on Fort Washington Avenue, brought forth criticosm from twelve of the 200 persons present of what they considered neglect, and also a defense of the Bureau of Missing Persons at Police Headquarters by Lieutenant Grant Williams.

Lieutenant Williams said that until a few years ago missing persons were reported to the various district detective branches, and that detectives assigned to these cases were generally the same me nwho had to search for burglars.

Lieutenant Williams believed that conditions had improved.

DOUBTS COCCHI'S SANITY.

Slayer's Attorney Wants Client to Undergo Examination.

BOLOGNA, June 27.—An effort probably will be made to have Alfredo Cocchi, the slayer of Ruth Cruger of New York, undergo a mental examination.

Signor Venturini, Cocchi's attorney, believes such an examination is indispensible, as he is of the opinion that the man is not entirely responsible for his actions. According to the defense even Cocchi's behavior in prison is not that of an entirely sane person.

Cocchi is being held strictly incommunicado in the jail here, except that he is frequently brought from his cell to be interrogated by Judge Zucconi, who wrung from him the confession that he killed Ruth Cruger. Judge Zucconi is awaiting evidence from the United States which may be the basis for fuller revelations by Cocchi with regard to the murder of the girl. Meanwhile he has questioned a number of Cocchi's relatives, including his father and his brother and his mother-in-law and sister-in-law. Both Cocchi's father and brother denied absolutely that the prisoner ever had hinted that he killed the girl.

The father of Cocchi told Judge Zucconi that he was in New York from 1906 to 1909 and that he returned to Italy owing to the frequent quarrels between Alfredo and his wife.

WIFE HALTS TRAFFIC TO WHIP POLICEMAN

Ruben, Accused by His Family, Is Beaten with His Own Club.

No one has accused Isaac Ruben of singing "The Policeman's Lot Is Not a Happy One," but several persons know that W. S. Gilbert's words have his heartiest indorsement. Ruben knows, too, because he is a patrolman of Traffic Squad E. He also lives at 48 Convent Avenue.

Ruben's unhappiness began at 7:30 o'clock last night. He was on duty at Sixty-fifth Street and Broadway, which is Lincoln Square, and a busy place. In fact, Patrolmen Ruben, Winegar, and Healy had their hands full, what with several hundred automobiles taking persons downtown, a like number going north, and a whole lot of hard-working New Yorkers just going home. Surely 7:30 found Patrolman Ruben a busy man.

At 7:32 he was still more busy, for one woman grabbed Ruben's hands, knocking off his helmet, while another and older one stepped in front of him, gave him one withering glance, and then drew from under a coat a long slim package wrapped in brown paper. She tore the paper off and then she brandished a patrolman's stick, which landed on Ruben with telling effect. It kept on landing until Ruben's cries brought Patrolman Winegar and Healy to his aid. Ruben tried, with their aid, to dodge the stick—it was his own dress baton, brought from his home by his wife and mother-in-law—but the stick continued to land.

Meanwhile traffic became congested from Sixty-fifth Street to Seventy-second. There was no one to tell the automobiles to stop or to go, and, as usually happens in such cases, they stopped in tangles. In one of the cars was a rather heavy man with black hair and a dark mustache. It was Police Inspector Faurot on his way home to dinner. He sent one of his aids back to find out what the trouble was. His aid reported that Ruben was having some family trouble. Back went from the inspector peremptory orders that, family or no family, troubles or no troubles, the traffic policemen in Lincoln Square didn't open up traffic so he could go along there would be trouble at headquarters.

Ruben and his fellow-policemen were scoring a poor second at Sixty-fifth Street and Broadway, where the Inspector's command was received, but they went to their posts. By the time traffic was moving again Ruben asked Winegar and Healy if they would arrest his wife and mother-in-law, who were approaching with verbal explanations that they were by no means through with a man who paid attentions to other women than his wife. Winegar and Healy told their friends that if the two women were to be arrested some other policemen would do the job. However, they made a truce, as the result of which Ruben, with his wife and mother-in-law, stood a short time later before Lieutenant Hamil in the West Sixty-eighth Street Police Station. The Lieutenant was rash enough to ask the women what the trouble was. They both explained at length. Mrs. Ruben succeeded in making herself understood to the effect that Ruben was too friendly with another woman.

"He would let me starve and my baby, too, for that other woman," she told the Lieutenant. "I could forgive him if he would even tell me about it, but he won't do that."

To Mrs. Ruben and her mother the Lieutenant said:

"I advise you to go down to the Domestic Relations Court, and tell your troubles there." To Ruben he said: "I advise you to go back to your post." To Mrs. Ruben he added: "You mustn't bother your husband while he is on duty." Ruben left first.

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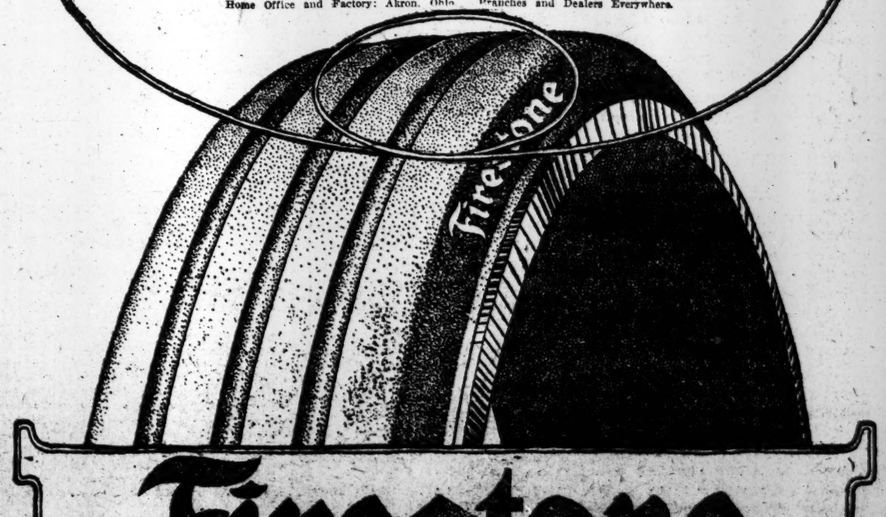

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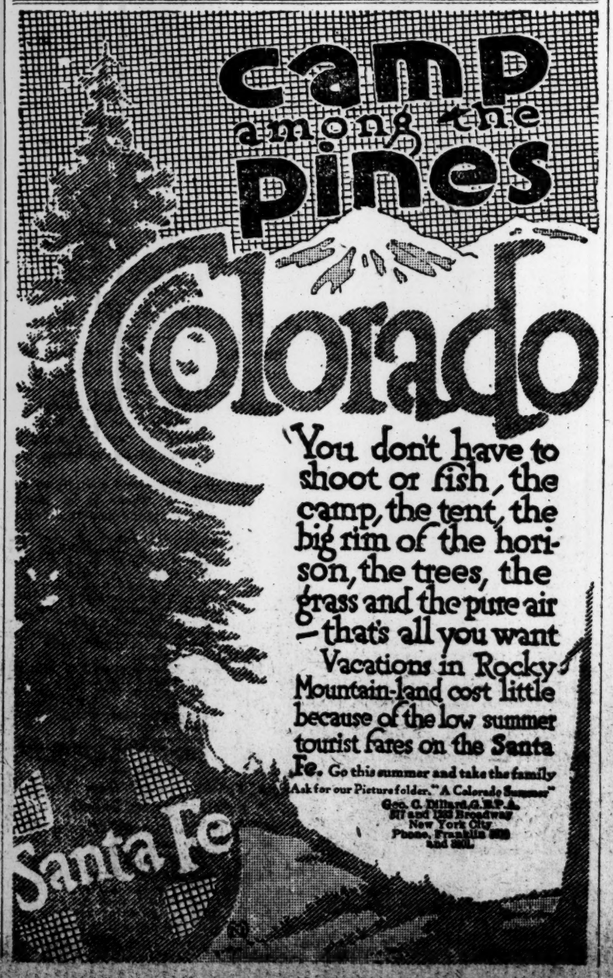

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 28, 1917.

OUR TROOPS IN FRANCE.

Never have any American passengers landed in France who had such a welcome as that given to those who landed yesterday and the day before, and are still landing. Never did any ships sail from America that were followed by such heartfelt prayers and good wishes. This division of regulars is the first installment of those who are returning the far-off visit of the Comte DE ROCHAMBEAU. The French who gave them that mad welcome have seen with their own bodily eyes the fulfillment of the Biblical saying; what they cast upon the waters of the Atlantic has returned to them after many days.

"Very soon," the cautiously censored dispatch says, these Americans will probably "be carrying the Stars and "Stripes in the assaults which are "steadily driving the Germans out of "France and Belgium." From General SIBERT'S camp they will "probably go soon to a point near the front." It is all we are permitted to know, but it is enough to show that the Homeric German laughter over the "American wooden sword" is nearing its end, and that perhaps very soon the derisive German face will sober down.

REGULATION BY AGREEMENT.

In New York the Government is prosecuting alleged conspirators in restraint of part of the trade in soft coal. In Washington the Government is foremost in promoting the biggest coal combination ever heard of. The conflicting decisions leave the status of the anthracite coal trust in doubt. There never was a combination of the hard and soft coal trades, partly because there are economic reasons for keeping the trades apart, and partly from fear of the fate of the anthracite defendants. Now it is stated on behalf of the Federal Trade Commission that there will be no prosecution for combining both trades if the prices are revised by authority. There is pending a formal proposal "earnestly re-"questing every coal operator in the "United States to join a coal opera-"tors' association of his State," and to form such an association where there is none. Fear of prosecution was stated to be the reason for the scarcity of coal. "If the Attorney General "would tell us that the law would not "be used against us we could bring "down the price of coal very quickly," said a spokesman for the operators.

The temptation to be facetious regarding the contrast of these positions should be resisted. The Sherman law was never less a jest than now, and the whole philosophy of price regulation is raised for decision. It already has appeared that it is as much a mistake to make prices to the Government too cheap as too dear. There is ample experience to support the statement that absolute price fixing is futile. Food Administrator HOOVER has explicitly stated that he has no intention to repeat the errors which have been made in acting on the idea that price edicts can control the markets. The gentleman who was described as "the Hoover of the coal trade," Mr. F. S. PEABODY, is known as an operator who has won his way to first rank by reasonableness and persuasion rather than by force. He knows how to differ with others without causing a quarrel, and is said to be of the opinion that business sense and patriotism alike would help in moderating prices which customers have been compelled to pay for lack of control of the trade.

It will be easy to reduce prices from the maximum now quoted in several trades. They are not representative prices for coal or steel or other commodities. It would not be possible for the Government or private customers to pay the full prices quoted as paid for small quantities by those under exceptional need for materials of manufacture. On the other hand, it would not be possible for the trade in coal or copper or anything else to supply all demands at the prices which have been made for the Government. If the Government were to reduce the price it pays for coal as much as it succeeded in doing for some copper, the result would be similar. The trade would be disorganized, and there would be danger of much reduced production. If the Government were to commandeer the mines, that would bring it face to face with labor, which already has expressed its dislike of the coal negotiations, because promising regulation of wages as well as prices. It is in many ways preferable that the organization of trades should be as little disturbed as possible. Fortunately there is manifested a disposition toward co-operation on the part of Government as well as on the part of the "conspirators" whom Government is prosecuting.

It would be a great step forward if the Government price for anything should be accepted rather as a standard price than either a maximum or minimum. The Government, upon economic considerations alone, ought to pay an attractive price, rather high than low. The reason is that it is the most necessitous and the richest of all buyers. It has no contracts to protect it. It demands instant deliveries, and is under no restraint of profit or loss. On the other hand, it deals with those who are economically conditioned by considerations from which Government is exempt. Mr. BARUCH has already stated the principle which ought to control Government purchases. The price ought to be such within reason as will produce the goods without exciting contention. Nothing counts in comparison with winning the war, and the war is difficult to win in the face of internal economic dissensions. A steady course along present paths, and support of those who are doing so well, is what the case calls for.

THE RED CROSS TRIUMPH.

The second "drive" ended like the first. The Red Cross War Council, under the skilful management of HENRY P. DAVISON, set out to raise $100,000,000 in seven days. The seven days are up, and it has raised $114,000,000. The first drive was for the Liberty Loan. The third is to raise 70,000 volunteers for the regular army. The success of the first two is a good omen for the third.

There are still those who say that America is apathetic, uninterested in the war. The truth is that America, in all her history, never entered any war in which such things as these either could be or would be done at the outset. No European country in the present war had such a success with its first loan as we have had with ours. That fact could not be denied, so it was met with the remark that the Liberty Loan was an investment. The war loans of the United States in the past, the European war loans today, were investments, but they were never so successful as this. But the Red Cross subscription is no investment, and it, too, is oversubscribed, great as the amount demanded for it was, short as the time was.

Again we must repeat that the fact that the United States is not yelling and waving its arms about this war is no indication that it is not wholeheartedly in it, and that people who continue to nurse delusions about it will continue hunting for explanations as they get one shock after another.

THE TORPEDOPLANE.

Zeebrugge, Cuxhaven, Wilhelmshaven, and Kiel are the only points of the German offensive on sea or land not now under check and control by the Allies. Kiel, near the Baltic terminus of the Kaiser Wilhelm Canal, and Wilhelmshaven are great naval stations where the German Navy has taken refuge almost continuously from the beginning of the war. The German sea power, with the highly important exception of the submarines, may be said to be under control of the Allies, but from Cuxhaven at the mouth of the Elbe and from Zeebrugge in Belgium, German submarines issue forth for their forays against the commerce of Great Britain and France.

There is a growing belief that the torpedoplane is the only weapon of which the Allies can make effective use against these German naval bases, or any one of them. An attack by ships of war upon Kiel, Wilhelmshaven, or Cuxhaven is impossible because of powerful land defenses and the seas of mines, the safe lanes through which are known only to the Germans. Zeebrugge can be attacked only from the air because of the shallow water which extends several miles from the coast. That the torpedoplane, invented by Rear Admiral BRADLEY A. FISKE and patented by him in 1912, can be successfully used in naval warfare has been demonstrated on two occasions. Four Turkish ships were sunk in the Sea of Marmora by British torpedoplanes in August, 1915, and a German torpedoplane destroyed the British steamer Gena near the English coast on May 1 of the present year. The Germans and the English have been quick to avail themselves of this American invention; we have repeated a frequent experience in seeing foreign Powers make use of American inventions which advance the military naval art while we ourselves neglect them.

Zeebrugge is a little over 75 miles from the British coast. Cuxhaven and Wilhelmshaven are less than 50 miles from Heligoland, the great German island fortress which protects them. Kiel is about 90 miles from that island. It is the belief of Admiral FISKE that from a sea base of British warships established 50 miles west of Heligoland torpedoplane raids upon these three German bases might be carried out with destructive effect. Torpedoplanes could easily cross the distance from England to Zeebrugge, do their work, and return. At that point it is believed that they might destroy many submarines by hovering in the offing, where, owing to the shallow water, the U-boats would be unable to submerge; for five or six miles they would be in plain sight of the foe.

Mr. PARK BENJAMIN, who is a very good authority in naval matters, is confident that the torpedoplane is "the only promising means at the present moment" which the Allies can employ to destroy the nests from which the sea vermin emerge and to attack the places of refuge of the German high seas fleet. Shortly after the destruction of the British steamer Gena, Mr. BENJAMIN said:

> The German fleet is reported to be in the Kiel Canal and in Wilhelmshaven. It is apparently practicable to drop the mobile torpedoes into the canal. No aiming is necessary. Even if after immersion they run into the banks and explode, they will tear therefrom great masses of earth and masonry revetment, thus choking the passageway, as the Culebra slides choked the Panama Canal. This would cut in two a fleet therein and prevent junction of the divisions, enabling each to be dealt with separately. Such torpedoes * * * will destroy everything afloat they may happen to encounter. To drop them into Wilhelmshaven is to blow up any vessels within their range, and the closer together the ships are moored, the more of them will be destroyed.

In an article in The Independent of June 30, Mr. BENJAMIN repeats his argument for the speedy building of torpedoplanes, and Admiral FISKE in his letter to the Aero Club of America makes a terse and convincing presentation of the case for this new weapon. This is the first three-dimensional war, and it is perfectly evident that the German bases cannot be successfully attacked by instruments of destruction that move only on the horizontal plane. Airplanes using only bombs have not sufficient power and are too easily driven off by guns trained against them. A seaplane launching a 200-pound torpedo against any enemy warship or in a harbor where enemy warships have taken shelter is a vastly more formidable weapon.

Admiral FISKE points out, too, that there is great probability that the Germans even now are preparing to make use of this weapon against the British high seas fleet. It is hardly necessary to say that the Power which first makes use of the torpedo launching craft will have gained a notable advantage over the foe. We can build them quickly, and we have an abundance of torpedoes. A dozen torpedoplanes can be built for the cost of one submarine. If England had two or three hundred torpedoplanes at this moment, there is a very great probability that the published lists showing the destructive work of the submarines would in the next few weeks record an important falling off, even if the sinking of merchant ships by U-boats did not cease altogether.

THE FOOD BILL DELAY.

Whatever may have been the motives of the members of the House of Representatives in voting for the prohibition amendment to the Food Administration bill, the effect of their action has been to retard the passage of the most vital legislative measure now before Congress. Important measures have been held up or defeated in Congress before this by the mistaken zeal, to use no stronger term, of the radical prohibitionists, but never so important a measure as this, the quick adoption of which is essential to our national safety in a great crisis. Probably a very large number of the 365 Representatives who voted for the bill as it was sent to the Senate were moved to do so by a laudable desire to get the bill through the House within the specified time, trusting to the good sense of the Senate to make the necessary modifications. But there were in the number prohibitionists who never miss an opportunity to force their hobby upon the House, and there were others, undoubtedly, who cast their votes with a full realization that the bill thus incumbered with an unreasonable rider would be delayed, if not defeated.

Nobody has denied the possibility that it may be necessary to conserve the food supplies by restricting the employment of grains in the manufacture of liquors. That situation has not yet developed. There is no real evidence to support the assertion that the suppression of all distilleries is essential to the proper conservation of food supplies. There is no justification in the present crisis for depriving the United States Treasury of the substantial revenues from the manufacture of wines and liquors. Nevertheless, there is a too obvious disposition in the Senate to avoid a conflict with the hosts of prohibition. The Senate Committee on Agriculture puts beer under the ban, leaves the manufacture of wines discretionary with the President, and lets the drastic prohibition of spirituous liquors stand.

The whole matter should be left to the discretion of the President and the Food Administrator. If the bill is so modified, the country will approve it. If it is necessary to restrict the manufacture of liquor, the President and Mr. HOOVER may be relied upon not to shirk their duty. The prohibitionists have taken a mean advantage of the country in its hour of need, and there is ground for strong suspicion that they have been aided and abetted by parsons [illegible] "protective mechanism" [illegible] do to hamper all war legislation. The cause of prohibition has not been openly placed before Congress. The subject has not been debated. There has been a general agreement that this is not the time to take up such a measure. The Senate should not hesitate to restore to the Food Administration bill the original provisions relating to liquor manufacture, leaving its restriction or its suppression entirely to the Executive.

TERRORIZING NORWAY.

The German outrages upon Norway, which have been marked by a diabolical ingenuity lacking in the German outrages on most other countries, seem to have culminated in the discovery of infernal machines in the baggage of the German diplomatic courier, Baron VON RAUTENFELS. These were addressed to the German Embassy at Christiania, and were intended to be placed upon Norwegian ships for the purpose of blowing them up when they got to sea. How many Norwegian ships had already disappeared in that way and been laid to the account of the convenient submarine may never be known. This follows hard upon the discovery that Germany was hiring depraved Norwegian sea Captains to keep the submarine commanders informed of the sailings of ships from Norwegian ports. Germany has been making war upon Norway so openly and so destructively as to raise the question whether it is not a case, apart from her general warfare upon the world, where the destruction of Norway's carrying trade is not one of the objects of the war.

Norway, if she had stood alone, would doubtless have ended this intolerable situation by an official recognition of the state of war that exists. In the beginning of the war, however, such an action might have laid her open to an attack by Sweden, and even now her position is dangerous, though less so than that of the other European neutrals. The trouble is that Norway is only one member of the Scandinavian alliance, dominated by Sweden, which agreed at the beginning of the war to act as a unit. Denmark, which lies open to German conquest, cannot fight, and Sweden, which is dominated in its turn by a pro-German court and King, will not.

The three countries all suffer heavy privations, but Norway is in the worst position. She is chiefly dependent upon her shipping industry, as they are not upon theirs. Her sentiment is favorable to the Allies, while that of Sweden leans to Germany, and that of Denmark is concerned only with self-preservation. The barbarity of the Germans toward her may be in part accounted for by this fact, and her shipping men assert that when a Norwegian vessel is sunk the crews are massacred to prevent a report of the outrages reaching home. They point to the fact that many vessels disappeared without a trace, but this may be accounted for by the discovery that German diplomats have the habit of placing infernal machines on them before they sail.

Early in May the three Governments held a conference, but reached no agreement, except to refrain from backing the pacifist movement now being so heavily supported in neutral countries by Germany. Notwithstanding this, the Danish Foreign Minister, STAUNING, participated in the Stockholm conference, and the Conservative Party in Denmark demanded his removal on the ground that he had violated the agreement. Premier ZAHLE refused to grant the demand. This was only a week ago, and at about the same time the Swedish Foreign Minister declared that the Government would continue firm in the neutrality policy. Thus, two of the Scandinavian countries continue to throw all their weight toward keeping Norway out of the war.

If, nevertheless, Norway should enter, her principal service to the Allies would be in furnishing armed merchant ships and thus aiding in the extermination of U-boats and in scourging the submarines away from her three-mile limit, outside which they now lie in wait for Ally and neutral ships. The Norwegian-American Chamber of Commerce has solemnly denied that Norway reships to Germany products imported from the United States, and, if this is true, it might account for the exceptional savagery of Germany's war upon her, for other neutrals are not so squeamish. Germany does, however, import Norway's own products, and only a month ago the workmen of Christiania marched upon the Government building and presented a demand that exportation to Germany be stopped. It would be if Norway entered the war.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Peculiar Trait of Britons.

There is probably not another Government in Europe that would, and few that safely could, permit the publication, in regard to the management of one of its own armies, of such a report as that of the British commission which has just investigated the ill-fated Mesopotamian expedition.

The British, as all the world knows, do not lack self-esteem. They think themselves at least as good and wise and intelligent, to say nothing of as brave, as any other people, and they make this opinion sufficiently obvious as they wander over the earth, incidentally taking possession here and there of stray islands and countries ready to be of use in their business. They usually reveal their judgment of themselves, however, by their manner rather than by their speech, and it is a [illegible] of their psychology that they publicly depreciate their own merits and take a peculiar pleasure in advertising their not infrequent blunders and failures.

This is not to be counted to them for modesty. It evidences, rather, a haughty confidence that, in spite of occasional displays of incompetence, the balance is largely on their side—that though they may often muddle things, they always muddle through to success at last, and that they have nothing to fear from the truth or criticism. This attitude of mind does not make for popularity among their neighbors, but that does not disturb the British; sometimes they seem to like it.

That they dare to reveal such secrets of state as appear in this report and in its predecessor on the Gallipoli adventure may be due in some part to the fact that the real Government of Great British is not in a Court circle, but in a group of statesmen easily and frequently changed. On that ground France should be equally prone to the public admission of military and other mistakes and to the holding of officials that make them to a stern responsibility. But the French psychology is different. Germany never confesses error or failure because its policies have more of continuity, as does the actual exercise of power, and it must never be said that the Kaiser was wrong, as to do so would be to say that he may be wrong again.

Americans Needn't Go Hungry.

Some of the advice so generously offered just now in this country as to the use and management of our food supply is not as wise as it is well-intentioned. Should necessity arise, all of us are supposed to be, and most of us are, ready to ignore the stomach's demand for food and to lighten our tables until constant and daily hunger is felt to whatever degree the emergency demands. That, however, is a desperate remedy for desperate ills, for a nation underfed is a nation rapidly deteriorating—a nation that is lost if the underfeeding goes on for any considerable period and is carried to any considerable extent.

There is no present need in this country for economy of that sort. What it is expedient and patriotic for us to do is not to go hungry, not to weaken mind and body by insufficient nourishment, but to stop or minimize the actual wastage of food with which, as a people, we have been so often charged, and to which we have so often confessed. That we have been guilty of this offense is true, but there has been something of exaggeration in both the accusations and the confessions. Americans are not given to overeating in the literal sense of that word—in the sense in which it applies to several peoples whom it would be unkind to name. And if we have accustomed ourselves to an unnecessarily varied diet, of a quality unnecessarily high, the sin has been venial at worst, as we could afford to eat as we did, and have done only what all our neighbors would do if they could. Their economic virtues were compulsory in large degree, and from them not much, if any, moral merit accrues.

But a once permissible, or excusable, or explicable, extravagance in eating is now distinctly wrong. To do our duty, we must cut down somewhat what may be called the pleasures of the table, but we are under no immediate or near obligation to starve, or even half starve. There are good reasons for simplifying and cheapening our diet; none for decreasing the nation's efficiency and darkening its future by fasting or undereating.

Superfluity Is Full of Dangers.

That interesting Kommer person who writes about Americans for the Frankfurter Zeitung has evolved from his Teutonic and therefore mysterious inner consciousness eight reasons why the United States went into the European war on the side of the Allies. The first of them has the merit of absolute accuracy, but it also has, from the standpoint of Herr KOMMER in his desire to give eight reasons for our course, the very serious fault of making the other seven superfluous.

For he writes that our action was due, "first, to a growing fear of a great German victory." There is an explanation that fully explains, and any lawyer could have told Herr KOMMER how dangerous it is, after making your point by a complete presentation of facts, to try to make it over again by means of what must be, as the entire truth has already been told, mere vain imaginings.

It was open to him to prove, if he could, that we had no right or excuse to fear a great German victory, but seemingly he shrank from that undertaking, and preferred to babble about our apprehensions as to the safety of our foreign loans, the desire of our "ruling classes" by means of conscription to prevent labor strikes, and so on, in really pathetic folly till he had filled his octave.

Oh, well! probably he is safe enough except for criticism like this, which possibly will not disturb him much or much affect the size of his salary. He knew for whom he was writing—that his readers have been magnificently trained to believe what they are told. He is more fortunate than some journalists—than one, for instance, who declared, the other day, that a large saving in leather could be effected if women would stop wearing high-heeled shoes. As that wretch was addressing the incredulous and irreverent American public, instead of Germans, an astonishing number of people have since taken the trouble to tell him that the high heels of the feminine shoe are made mostly of wood, and that men, if anybody, should do that sort of leather-saving.

It makes 'em happy to do it, and he will probably survive, so it's all right, or at least right enough.

Prohibition in the Civil War.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I beg to invite your attention to an agitation during the civil war when the fanatical element of the Prohibitionists were urging Congress to enact a bone dry law for the navy. The subject was thoroughly debated in the public press at the time with the result—a compromise. The Secretary of the Navy issued a general order restricting the use of liquor on vessels of war, but permitting the use of wines, beer, and light ales, &c. I was serving as a young officer on board a cruiser of the navy, and distinctly remember reading the arguments for and against the enactment of a dry law for the navy in time of war.

If the pending bill is now enacted into law it will entail a loss to the Government in revenue income of something over $500,000,000 a year. It will mean confiscation of many hundreds of millions in property value, and it will throw out of employment hundreds of thousands of people, many of them with families depending upon them for support.

Well may we acclaim: "Audi alteram partem."

AN EX-ENSIGN,
U. S. N., Civil War, and a Lieutenant Colonel, National Guard, Retired.

Washington, June 26, 1917.

SOLEMN JULY FOURTH IS PLANNED FOR CITY

Independence Day to be One of Consecration Rather Than One of Fireworks.

ALL TO HONOR THE FLAG

Patriotic Parades and Addresses Will Supplant Roman Candles on Natal Day of the Republic.

Independence Day in this city will be celebrated this year as a day of solemn and dignified consecration to the nation's service. Not only will it be a safe and sane Fourth, but it will be a Fourth when men and women will be called upon to pledge themselves to the perpetuation of that freedom for which the Declaration of Independence was signed in 1776.

Plans for such a Fourth were completed yesterday at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Mayor's Independence Day Committee. The meeting was held in the office of George Gordon Battle, who is chairman of the committee, and among the members present were Isaac N. Seligman, Dr. Edward Hageman Hall, and Addison A. Van Tine.

It was decided by the committee that the celebration of Fourth of July this year should assume a more serious and elevating tone than it has in the past. For this reason, the committee decided that elaborate pageantry and fireworks should be eliminated. Instead, from the moment the sun rises, the day will be devoted to consecration ceremonies, beginning with a flag raising at 5:30 A. M. in Central Park and ending at night with great patriotic rallies in all the boroughs.

The flag raising at sun rise will take place at 110th Street and Central Park, with a detachment of soldiers on the scene. Mrs. C. L. Morehouse will be present to read the Declaration of Independence to all who are patriotic enough to stir themselves out of bed at such an early hour.

The official city celebrations will begin at 10 A. M. at City Hall and simultaneously at the borough halls of all the other boroughs. At City Hall Mayor Mitchel will preside and deliver an address. Controller Prendergast will also speak. At 10 A. M. also, there will be a parade and patriotic organizations along Broadway from Forty-sixth Street to the Maine monument at Fifty-ninth Street, where the marchers will be addressed by Borough President Marks. Part of the procession will be made up of Spanish War veterans.

In the evening there will be two big demonstrations, one at the stadium of the New York City College and the other at Prospect Park pavilion in Brooklyn.

At the Stadium meeting the speakers will be Secretary of War Baker, Representative Fitzgerald, and Representative Murray Hulbert. Soldiers and sailors will be on the scene and patriotic airs will be sung by the Community Chorus. The ceremonies will also include historical tableaux depicting Paul Revere's ride and Molly Pitcher. The Woman's Suffrage Party will also contribute a tableau.

At the pavilion in Prospect Pahk Sarah Bernhardt will deliver L'Aiglon's dying address to the colors from Rostand's drama, and Senator Wesley Jones of Oregon will speak.

The children of the city will also be called upon to make Fourth of July an occasion for purely patriotic demonstrations. Several hundred public school children will sing at the City Hall meeting and at all of the other borough rallies.

The city's appropriation for the Fourth of July celebration amounted to $25,000. About $9,000 was raised from private subscription, and the committee announced yesterday that more could be used. While not a cent will be spent for fireworks, the committee has arranged for special electrical illumination wherever rallies are to be held.

COMMERCE BOARD RELIEF.

House Passes Senate Bill Increasing Membership and Salaries.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The House today passed the Senate bill increasing the Interstate Commerce Commission from seven to nine members and providing annual salaries of $10,000 each for the Commissioners. The language of the House measure is different from that of the Senate, but the differences will probably be adjusted promptly in conference.

President Wilson approved the Senate measure more than a year ago in a letter written to Senator Newlands. The President's approval extended to the plan of the commission "to divide itself into sections for the facilitation and more thorough treatment of its work." This administrative improvement, according to Commissioner McChord and other members, is necessary in view of the increasing labors of the commission.

The House struck from the Senate bill an amendment which Chairman Adamson of the House Committee said would cause the commission to investigate every rate increase proposed by a common carrier in the event any protest was filed.

PLANS TO GREET RUSSIANS.

Organizations All Over Country to Join In Receiving Commission.

Elaborate preparations are being made by every Russian organization in the country for the reception and demonstration to the members of the Russian Commission in Madison Square Garden on Saturday night, July 7. The organizations will represent the revolutionary, progressive, radical, and conservative elements of Russia in the United States.

Among the speakers will be Dr. P. Ruthenberg, representing the Russian social revolutionists, who will preside; Dr. Smirnof, for the Russian workmen of America; Dr. S. Ingerma, for the Russian Social Democrats in America; Moses Gurevitch, representing the Jewish Bund, and Dr. Abraham Cahan, editor of The Jewish Daily Forward, who will speak on behalf of the Russian political refugees and radical Jewish organizations.

NARA.

A MEMORY OF JAPAN.

Beyond the Torii, curving wide,
The sacred deer feed on the grass.
They tamely eat from friendly hands,
Undaunted by the crowds who pass
Before the vendor's booths that flaunt
Their lacquered ware and shining brass.

Camellias bloom all white and red
Amid the camphor trees and pines;
Wistaria droops, a violent rain,
Above the ancient Shinto shrines
Where maidens hang their paper prayers
Among the twisted, gnarled old vines.

Their parasols, provocative,
Hide blue-black hair, strung through with jade;
Their obis and kimonos glow
Like flowers in the cool green shade;
And as they patter down the steps
Their clogs make music through the glade.

Along these countless, winding paths
A thousand lanterns, old and gray,
Change with the twilight's gentle fall
To ghostly wraiths at close of day,
And, borne upon the evening breeze,
A temple gong booms—far away.

LOUISE DE WETTER.

FORECASTS LATIN CONGRESS

Cuba and Panama Hold Aloof from Reported Movement.

MEXICO CITY, June 27.—A Minister of a Latin-American Government accredited to Mexico said last night that all Latin-American countries except Cuba and Panama had accepted the invitation of Argentina for a congress of Latin-American nations at Buenos Aires, at which the stand of Latin America in the world conflict would be determined and there would be a discussion as to how peace could be brought about best.

The diplomat said that the invitation from Argentina was presented about a month ago, and Mexico had accepted. The time for holding the congress, he said, was unfixed, but urgent efforts were being made to hold it in the near future. It is understood here that the fact that the congress would include only Latin-American countries instead of the whole Western Hemisphere has been widely discussed by the South and Central American newspapers in view of the United States' entry into the war. Some hold that a congress without the United States would be impotent, and others say Latin America should take its own course regardless of the attitude of the United States.

Wide discussion continues over the declaration by the newspaper El Universal here that the most advantageous course for Mexico would be to break relations with Germany. El Universal says that the propaganda represents the real opinion of thinking Mexicans. El Democrata attacks the proposal as unpatriotic, in view of the fact that the Government has declared a policy of strict neutrality, and describes the horrors facing Mexican soldiers should the latter be sent to European countries.

ENGINEERING TOO NARROW.

Electricians Warned Against Undue Specialization.

A warning against undue specialization was given last night by H. W. Buck, retiring President of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, at a special meeting in the Engineering Societies' Building, 33 West Thirty-ninth Street. More than 100 prominent electrical engineers attended.

Other features of President Buck's address dealt with the growing tendency toward co-operation among engineers, wider service in behalf of the public, and the relation of the engineering profession to pure science.

The evening session was concluded by the reading of reports from technical committees and the introduction of E. W. Rice, Jr., President of the General Electric Company, who in August will assume his duties as President of the institute.

At the morning session Captain Gustave P. Capart of the French Army, an electrical engineer, conveyed the greetings of the French electrical engineers. Describing present conditions in France, Captain Capart remarked: "We used to say time is money; now we say time is blood. It is now for you to make the world safe for democracy by victory."

WAR CROSS FOR A RECTOR.

Mr. Talbot Won It and Regained His Health Dodging Verdun Shells.

The Rev. Henry Russell Talbot, an Episcopal clergyman, who, last November, gave up his church in Portland, Ore., because of ill-health and went to France with his wife to do ambulance work, returned to New York yesterday on his way home.

He said that driving an ambulance at the Verdun front for six months, and the excitement of dodging shells and falling trees had done more for him than all the doctor's advice and medicine he had been taking for years.

Mr. Talbot wore the French war cross, which was awarded him for bringing in two wounded non-commissioned officers from the first line trenches under fire. He declined to give any of the details of the rescue, beyond saying that he only did his duty, as any other ambulance driver would have done.

Mrs. Talbot worked in Paris on the Surgical Dressings Committee, while her husband was on duty at the front.

Mr. Talbot said that he had returned to offer his services and his wife's to the American Red Cross, and if there was nothing for them to do here they would return to France in a few weeks.

WATERWAYS BILL PASSED.

Fight on $27,000,000 Measure Falls in the House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The $27,000,000 River and Harbor Appropriation bill was passed by the House today after the failure of a motion to recommit it. This motion was rejected 189 to 142, and the bill was subsequently passed 205 to 132. Most of those voting against the bill were Republicans.

Representative Treadway, a Republican member of the River and Harbor Committee, offered the motion to recommit, with instructions to include an amendment that none of the funds appropriated should be expended except at the direction of the President and on works of military and commercial necessity. Mr. Treadway insisted the bill was not a national defense measure, and said it contained large slices of "pork." For a week Mr. Treadway, Mr. Frear of Wisconsin, and Mr. Madden of Illinois have conducted a fight on the bill.

Representative Murray Hulbert, a New York City member of the committee, expressed gratification tonight over the approval in the bill of the East River and Hell Gate project, which will afford eventually a double entrance to the New York Navy Yard.

"The bill authorizes a forty-foot channel through the East River and Hell Gate," said Mr. Hulbert, "giving the same depth as the Panama Canal, with suitable approach docks, upon which New York will spend large sums of money. The total outlay by the Federal Government will be about $35,000,000, and the bill carries an initial appropriation of $1,250,000. The Hudson River item is $600,000."

VISITOR INTERRUPTS HOUSE

Luke S. Clark of Brooklyn Demands Right to Address Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—While the House was engaged in a desultory debate today members were startled to hear a man arise in the galleries and shout:

"Gentlemen, I demand a right to address the House. There is a secret treaty between England and the United States!"

The volunteer orator took his seat immediately, only to be touched on the arm and invited outside by a Capitol policeman. He told the Capitol authorities that he was Luke Stephen Clark of 46 Hampton Place, Brooklyn, President of the "International Advertising Corporation," which did business with foreign interests and was now engaged on an advertising contract with the Brazilian Government.

Clark declined to discuss the alleged treaty between the United States and Great Britain, saying that the details would be revealed later. He was turned over to the Metropolitan police for a period of observation.

SENATE CONFIRMS WOOLSEY

Acts Favorably on New Yorker's Nomination as Solicitor.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Confirmation of the nomination of Lester H. Woolsey of New York, as solicitor of the State Department, was voted 58 to 16 by the Senate today after two hours of debate in executive session.

Mr. Woolsey, who is a Republican, has been on the department's legal staff several years, and has been active in the diplomatic negotiations during the war. Some Democratic Senators opposed him, but the President refused to withdraw the nomination.

ASKS WHY PAPER TRUST STILL EXISTS

Senator Reed Offers Resolution Calling on the Trade Commission for Explanation.

SAYS LAW IS NOT ENFORCED

Mandate to Newsprint Combination Never Issued, Senator from Missouri Points Out.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Senator Reed of Missouri offered a resolution today calling upon the Federal Trade Commission to inform the Senate at once why it has not ordered the manufacturers of newsprint paper to abandon the combination to fix prices which the commission, in two recent reports to the Senate, alleged to exist. The resolution insists the combination should be dissolved or proceedings instituted against the offenders.

Speaking upon the resolution, Senator Reed sharply criticised the Federal Trade Commission for having failed to take summary action against the newsprint manufacturers. People had been led to believe, he said, that the commission would accomplish "great things in restraining combinations," and he wanted to know what it had done. The resolution follows:

> Whereas, pursuant to the resolution of the United States Senate of April 24, 1916, the Federal Trade Commission began the investigation of the combination existing among the manufacturers of newsprint paper;
>
> Whereas, two reports have been made to the Senate by said commission, dated, respectively, March 3, 1917, and June 13, 1917;
>
> Whereas, said commission finds as a fact and reports that there exists a combination of paper manufacturers which extorts unreasonable prices, and that by reason of said combination free competition has been restricted, and that within the past year prices have been advanced to large consumers as much as $50 per ton, and to small consumers, in some cases, as much as $180 per ton; the commission has reported that by concerted action and combination of manufacturers has discouraged the production of print paper, and has arbitrarily divided customers and territories among themselves, and thus limited and controlled competition; the commission has further found and reported that, because of said unfair and illegal practices, small publishers have already been driven out of business; that others are about to suffer the same fate; that large publishers will be financially ruined, and others rendered unable to make any profit from their legitimate ventures;
>
> All of the said acts and practices are in violation of the laws of the United States prohibiting monopolies, restraints of trade, and unfair practices; the Government of the United States is a large consumer of newsprint paper, and, as such, is the victim of the illegal combination, practices, and extortions aforesaid;
>
> The Federal Trade Commission, in its report of June 13, 1917, expressly states that "the efforts of the commission to restore competitive conditions have failed," and the said illegal and oppressive practices are being continued; now, therefore, be it
>
> Resolved, That the Federal Trade Commission is hereby directed to inform the Senate of the United States with all due dispatch why it has not issued and caused to be served upon the offending persons and corporations aforesaid appropriate orders commanding them to desist from the said illegal and unfair practices to the end that the same shall be discontinued, and, if not, that appropriate proceedings may be had in the courts of the United States to enforce said orders of the commission.

Urging the passage of the resolution, Senator Reed said:

The Rise in Newsprint Prices.

"When the Trade Commission act was being discussed its advocates earnestly proclaimed that it would stop all unfair methods. More than a year ago the country was startled by the discovery that a great combination had suddenly raised the price of newsprint paper, and that the combination seemed to have the great publishers and newspapers of the country so completely within its powerful grasp that they scarcely dared protest against its extortions.

"The price of print paper was enormously advanced and demands of the most arbitrary character were made upon the great publications of the country. They were commanded to renew their contracts at prices arbitrarily fixed by the paper combination. When they protested they were threatened with ruin; they were given the alternative of the highwayman, 'Stand and deliver!' or suffer a worse fate.

"Accordingly the publishers appealed to the Senate and that body asked the Trade Commission to investigate. Over a year has elapsed, during which period publishers have been compelled to pay an enormous tribute to their criminal masters.

"On March 3, 1917, the commission filed its first preliminary report, in which it found in substance (a) that the increased price of newsprint paper was unjustifiable; (b) that competition among paper manufacturers had been restricted and that important manufacturers in the United States were banded together to secure unreasonable profits; (c) that some publishers had been put out of business and others were in danger of financial ruin; (d) that by concerted action between the manufacturers prices had been advanced from $40 a ton to over $90 a ton and in some instances to $180 per ton; (e) that these prices were caused by the combination.

"On June 13, 1917, the commission further reported (f) that in one year's time the conspirators had increased their profits by over $17,000,000; (g) that the efforts of the commission to restore competitive conditions in the newsprint industry expeditiously and to arbitrate and effectively project a fair price for newsprint paper have failed; (h) that some four of the manufacturers have been indicted upon evidence furnished by the commission; (i) that newsprint paper is being sold at the same exorbitant prices that they obtained heretofore; (j) that there will be a repetition of the panicky market conditions of last year and the exaction of prices which are entirely out of measure with the cost of production.

No Mandate Ever Issued.

"The singular thing is that while the commission has had this case in hand for more than a year, and for a long time has been in possession of evidence that the conspirators have 'discriminated in prices between different purchasers of commodities,' it has never at any time issued an order to these conspirators commanding them to 'cease and desist from the violation of the law.' Astonishment is increased when we remember that the provisions of Section 2 of the Clayton Anti-trust act are mandat

MANY NUPTIALS TO MARK END OF JUNE

Henry Bradley Plant to Marry Miss Amy Warren Today in Her Brooklyn Home.

ENSIGN CHILDS MARRIES

With His Head Bandaged as Result of an Auto Accident, He Weds Miss Gertrude Boucher.

The closing days of June will be replete with weddings, many of them affected by the war. Henry Bradley Plant, considered one of the richest young men in the country, is to have a hastened marriage today, as he is a member of the Naval Reserve, and expects to be called into service soon. Mr. Plant, who is a son of Commodore and Mrs. Morton F. Plant of Eastern Point, Groton, Conn., is to marry Miss Amy Warren, daughter of Charles Edward Warren of 825 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn, at the bride's home. He is a grandson of H. B. Plant, the founder of the Plant fortune. The young couple's engagement was announced last February.

The marriage of Miss Harriet Kirkus, daughter of the Rev. Frederick Kirkus, and Paul Wisner, a son of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Wisner of 128 West Fifty-ninth Street, took place in Trinity Church, Wilmington. The bride's father performed the ceremony, assisted by the Right Rev. Frederick Kinsman, Bishop of Delaware.

A navy wedding was celebrated in Brooklyn last evening, when Miss Gertrude Boucher, daughter of Eugene Boucher, became the bride of Ensign Earle W. F. Childs, U. S. N., of Lewistown, Penn. The ceremony was performed in St. Philip's Church, Dyker Heights, by the Rev. J. Henri Sattig.

The bridegroom appeared in full dress uniform, and his head and face were bandaged. The marks of injury were not from a naval engagement, but from an auto accident on Ocean Parkway night before last, when the car in which he was riding with his brother, Frank Engel Childs, Jr., who was his best man at the wedding, collided with a van during the storm. The wind shield of the motor was smashed to bits, and flying splinters of glass lodged in Ensign Childs's face and head. His injuries were treated at the Coney Island Hospital, and he was taken later to the home of his fiancée. His hurts were not serious enough to interfere with the wedding plans.

Dr. Thomas P. McCann of Elmhurst, L. I., who has just been commissioned a First Lieutenant in the Medical Corps, N. G. N. Y., and Miss Beatrice Morrison of this city, will be married in St. Michael's Church, on Monday.

The wedding of Mrs. Ines Black Miller, daughter of Mrs. Hugh Black of Norfolk, Conn., and George Willis Drake of this city, formerly of Corning, N. Y., took place at noon yesterday in St. Thomas's Church. The Rev. W. Strother Jones officiated.

The bride, who was gowned in gray chiffon, was attended by Miss Lucy Fitzgerald of this city, who wore a frock of peach-colored Georgette crepe.

Albert K. Brown of Corning, N. Y., was best man. Mrs. Francis R. Waldron gave her sister in marriage.

A luncheon at Sherry's followed the ceremony. After a motor trip through New England, Mr. and Mrs. Drake will reside at Forest Hill Gardens, L. I.

MARGERY MAUDE TO WED.

English Actress Engaged to Joseph W. Burden, New York Banker.

The engagement is announced of Miss Margery Maude, a daughter of Cyril Maude, the English actor, and Mrs. Maude, and Joseph Warren Burden, a son of Mrs. Joseph W. Burden of 160 East Seventieth Street, New York, and Ripple Brook Farm, Far Hills, N. J. Mr. Burden was graduated from Harvard in the Class of 1906, and has for some time been with the banking firm of Redmond & Co., 33 Pine Street. He is a member of the Racquet and Knickerbocker Clubs and of the Essex Fox Hounds.

Miss Maude, like her father and her mother, formerly Miss Winifred Emery, who played here with Henry Irving, is well known on the stage. She made her début, when 5 years old, playing in "Grumpy" with her father. She later played with Margaret Anglin in "Lady Windermere's Fan" and then with George Arliss in "Paganini." In December, 1915, her engagement to Thomas Achelis, son of John Achelis of the firm of Frederick Vietor & Achelis, was announced. Mr. Achelis played under the stage name of Paul Gordon with Miss Maude in "Paganini." Her sister, Pamela Maude, married last year Major William L. Congreve, D. S. O., who a few months later was killed in action.

Mr. Burden expects to be soon called into army service. Miss Maude's parents are abroad.

Miss Alice Lauterbach Weds.

The wedding of Roger Flint of Newtonville, Mass., and Miss Alice Lauterbach, a daughter of Edward Lauterbach, the lawyer, took place yesterday at the home of the bride's father, 301 West 106th Street, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Dr. John Lovejoy Elliott of the Ethical Culture Society. Miss Lauterbach, in a white satin gown trimmed with lace, had standing with her Mrs. Clarence McDavitt of Newtonville, and Mrs. Harry G. Hierschfield, her sister, the former in green and the latter in white. Elliot Emerson was the best man and there were no ushers, as none but the immediate families and a few close friends were present.

Alice Pine Bride in St. George's.

The marriage of Miss Alice Pine, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Pine of 24 Gramercy Park, and Chauncey Brewster Garver took place yesterday in St. George's Chapel, Stuyvesant Square. The Right Rev. Chauncey B. Brewster, the uncle of the bridegroom, officiated. Only the nearest relatives were present.

Mr. Garver is a son of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Garver of New York and Oyster Bay. His engagement to Miss Pine was announced in March.

Carpenter-Gardiner Wedding July 7.

The wedding of Miss Ruth Gardiner of Brooklyn and John Tilney Carpenter of this city will take place at noon on Saturday, July 7, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn. Miss Gardiner is a daughter of the late Dr. Sidney H. Gardiner, and is a graduate of Smith College. Mr. Carpenter is the youngest son of Professor William H. Carpenter, Provost of Columbia University. He is a graduate of Amherst College and of the Columbia Law School.

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$360,000,000 DUE ON LIBERTY LOAN TODAY

Reserve Bank Ready for Rush in Connection with Payment of Second Installment.

The second installment of 18 per cent. on the $2,000,000,000 Liberty Loan will be paid today, and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York has made preparations for a big rush of business. It is not expected, however, that the actual payments of cash will be large for the reason that arrangements were made a few days ago by which the approved depositaries will simply credit on their books the Treasurer of the United States with the amount of the payment. In this way a shifting of funds will be avoided. Moreover, a great many institutions will pay, or have already paid, the 18 per cent. by the deposit of Treasury certificates of indebtedness.

No figures are available as to the total of the payments which are likely to be made today, and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York has declined to make public the exact total of receipts already in hand. Last Friday, when the intitial payment of 2 per cent. was due, a great many subscribers, banks and individuals, elected to pay in full, and for that reason the aggregate payments today for the whole country will be considerably less than $360,000,000.

The Federal Reserve Bank expects to be ready to distribute temporary receipts for the bonds following the 18 per cent. payment today. Subscribers who have paid for the bonds in full will receive a receipt of one color, while those who have paid in 20 per cent. will receive pieces of paper of a different hue. The third installment of 20 per cent. is due on July 30; the fourth, of 30 per cent., on Aug. 15, and the fifth and final, of 30 per cent., on Aug. 30.

There was deposited yesterday with the approved bank depositaries $128,000,000 of Government funds, most of which represents Liberty Loan payments. The funds were distributed among 250 institutions in this district that had been approved as depositaries. No distinction was made between banks and trust companies which are and which are not members of the Reserve System. The depositaries are required to pay the Government 2 per cent. interest, and under the provisions of the War Loan act it is not necessary for them to keep reserves against Government deposits for the account of the Liberty Loan.

BIG VERDICT SET ASIDE.

John Hays Hammond Wins Appeal Against $238,750 Award.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, June 27.—The Court of Appeals at Annapolis today set aside the verdict, originally $238,750, awarded to Addison G. Dubois, a Washington patent attorney, by a jury in the Superior Court last December, in his suit against John Hays Hammond, mining engineer and promoter, for alleged conversion of stock of the General Cotton Securities Company.

The verdict, the largest ever awarded by a jury in the local courts, was reduced to $123,775 before the case reached the Court of Appeals.

WM. A. ROCKEFELLER TO WED MISS LINCOLN

Grandnephew of John D. Engaged to Daughter of Frederic W. Lincoln.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Walker Lincoln of 48 East Sixty-seventh Street and Miramonte, Greenwich, Conn., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Florence Lincoln, to William A. Rockefeller, a son of Mr. and Mrs. William G. Rockefeller of 202 Madison Avenue, New York, who have a country estate at Greenwich. Miss Lincoln made her début two years ago. She is a member of the Junior League. She has two young sisters, the Misses Mary K. and Philena H. Lincoln, not yet out, and her brother, Frederic W. Lincoln, Jr., is at the Pomfret School. Her father is a member of the firm of Henry W. Peabody & Co.

Mr. Rockefeller is a grandson of William Rockefeller and a grandnephew of John D. Rockefeller, and is one of the Yale men who have united to form Unit 1 of the Aerial Coast Patrol, and is now in training at Huntington, L. I. His mother was Miss Elsie Stillman, and he is a grandson of James Stillman and a nephew of both Mr. and Mrs. Percy Rockefeller, of Mrs. David Hunter McAlpin, and Mrs. Marcellus Hartley Dodge.

His father, William G. Rockefeller, who is still under fifty, is one of the richest men in New York. He was a Director of the Standard Oil Company until he resigned in 1911. He is a Director in the Lincoln National Bank, the Brooklyn Union Gas Company, the Union Pacific Railroad, and other corporations.

No date has been mentioned for the wedding of Miss Lincoln and Mr. Rockefeller.

MARRIED HIS WAR NURSE.

Robert Dentles to Bring His English Bride to Hempstead.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., June 27.—Word reached here today from England that Robert Dentles, who was a prominent resident here, was married on Saturday in England to Miss Lizetta Wilson of a prominent English family, who was his nurse while he was confined in a hospital at Bolton, England, suffering from wounds received in a trench on the French front. Dentles was a member of the New York Produce Exchange and the Chicago Board of Trade.

Early in 1915 he left Hempstead and went to Ottawa, where he joined the Twenty-second Canadian Infantry and subsequently reached the French front. While he was in action a large shell exploded in the trench and buried most of the men in the vicinity. Dentles and two others escaped, but were horribly cut by flying pieces of shell. He was taken to the hospital and twenty pieces of the shell were taken from his body. He is recovering, and will soon return with his bride and make their home in Hempstead.

Congressman Francis Marries.

George B. Francis, who represents the Eighteenth District of New York in Congress, and Miss Elizabeth Moseley Dean of Scarboro-on-Hudson, were married at noon yesterday at the home of the bride's brother, Paul Dudley Dean, Brookline, Mass. The Rev. Charles E. Park officiated. Wilson B. Brice of this city acted as best man. The bride is a graduate of Radcliffe College.

Miss Gifford Weds on Saturday.

The marriage of Miss Dorothy Drayton Gifford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert L. Gifford of Tarrytown, N. Y., and Chessman Kittredge of this city will take place on Saturday, in the Second Reformed Church at Tarrytown. Mr. Kittredge, who is the son of William Richards Kittredge of Boston, gave his farewell bachelor dinner last night at the Harvard Club.

Miss Levison Weds S. M. Chase.

Miss Bianca Levison, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benno Levison of 88 Central Park West, and Samuel Maurice Chase, son of Mrs. Amanda Chase and the late Max Chase, were married last evening at 6:30 o'clock at the Hotel St. Regis. Miss Paul Chase was the bride's only attendant. Richard Steinhardt was best man. A reception and dinner for a hundred guests followed the ceremony.

Milne-Blauvelt Engagement.

Mrs. William Francis Blauvelt of Piermont-on-Hudson, N. Y., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Natalie Blauvelt, to Lieutenant Commander Macgilloray Milne, U. S. N. The wedding will take place on July 2.

SUMMONS ZIONISTS TO SERVICE IN WAR

Convention Applauded Co-religionists Who Have Joined the American Forces.

VOLUNTEERS FOR PALESTINE

To be Called to Do Pioneer Work in Ancient Land at the Close of Hostilities.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, June 27.—The Federation of American Zionists, at its closing session this afternoon, transacted much of its important business, including the following:

Passed with enthusiasm a resolution expressing the complete loyalty of the Ztonists to America in the war.

Elected members of the Executive Committee after lively contests.

The report of the Palestine bureau, which outlined the practical work being accomplished there, was adopted. Provision was made for contributing $5,000 during the coming year to the prosecution of this work.

Delegates were chosen to represent the federation at the American Jewish Congress.

A new plan of management for Yidische Volk, the organ of the federation, was agreed upon.

The war resolution was:

"We, American citizens, hail with gratification the declaration of our President that the world must be made safe for democracy, and that all nationalities, both great and small, must have full opportunity for free self-development.

"We record our profound satisfaction at the ready enlistment of our fellow-Zionists in all branches of the service of the United States and we hereby pledge the further whole-hearted support of all American Zionists to our Government in the successful prosecution of the war."

Another resolution which was passed with enthusiasm was:

"The Zionists of America express their gratitude to the President of the United States for taking the forward-looking step of appointing a commission to investigate the needs of our fellow-Jews in Palestine."

The report of the Palestine Bureau, which was read by Bernard A. Rosenblatt, said:

"Let us not delude ourselves into the belief that a charter can give us Palestine. Yes, it may give us paper rights to Palestine, which may be of some use in the peaceful penetration of the Land of Israel, but Palestine will be ours only at the time when we constitute the majority in the land. We shall have a Jewish Palestine only when 51 per cent. of the population of Palestine is composed of Jews, who speak Hebrew as their mother tongue, who have imbibed the Hebrew spirit, and who feel themselves constituent elements of the Jewish nation.

"As soon as peace is established we shall call for volunteers in the Jewish industrial army for pioneer work in Palestine. Our Jewish soldiers in industry will convert swords into plowshares, and, with the labor of their hands will fasten the hold of our people upon the soil of our ancestors. The European catastrophe has created the very condition whereby such an army can be readily organized. There will be hundreds of thousands of our soldier brethren who will return from the wars to the smoldering ruins of their villages, and to homes bereft of parents, wives, and children. Thousands of these will welcome an association by which their lives will be made fruitful in a peaceful struggle of our people for a future home in Palestine."

ETHEL BARRYMORE'S ROLES

She Will Begin a Season's Engagement at the Empire in "Camille."

The return of Ethel Barrymore to the dramatic stage next Fall in a repertoire of plays that will keep her at the Empire all season was the interesting announcement made yesterday by the Charles Frohman Company. Miss Barrymore has been acting in motion pictures for more than a year and her only stage appearance during that time was in the program of Barrie playlets presented recently at the Empire.

Her first offering will be "Camille," which will be followed by a revival of Sir Arthur Wing Pinero's "Mid-Channel," in which Miss Barrymore achieved one of her greatest successes. The third production will be a revival of Clyde Fitch's "Captain Jinks," in which Miss Barrymore first became a star at the old Garrick. This will be followed by a new play by Edward Sheldon called "The Bridge of Sighs." As its title indicates, it is a romantic drama.

A revival of Sheridan's "The School for Scandal" will bring the season to an end. Miss Barrymore's idea to further add to this repertoire by presenting a new American play each year, and reviving some old play of note.

THRONG AT CIVIC CONCERT.

Marcella Craft the Soloist at Third of the Summer Series.

The third concert given by the Civic Orchestral Society in St. Nicholas Rink attracted the largest audience of the series last night. All of the 25-cent seats were sold, which pleased the promoters, as it attested the popular nature of the project.

Pierre Monteux conducted the splendid orchestra in the playing of five numbers, and while some of them were not exactly of Summer calibre the audience applauded generously and seemed to find delight in all of them. The orchestral numbers were Weber's "Oberon" Overture, Wagner's "Siegfried" Idyll, "L'apprenti Sorcier," by Dukas; four Norwegian dances by Grieg, and Saint-Saëns's "Marche Heroïque."

Marcella Craft was the soloist. Her selections were the aria, "Ah, Fors E Lui," from Verdi's "La Traviata," and Puccini's "Mi Chiamano," from "La Bohème." Miss Craft also sand "Three Cheers for the Red, White, and Blue," and led the audience in singing the national anthem.

Barrie Plays Give War Relief $8,501

Charles Frohman, Inc., yesterday sent the Stage Women's War Relief a check for $8,501.31, representing the profits of the six weeks' run of the Barrie plays at the Empire. In addition to this amount the charity realized a considerable sum from the sale of tickets of which the box office had no record. This is said to be the first time in the annals of the local stage that the profits of an entire engagement have been devoted to charity.

Klaw & Erlanger Get French Farce.

Klaw & Erlanger have acquired the American rights to Maurice Hennebert's and Pierre Veber's French farce, "Madame and Her Godson," which ran all last season at the Palais Royale, Paris. The farce will be used as the basis of a musical comedy and to adapt it to its new form Guy Bolton and P. G. Wodehouse have been engaged. Ivan Caryll will compose the score. The piece will be presented here during the holidays.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The cast that will appear in Barney Bernard's and Alexander Carr's support in "Potash and Perlmutter's Vampire" includes Matilde Cottrelly, George La Guera, Lottie Kendall, Edwin Mordant, Frank Allworth, Stanley Jessup, C. Hooper Trask, Arthur Hurley, and Jules Farrar.

Eleanor Painter left yesterday for Los Angeles to begin rehearsal in Chester Bailey Fernald's comedy, "The Pursuit of Pamela." Noel Haddon and Edward See accompanied her to play roles in the piece.

Dr. Anselm Goetzel will leave for Los Angeles tomorrow to be present at rehearsals of "A Full Honeymoon," a musical version of Avery Hopwood's "Sadie Love," for which he is composing the score.

The engagement of "Pals First" at the Fulton will end Saturday night. The play will begin a long tour in August.

The Dolly Sisters will return to vaudeville next week when they will present a new program of dances at the Palace.

Ivan Caryll has obtained the foreign rights to the Dickey-Goddard comedy, "The Misleading Lady," and has arranged for its production at the Palais Royale, Paris, next season. Sacha Guitry will make the adaptation and play the role of Napoleon, while Charlotte Lorea will act the title rôle.

TIFFANY & Co.
CLOCKS
HALL, MANTEL, DESK AND TRAVELING CLOCKS

COL. OLIVER H. PAYNE, CAPITALIST, IS DEAD

Standard Oil Pioneer, Who Made a Fortune in Cleveland, Dies in Fifth Avenue Home.

GAVE CORNELL $4,000,000

He Was a Director in Many Corporations and One of the Best Known Yachtsmen in America.

Colonel Oliver Hazard Payne, son of the late United States Senator Henry B. Payne, one of Cleveland's richest men and who gave $4,000,000 to endow the Cornell University Medical College in New York in October, 1915, a civil war veteran and one of the best known yachtsmen in America, died yesterday at his home, 862 Fifth Avenue, in his seventy-ninth year.

He was born in Cleveland, and was graduated from Yale University in 1863, and entered the 124th Ohio Infantry as a First Lieutenant in September, 1862, and served through the war, and after being promoted to Colonel he was brevetted Brigadier General of Volunteers on March 13, 1865, for meritorious services. After the war Colonel Payne became interested in iron manufacturing and oil refining in Cleveland, where he amassed a big fortune as one of the Standard Oil financiers.

In July, 1911, Colonel Payne first suggested the absorption of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company by the United States Steel Corporation, and was one of the syndicate that owned a controling interest in the first named corporation. His object was to save Moore & Schley, his brokers, who were large stockholders in the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, from financial disaster, and after considerable difficulty the deal was carried through with the aid of the late J. P. Morgan.

Colonel Payne's chief recreation was yachting, and his steam yacht, the Aphrodite, was one of the finest vessels of her class afloat. He made a voyage round the world, and went to Europe every Summer in the Aphrodite from 1898 up till 1914, when the war caused him to confine his cruising to American waters.

He was a Director in the Standard Oil Company, the American Tobacco Company, Virginia & Southeastern Railway Company, Coal Creek Mining and Manufacturing Company, and many other corporations.

One of his sisters married the late William C. Whitney, who was his chum at Yale University. Colonel Payne was never married. He was a member of the Metropolitan, Knickerbocker, University, and New York Yacht Clubs.

Dr. Robert Buchanan Kennedy.

Dr. Robert Buchanan Kennedy, son of James Kennedy, Scotch poet and author, and Captain of the Eighth Regiment of Coast Defense, died yesterday after nine months' illness in his thirty-fourth year.

He was born in New York and graduated from New York City College in 1908. He was attached to St. Luke's Hospital when he went with his regiment to the Mexican border. While there he contracted an illness, and returned to New York last December. He had an office at 202 West 107th Street. Dr. Kennedy was for several years a member of the New York Athletic Club.

Fall Fatal to ex-Judge Voorhees.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27.—Ex-Judge Harrison H. Voorhees of Cape May County, N. J., died in the Pennsylvania Hospital today from a fractured skull, received in a fall at Eleventh and Market Streets June 1. Judge Voorhees, who was 40 years old, was born at Lakewood, N. J. In 1884 he entered Richard Fetters School in Camden, and was graduated in 1886. He was admitted to the Camden County Bar in 1890, and in 1898 he was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court at Washington. He specialized in admiralty law.

Obituary Notes.

EDWARD S. FOLWELL, an accountant in the office of the Attorney General of New York, died suddenly yesterday at his home, 60 East 132th Street. He had been ill a year. Mr. Folwell was a brother of Magistrate Folwell of Brooklyn.

GEORGE C. HOCHSPRUNG, pianist and composer and for fifty years a professor of music, died at his Summer home at Haines Falls, N. Y., on Monday in his sixty-eighth year. The funeral will be held from his late residence, 111 Patchen Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Hochsprung was a native of Germany and had lived in Brooklyn for more than fifty years.

CHARLES FRAZIER LEGGETT, for many years prominent in church work in Brooklyn, died in his seventy-second year yesterday at his residence, 47 Brevoort Place. Mr. Leggett was clerk of the Central Congregational Church, of which he was also Treasurer of the Board of Deacons. He was born in West Ghent, N. Y. For many years he was general agent of the Equitable Life Assurance Society.

Mrs. MARY ELIZABETH MILLS, born in England fifty-seven years ago and widow of Andrew A. Mills, died at her home in Greenlawn, L. I., on Monday.

PATRICK F. SHEA, foreman of the composing room of the Funk & Wagnalls publishing house and in the employ of that firm for a quarter of a century, died on Tuesday at his home, 877 Bleecker Street, Brooklyn, aged 49 years.

BONIFACIO BARQUINERO, a broker in the wholesale dry goods trade with an office at 350 Broadway, is dead at his home, 1,223 Avenue L, Flatbush. He was 53 years old and was born in Spain. His wife survives him.

JOHN HENRY MEALLEY, for forty-three years in the employ of the American Bank Note Company, died in the Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Brooklyn, on Tuesday after an operation. Mr. Mealley lived at 568 Seventh Street, South Brooklyn, and is survived by his wife and four daughters. He was a member of Osceola Council 750, R. A.

Mrs. ELIZABETH S. BODENSTEDT, 58 years old, wife of Thomas Bodenstedt, is dead at her home, 641 Twentieth Street, Brooklyn.

CHARLES F. O'BRIEN, a traveling salesman in the wholesale linen line, is dead at his home, 358 Prospect Avenue, Brooklyn, from pneumonia.

WILLIAM SCHMIDT, 22 years, a private in Company K, Seventy-first Regiment, died of typhoid fever on Tuesday at the Thrall Hospital, Middletown, N. Y. His body was taken to the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Schmidt, 84 Fortieth Street, Corona, L. I.

The Rev. Dr. JAMES GRAHAM TOWNSEND, founder of Unitarian churches in Pittsburgh and Jamestown, N. Y., died yesterday at his home in the latter city in his seventy-ninth year. He had written several treatises for Unitarian and liberal publications, and was veteran of the civil war.

Mrs. JOHN B. MORRIS, prominent in Baltimore society, died on Tuesday in that city of heart disease. She was Miss Louise Vandicke of Philadelphia before her marriage, and left two daughters, one of whom is Mrs. Henry Clews, Jr., of New York.

JOHN TREACY, an Irish scholar of some note in Hibernian circles in this city, and for the last twenty-eight years a clerk in the Post Office, died yesterday in the Presbyterian Hospital.

ROBERT MORRISON, 64 years, died on Tuesday at his home, 41 Thompson Street, Newton, N. J., where he had lived for many years.

Miss SARAH FRANCES CONDICT, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Condict, died on Tuesday at her home, 186 Park Avenue, Orange, N. J., in her fifty-ninth year.

Mrs. ANNIE COSTELLO, widow of Martin Costello and mother of City Court Judge Thomas F. Costello, is dead at her home, 161 Washington Place, Passaic, N. J., in her sixty-first year.

Professor Herbert L. Warren.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 27.—Professor Herbert L. Warren, head of the department of architecture at Harvard University, died suddenly today at the age of 00 years. As a member of the Faculty, he supervised the construction of the Germanic Museum.

Professor Warren was born in Manchester, England, and studied at Owens College there and at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He joined the Harvard Faculty in 1893.

Professor Warren was a Fellow of the American Institute of Architects, of which he was Director for three years, and was also a member of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences and the Archaeological Institute of America.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

NICKLAS—CONVERY.—Mary Convery to Frank J. Nicklas.

TERRELL—MOORE.—Florence L. Moore to William A. Terrell.

Married.

BIRKENSTOCK — FORBES. — On Saturday, June 23, 1917, at the country estate of the bride's parents, at Canteer, Stockholm, N. J., Marguerite Mary Forbes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Forbes of 48 Evergreen Place, East Orange, to John M. Birkenstock of Jersey City.

DWYER — DORSEY.—On Wednesday, June 27, at St. Augustine's Church, Ossining, N. Y., Nellie C. Dorsey to Daniel F. Dwyer of Tarrytown, N. Y.

FLINT — LAUTERBACH.—Wednesday, June 27, 1917, at the residence of the bride, by Dr. John Lovejoy Elliott, Alice Lauterbach, daughter of Edward Lauterbach, to Roger Flint of Boston, Mass.

MOLLER—DOSCHER.—On Wednesday, June 20, at St. Mark's Cathedral, Salt Lake City, Utah, by Bishop Paul Jones, assisted by Dean William Fleetwood, Lillian, daughter of Henry W. Doscher, to Mr. Peter Moller, Jr., of Brooklyn, N. Y.

MELE—ROCCO.—June 24, Micoletta Rocco to James Mele.

Brooklyn.

MAYNARD—REEVES - June 26, Martha Reeves to Franklin P. Maynard.

OLIVER—CARLIN.—June 27, Genevieve Carlin to Webster J. Oliver.

SAUM—CLARK.—June 26, Helen Clark to Leo Saum, Jr.

Died.

AVERILL.—At Greenwich, Conn., on June 26, Otis, son of Julia C. and the late J. Otis Averill, in his 27th year. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Ascension, 5th Av. and 10th St., on Saturday, June 30, 1917, at 11 A. M.

BARKER.—At Newark, N. J., June 26, 1917, Erasmus Bacon Barker, husband of M. Louise Barker, in his 77th year. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 243 Roseville Av., on Thursday evening, June 28, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

BARON.—On June 23rd, 1917, at his residence, Cedarhurst, L. I., after a lingering illness, Samuel, beloved husband of Malvina Baron and father of Mrs. Max H. Straus, Henry S. Albert, Mrs. Max Lyon, Mrs. Max F. and Leo A. Baron. Services Friday morning, the 29th, at 11 o'clock, at Salem Fields Chapel.

CAMPBELL.—Ada Lucille, wife of Henry G. Campbell, Jr., suddenly, at her home, 34 Gramercy Park. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, Friday morning at 11 o'clock. Services and interment private.

CONDICT.—On June 27, 1917, at her late home, 186 Park Av., Orange, N. J., Sarah Frances, daughter of the late Stephen Hays and Sophia King Condict. Funeral services private.

DAVIS.—Caroline, beloved mother of Fannie Myers, Edith Gorman, Tessie, and George W. Davis. Funeral services on Sunday, June 30, at 2 P. M., at Gorman's residence, 39 West 129th St., at 10 A. M.

DAVISON.—Nancy, on Wednesday, June 27, in her 77th year. For many years a faithful servant in the home of Mrs. Henry Mason Day, Grosvenor Court.

DEL PINO.—On Monday, June 25, at the residence of her son-in-law, Edward H. Hedden, 440 Park Av., Amalia Sorondo y del Pozzillo, wife of the late Marcos del Pino. Funeral services at St. Patrick's Cathedral, on Thursday, June 28, at 10:30 A. M. Interment in Calvary Cemetery. Havana, Cuba, and Paris, France, papers please copy.

FAIRBANKS.—Suddenly, on June 27, at Muskegon, Mich., Eloise Thompson, wife of A. S. Fairbanks.

HIBBE.—Annie, beloved wife of Dr. Leopold H. R. Hibbe. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, (Campbell's,) Thursday, 2:30.

HOOD.—Suddenly, on June 25, 1917, Mary J. Hood, at the home of Mr. H. H. Hess, Massapequa, L. I.

KENNEDY.—June 27, Dr. Robert Buchanan, residence 128 West 129th St., beloved husband of Anna May Reimer, son of James Kennedy and the late Isabella Low. Services at the Scotch Presbyterian Church, 96th St. and Central Park West, Friday, 8 P. M. Interment private.

KILLING.—On Tuesday, June 26, 1917, after a long illness, in her 69th year, Katherina Killing. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, 303 East 85th St., on Friday, June 29, 1:30 P. M.

LEGGETT.—On Wednesday, June 27, 1917, at 47 Brevoort Place, Brooklyn, Charles F. Leggett, in 72d year of his age. Funeral at Central Congregational Church, Hancock St., between Franklin and Bedford Avs., Brooklyn, Friday, June 29, at 3 o'clock A. M.

MEALLEY.—John H., beloved husband of Grace Todd Mealley, after a short illness, on June 26. Services at St. Saviour's Church, June 28, at 10 A. M.

MENDEL.—At his Summer residence, Delhi, N. Y., Andrew Mendel, beloved husband of the late Caroline Mendel and father of Leopold Mendel, in his 93d year. Funeral services at Chapel of Beth El Cemetery, Cypress Hills, on Thursday, June 28, at 11 A. M.

MORTON.—On Tuesday, June 26, at his residence, Southampton, L. I., Alexander Logan Morton, late U. S. A. Funeral services to be held at the Presbyterian Church, Southampton, on Thursday morning, June 28, at 10:30 o'clock.

MURRAY.—June 25, suddenly, Margaret E. Murray. Services Thursday morning, 9 o'clock, Church of Blessed Sacrament, 71st St. and Broadway. Requiem mass.

NEUGASS.—On June 27, in his 56th year, Morris, husband of Ida Neugass. Funeral from his late residence, 45 South West End Av., Broadway Park, Friday, June 29, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Ahawath Chesed Cemetery, Linden Hill, L. I.

OPPENHEIMER.—Siegmund. Members of Washington Lodge, No. 70, I. O. F. S. of I., are requested to attend the funeral services of our late member, Siegmund Oppenheimer. Funeral services on Thursday, June 28, at 10 A. M., from his late residence, 601 West 144th St.

MAX SCHOENBERG, President.
B. ASCH, Secretary.

OSBORNE.—On June 27, 1917, Edwin Reynolds Osborne, infant son of Ernest B. and Alice Guernsey Osborne. Funeral private.

OWEN.—On June 24, 1917, suddenly, in the Adirondacks, Albert T. Owen, son of the late Daniel and Daffey Van Horn Owen. Funeral private.

PAYNE.—On June 27, 1917, at his residence, 852 5th Av., New York City, Oliver Hazard Payne, in his 78th year. Funeral private. Interment at Cleveland, Ohio.

RABINOWITZ. — Louis, (Lou Rab,) on Wednesday, June 27, in his 36th year, son of Mr. and Mrs. Sundel Rabinowitz. Funeral from his late residence, 25 East 99th St., Thursday, June 28, at 11:30 A. M.

ROWLAND.—Entered into rest, June 27, 1917, Florinda, wife of John Rowland. Service at her late residence, 143 St. Nicholas Av., Friday, June 29, 8 P. M. Acacian Chapter, No. 359, O. E. S. requested to attend. Automobile cortege.

STRAUB.—Frances D., (nee Best,) beloved wife of Joseph Straub. Funeral from her late residence, 1082 Lexington Av., Saturday, June 30, thence to the Church of the Convent Av. [illegible]

Deaths Elsewhere.

ELLIS.—At Bronxville, N. Y., June 26, Mary Ellis, widow of Edwin Ellis, in her 84th year. Funeral services at her late residence, Pondfield Road, Bronxville, Friday, June 29, at 3 P. M. Interment private.

HOLLISTER.—At Lakewood, N. J., June 26, Mary Hollister, widow of Dr. Gurdon Hollister, in her 84th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 1 Clifton Place, Lakewood, Friday, June 29, at 4 P. M. Interment private.

MORRIS.—At Bronxville, N. Y., June 26, Mary Morris, widow of Lewis Morris, in her 84th year. Funeral services at her late residence, Pondfield Road, Bronxville, Friday, June 29, at 3 P. M. Interment private.

PARKER.—At Bronxville, N. Y., June 26, Mary Parker, widow of Dr. Willard Parker, in her 84th year. Funeral services at her late residence, Pondfield Road, Bronxville, Friday, June 29, at 3 P. M. Interment private.

PRATT.—At Bronxville, N. Y., June 26, Mary Pratt, widow of Dr. Zadock Pratt, in her 84th year. Funeral services at her late residence, Pondfield Road, Bronxville, Friday, June 29, at 3 P. M. Interment private.

Brooklyn.

BEHRENS.—Carl, Elmhurst, June 26, aged 66. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

BOWES.—Richard J., Richmond Hill, June 25. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

CREIGHTON.—John J., 104 Hallett St., Astoria, June 25. Funeral today.

WINKLER.—Therese, Rockaway Beach, June 26, aged 68.

In Memoriam.

McGRATH.—James, mass St. Joseph's Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.

NELSON.—Catharine, mass St. Paul's Church, Brooklyn, today, 9 A. M.

The Character of management
in Real Estate is the vital point. Almost any one can collect rents, but it takes an experienced organization to cope with the bigger problems of ownership to-day.
Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
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Died.

TEETS.—At Redding Ridge, Conn., Joseph W. Teets. Funeral service at the home at 8 P. M., June 28, and at the Chapel of the New York and New Jersey Cremation Company, North Bergen, N. J., at 11 A. M. Friday, June 29. Please omit flowers.

WALLACE.—Suddenly, on June 25, at Sharon, Penn., John W., beloved husband of the late Teasee Wallace. Funeral from his late residence, 284 East 199th St., Thursday, June 28, at 2:30 P. M.

WALLACE.—William, June 27, 1917. Will be buried from the residence of his sister, Mrs. Margaret Malone, 550 Metropolitan Av., Brooklyn, Friday afternoon at 2 P. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

ZIMMERMAN.—On Tuesday, June 26, Morris Zimmerman, aged 57, beloved husband of Henrietta Zimmerman and father of Isidore and Florence. Funeral from his late residence, 238 West 106th St., Thursday, June 28, at 10 A. M.

BECKER.—Charles G., 293 East 144th St., June 26, aged 83. Funeral service today.

CUVAS.—Louis, June 26, aged 21. Funeral 161 8th Av.

ELEFORD.—John, 150 East 99th St., June 25.

GRIEFF.—Raphael, June 26. Funeral 2,003 7th Av.

HALLINAN.—Katherine S., 322 East 154th St., June 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HARES.—James F., 408 West 18th St., June 26. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

KELLY.—James J., 1,703 Lexington Av., June 25. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

LUHRS.—Louise, 311 West 20th St., June 25, aged 60. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MOLLENHAUER.—Mary, 436 East 59th St., June 25.

MOYNIHAN.—Bridget, 378 Willis Av., Bronx, June 26. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

OUELLET.—David B., 986 Lexington Av., June 25. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

PATTEN.—Edward, June 25. Funeral 210 East 47th St., today, 9:30 A. M.

REILLY.—Annie, 321 East 25th St., June 26, aged 78. Funeral tomorrow.

RYAN.—Susan, 1,461 Hoe Av., Bronx, June 26. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

SULLIV

CONNIE MACK'S TAIL-ENDERS EMULATE THE WORM BY TURNING UPON YANKEES

ATHLETICS AT LAST DO UP THE YANKS

Mackmen Stage a Ninth-Inning Rally and Win Final Game of Series, 3 to 1.

SHAWKEY A BEATEN HERO

Bates, McInnis, and Haley Pounce on Him in Final Session and Gather Winning Runs.

The Athletics won a game from the Yankees at the Polo Grounds yesterday, but as it is the only one that went their way in the last six, it is difficult to begrudge them the slight honor. The reckoning was 3 to 1. The Yanks outhit the Mackmen, but displayed no tremendous intellectual power nor Napoleonic strategy in translating the bangs into runs.

The Athletics have learned something during the last few days from the Yanks appertaining to winning ball games with a ninth-inning rush. They put this knowledge to good use yesterday, and stole all the Yankees' thunder in going into the ninth inning tied and ripping out a rally which landed them on top.

It was the first time this year that the old Summer resident, Humidity, has attended a ball game at the Polo Grounds. He was as great a pest as ever, and made everybody suffer.

Bob Shawkey not only tried his best to pitch the Yanks to victory, but he also tried to bat them to glory. He led the club hitting with three hits, one a double. Bob also kindly favored with the Yanks' only run. Hughey High was the only other Yankee whose hits counted for anything, and he followed Shawkey's excellent example quite faithfully. It was the Yankees' last home game of the present series, and today they grapple with the Red Sox, and hope to come back here in a few days in second place. The Yanks have scrambled up so close to first place now that they will never be satisfied until they get there.

Witt Shocks Shawkey.

Witt, the little shortfielder of the Mackmen, gave Shawkey a rude welcome when he came up to bat in the first inning. He smacked the ball on a wild trip high over Terrible Tim Hendryx's little blue cap, and Witt didn't stop running until he got to third base. Shawkey didn't help matters much when he fanned, but Francesco Piazzi—or perhaps you know him better as Ping Bodie—slammed a high sacrifice fly to Hendryx, and Witt scored.

Then followed a few innings during which nothing happened to hurt any one's feelings, and in the fifth the Yankees showed a dash of ambition and tied the score. After Nunamaker had been tossed out at first by Witt, Shawkey took matters in his own hands and propelled a double to the right-field wall. Hendryx then got an infield hit and sent Shawkey down to third. High laced a single through second and Shawkey galloped home.

The Donovan lads made sad use of their opportunities in the sixth inning. Miller was the first batsman up and he gave every one an agreeable surprise when he smashed a single to left. Baker sent Miller along with a sacrifice and the Yankee outfielder was so tickled to find himself on second base that he became very bold and actually stole third. There he was on third with only one out. That layout looked promising enough and Peck was unanimously requested to perform his oft-repeated trick of swatting a double to left, or a long fly, or almost anything that would send Miller home. Peck was patient and got a walk, and it was up to Nunamaker.

Nunamaker's Bunts Foozles.

The Yanks picked this as a good occasion to work the squeeze play, but as Miller came romping home, Nunamaker tried to bunt and fouled the ball. Again Nunamaker tried to bunt and failed, and with two strikes on him he still insisted on trying to bunt and this time a puny little pop foul fly bounded off his bat. Haley, the Athletics' catcher, got it easily and Peck was doubled off first.

Pitching so nobly out of this difficulty gave Myers, the Mackian hurler, more confidence, and after that the Yanks never had much a promising opportunity. Shawkey got a hit in the seventh and another in the ninth, but these didn't do a bit of good, because none of the other Yanks could solve Myers's slants as readily as Shawkey did.

After seeing the Yanks rally in the ninth so often, the Athletics decided that they would try to do the same thing. Ping Bodie was the first man up in the ninth and he swung so hard at the ball that the effort must have cost him two or three pounds in energy. Ping swung on the ball as if nothing would satisfy him short of a drive over into the Harlem River. Don't get impatient. Ping didn't hit the ball, but merely struck out.

Bates shot a hit to right field, which got away from Hendryx, and the runner was at second before Terrible Tim captured the elusive ball. Jack McInnis followed up the advantage with a single to centre, which sent Bates home. After Gooch had skied to Maisel, Patsy Haley smashed another single to left and sent McInnis home.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A	NEW YORK. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Witt,ss	4	1	1	3	1	Hendryx,rf	4	0	1	3	0
Strunk,cf	4	0	0	1	0	High,lf	4	0	2	1	0
Bodie,lf	3	0	0	0	0	Maisel,2b	4	0	0	1	5
Baker,3b	4	1	1	1	0	Pipp,1b	4	0	0	9	2
McInnis,1b	4	1	3	8	1	Miller,cf	3	0	1	1	0
Gooch,rf	4	0	0	2	0	Baker,3b	3	0	1	3	1
Haley,c	4	0	2	6	4	P'paugh,ss	3	0	1	3	2
Grover,2b	3	0	0	5	1	N'maker,c	3	0	0	6	0
Myers,p	3	0	0	1	2	Shawkey,p	4	1	3	1	0
Total	32	3	7	27	14	Total	32	1	9	27	10

Errors—Gooch, Maisel.

Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—	3
New York	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—	1

Two-base hits—High, Shawkey, Bates. Three-base hit—Witt. Stolen bases—Maisel, Peckinpaugh, Miller, Bates. Sacrifice hits—Baker, Grover. Sacrifice fly—Bodie. Double plays—Pipp, Peckinpaugh, and Pipp; Haley and McInnis. Left on bases—New York, 9; Philadelphia, 5. First base on error—Philadelphia, 1. Bases on balls—Off Shawkey, 1; Myers, 4. Earned runs—Off Shawkey, 3; Myers, 1. Struck out—By Shawkey, 7; Myers, 5. Time—1 hour 46 minutes. Umpires—Hildebrand and O'Loughlin.

AYERS WINS FOR SENATORS.

Drives In Run Which Beats Red Sox, 7 to 6, in Eleventh.

BOSTON, June 27.—Washington scored three runs to tie the score in the ninth inning today and defeated the world's champions, 7 to 6, by a run scored in the eleventh. A wild throw to first base by shore was responsible for two of the runs in the ninth. Ayer's single sent the winning tally home.

The score:

WASHINGTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A	BOSTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Judge,1b	5	1	2	18	0	Hooper,rf	3	2	1	0	1
Shanks,ss	4	1	2	3	5	Barry,2b	4	1	2	3	5
Milan,cf	4	0	0	2	0	Hoblitz'l,1b	3	0	0	11	1
Rice,rf	5	0	1	2	1	Gardner,3b	5	0	2	3	3
Morgan,2b	3	0	1	1	1	Lewis,lf	4	1	2	3	2
McBride,2b	0	0	0	1	1	Walker,cf	5	1	1	0	0
a Jamieson	1	0	1	0	0	Scott,ss	5	0	0	3	1
Murray,2b	0	0	0	0	1	Agnew,c	3	0	0	4	2
Leonard,3b	4	1	2	4	0	bHenriksen	1	0	0	0	0
Menosky,lf	3	1	1	3	0	Shore,p	4	1	1	1	1
Henry,c	3	1	0	4	1						
Ainsmith,c	2	1	1	3	0	Total	37	6	9	33	16
Gallia,p	3	0	1	0	1						
Ayers,p	1	1	1	0	0						
Total	39	7	13	38	15						

a Batted for McBride in ninth.
b Batted for Agnew in eleventh.
Errors—Morgan, Leonard, Henry, Barry, Shore.

Washington	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	0	1	—7
Boston	0	0	1	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	—6

Two-base hits—Shanks, (2,) Barry. Three-base hit—Judge. Stolen bases—Lewis, Ainsmith. Sacrifice hits—Milan, Hoblitzell, Morgan. Sacrifice fly—Barry. Double plays—[illegible]. Left on bases—Washington, 9; Boston, 7. First base on errors—Washington, 2; Boston, 1. Bases on balls—Off Gallia, 3; Ayers, 2; Shore, 3. Hits and earned runs—Off Gallia, 8 hits and 4 runs in 8 innings; Ayers, 1 and 0 in 3; Shore, 1 and 3 in 11. Struck out—By Gallia, 5; Ayers, 1; Shore, 4. Time—2 hours 45 minutes. Umpires—McCormick and Dineen.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 3; New York, 1.
Washington, 7; Boston, 6.
(11 innings.)
Chicago, 5; Detroit, 2.
(First game.)
Chicago, 3; Detroit, 2.
(Second game.)
Cleveland, 5; St. Louis, 4.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 4; Philadelphia, 2.
Brooklyn, 7; Boston, 3.
Cincinnati, 6; Pittsburgh, 5.
Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 2.
(First game.)
St. Louis, 6; Chicago, 3.
(Second game.)

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	42	21	.667
Boston	37	24	.607
New York	35	25	.583
Cleveland	33	32	.508
Detroit	29	30	.492
Washington	24	36	.400
St. Louis	23	38	.377
Philadelphia	20	37	.351

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	35	21	.625
Philadelphia	35	22	.614
Chicago	38	30	.559
St Louis	32	30	.516
Cincinnati	33	35	.485
Brooklyn	25	31	.446
Boston	23	32	.418
Pittsburgh	19	39	.328

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30.)
Philadelphia at Brooklyn.
(2 games; first at 1:30.)
Chicago at St. Louis.
Cincinnati at Pittsburgh.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
(Two games.)
Washington at Philadelphia.
Detroit at Chicago.
St. Louis at Cleveland.

SOX DOWN TIGERS TWICE.

Cobb Adds Two to His Record for Hits in Consecutive Games.

CHICAGO, June 27.—Ty Cobb continued his record for safe hitting in consecutive games when he added two more to his string today, his record now standing at twenty-four games, in which he has made one or more hits. He obtained one hit in each game of the double header here which his club lost to Chicago.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

CHICAGO. (A.)	AB	H	P	A	DETROIT. (A.)	AB	H	P	A
Leibold,rf	4	1	1	5	0	Bush,ss	4	1	2	3	1
Weaver,3b	4	1	2	1	0	Young,2b	2	1	0	0	0
E. Collins,2b	3	1	0	1	0	Mitchell,cf	0	0	0	0	0
Jackson,lf	4	1	2	2	0	aCrawford	1	0	0	0	0
Felsch,cf	4	1	0	5	0	Cobb,cf	3	0	1	1	0
Gandil,1b	3	0	0	5	0	Veach,lf	4	1	1	1	0
Risberg,ss	4	0	4	0	1	Heilman,rf	3	0	1	0	0
Lynn,c	4	0	0	9	0	Burns,1b	3	0	0	8	0
Cicotte,p	4	0	1	0	2	Vitt,3b	2	0	0	0	3
						Stanage,c	2	0	0	8	0
						bR. Jones	1	0	0	0	0
						Cun'gham,p	0	0	0	0	0
						Dauss,p	2	0	0	0	0
						Spencer,c	2	0	0	2	0
						cDyer	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	5	11	27	4	Total	31	2	4	24	10

a Batted for Mitchell in first.
b Batted for Stanage in seventh.
c Batted for Cunningham in ninth.
Errors—Risberg, Bush.

Detroit	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—	2
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	—	5

Three-base hit—Risberg. Stolen base—Weaver. Sacrifice hit—Young. Sacrifice fly—Vitt. Left on bases—Detroit, 7; Chicago, 7. First base on errors—Detroit, 1; Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Dauss, 1; Cicotte, 3. Hits and earned runs—Off Dauss, 9 hits and 4 runs in 6 innings; Cicotte, 4 and 0 in 9; Cunningham, 2 and 0 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Cunningham, (Gandil.) Struck out—By Dauss, 4; Cicotte, 8; Cunningham, 2. Wild pitch—Cicotte. Passed ball—Lynn. Time—1 hour 55 minutes. Umpires—Moriarty, Connolly, and Nallin.

SECOND GAME.

CHICAGO. (A.)	AB	H	P	A	DETROIT. (A.)	AB	H	P	A
Leibold,rf	3	0	0	2	0	Bush,ss	4	0	0	1	1
Weaver,3b	3	0	0	0	3	Young,2b	4	0	1	0	1
E. Collins,2b	4	0	1	0	3	Cobb,cf	4	1	1	1	0
Jackson,lf	4	0	0	4	0	Veach,lf	4	1	2	1	0
Felsch,cf	4	0	1	0	0	Heilman,rf	4	0	3	3	1
Gandil,1b	3	1	0	11	0	Burns,1b	4	0	1	8	5
Risberg,ss	2	2	1	5	4	Vitt,3b	3	0	0	2	1
Schalk,c	3	0	1	5	0	Spencer,c	3	0	1	3	0
Danforth,p	2	0	0	0	1	Stanage,c	0	0	0	0	0
sMurphy	1	0	1	0	0	Ehmke,p	3	0	1	4	1
Russell,p	0	0	0	0	1						
Total	33	2	10	24	14	Total	33	2	10	27	11

a Batted for Danforth in seventh.

Chicago	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	—	3
Detroit	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—	2

Two-base hits—Veach, Risberg, Young, Spencer, Murphy. Stolen base—Cobb. Sacrifice hits—Gandil. Double plays—Risberg, (unassisted;) E. Collins, Risberg, and Gandil; Russell, Risberg, and Gandil. Left on bases—Detroit, 4; Chicago, 6. First base on error—Chicago. Bases on balls—Off Ehmke, 3. Hits and earned runs—Off Danforth, 9 hits, 2 runs in 7 innings; Russell, 1 and 0 in 2; Ehmke, 5 and 2. Struck out—By Danforth, 3; Ehmke, 2. Wild pitch—Danforth. Time—1 hour 46 minutes. Umpires—Connolly, Nallin, and Moriarty.

INDIANS PUMMEL BROWNS.

Cleveland Takes Fourth Straight from St. Louis—Score 4 to 5.

CLEVELAND, June 27.—Cleveland made it four straight from St. Louis today, winning 5 to 4. Gould, who started to pitch, passed the first three batsmen. Klepfer, who relieved him, held the Browns in check until the ninth, when Bagby went in and struck out Jacobson, retiring the side.

The score:

CLEVELAND. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A	ST. LOUIS. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Graney,lf	3	1	0	3	3	Sloan,lf	3	1	1	0	0
Chapman,ss	4	2	3	2	5	Austin,ss	2	1	0	0	5
Speaker,cf	3	0	1	1	0	Sisler,1b	3	1	2	9	1
Smith,rf	1	0	0	0	0	Kumler,rf	4	1	1	1	0
Roth,rf	3	0	1	0	0	Pratt,2b	4	0	1	3	2
W'gans,2b	4	1	1	1	3	Severeid,c	4	0	2	4	0
Harris,1b	3	0	1	11	3	Jacobson,cf	3	0	0	4	0
Evans,3b	3	1	0	1	1	Marsans,3b	3	0	0	2	3
Deberry,c	4	0	1	6	0	Davenport,p	1	0	0	0	0
Gould,p	0	0	0	0	0	Hamilton,p	1	0	1	1	1
Klepfer,p	4	0	0	2	3	Wright,p	0	0	0	0	0
Bagby,p	0	0	0	0	0	aShotton	1	0	0	0	0
						bJohnson	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	5	8	27	18	Total	29	4	8	24	12

a Batted for Hamilton in eighth.
b Ran for Severeid in ninth.
Error—Deberry.

Cleveland	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	—	5
St. Louis	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	—	4

Two-base hits—Severeid, Pratt, Deberry, Wambsgans, Speaker. Three-base hits—Rumler, Chapman. Stolen bases—Johnson, Chapman, Roth, (2.) Sacrifice hits—Jacobson, Evans, Speaker. Double plays—Wambsgans, Chapman, and Harris; Graney and Deberry. Left on bases—St. Louis, 3; Cleveland, 7. Bases on balls—Off Hamilton, 3; Wright, 1; Gould, 3; Klepfer, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Davenport, 5 hits, 0 runs in 2 1-3 innings; Hamilton, 2 and 2 in 4 2-3; Wright, 1 and 1 in 1; Gould, 0 and 1 in 0; Klepfer, 8 and 3 in 8 2-3; Bagby, 0 and 0 in 1-3. Struck out—By Hamilton, 2; Klepfer, 3; Bagby, 1. Wild pitch—Davenport. Time—2 hours 5 minutes. Umpires—Owen and Evans.

Eastern League.

New Haven, 4; Worcester, 3. (12 innings.)
New London, 7; Lawrence, 2.
Portland, 2; Hartford, 1.
Bridgeport, 4; Springfield, 3.

GIANTS, BY BEATING PHILS, REGAIN LEAD

New York, Aided by Perritt's Good Pitching, Takes Game from Quakers by 4 to 2.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27.—The Giants came here, they saw, and while they did not conquer in a series of five games, they departed for home tonight still leaders of the National League. By winning today's game the men of McGraw toppled the Phillies out of the lead and are setting the pace by a margin of half a game. The score today was 4 to 2.

There wasn't much to today's game. It was a listless contest from first to last, neither team showing much fighting spirit. The Giants won because Bancroft had a lurid afternoon with four errors and Benton and Perritt puzzled the Quaker sticksmiths. Only one of Bancroft's errors was costly, his boot of Kauff's roller in the first inning permitting the Giants to score two runs, but as two tallies was the margin by which the Giants won, Bancroft must bear the burden.

Benton started the game for New York but was badly shaken up in the second inning in a collision with the burly Cravath at the plate and gave up to a pinch-hitter in the third. Perritt then assumed the burden and blanked the Quakers during the remainder of the game.

Bancroft's error put the Giants in position to score a pair of runs in the first. Two were out when the Quaker shortstop let Kauff's grounder go through him. Zimmerman promptly hit one of Lavender's offerings into the left field bleachers and cashed both runs.

In the Phillies' half of the second, a wild pitch and a dropped thrown ball by Benton, coupled with two hits and a sacrifice, enabled the locals to tie it up. Cravath and Whitted led off with singles and Luderus sacrificed both men along. The Rube then pitched a wild one, scoring Cravath and, when the latter bumped him, Benton dropped Rariden's throw and Whitted also skipped in.

The Giants took the lead in the third when Burns opened with a double, went to third on a wild pitch, and scored on Herzog's out. Their last run came two innings later, when Rariden singled and deposited a run at the plate on Burns's second two-ply blow.

In the fifth the Phillies loaded the cushions on two singles and a hit batsman. There were two out and it was up Stock, but the former Giant failed with a puny grounder to Perritt.

Lavender, who defeated the Giants in the first game of the series, was withdrawn in the seventh to admit Wildfire Shulte as a pinch-hitter. Shulte proved a pinch-batter instead of a pinch-hitter, and Pittery, a recruit, finished the game for the Phillies in fine style.

The score:

NEW YORK. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A	PHILADELPHIA. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
G. Burns,lf	4	1	3	2	0	Paskert,cf	3	0	0	2	0
Herzog,2b	4	0	0	4	4	Bancroft,ss	4	0	1	3	2
Kauff,cf	4	0	1	2	0	Stock,3b	3	0	1	1	2
Zim'man,3b	4	1	1	0	1	Whitted,lf	4	1	1	2	0
Fletcher,ss	4	0	0	2	6	Luderus,1b	3	0	1	7	0
Robertson,rf	4	0	0	0	0	Niehoff,2b	3	0	0	2	2
Holke,1b	3	0	0	7	1	Rariden,c	3	1	1	4	0
Rariden,c	2	1	1	4	0	Killifer,c	2	0	0	2	0
Benton,p	0	0	0	0	0	Lavender,p	2	0	1	1	5
Perritt,p	2	0	0	1	4	Fittery,p	0	0	0	0	0
aKrueger	1	0	0	0	0	bSchulte	1	0	0	0	0
						cE. Burns	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	4	5	27	16	Total	34	2	11	27	14

a Batted for Benton in third.
b Batted for Lavender in seventh.
c Batted for Fittery in ninth.
Errors—Benton, Bancroft, (4.)

New York	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	—	4
Philadelphia	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	2

Two-base hits—G. Burns, (2,) Killifer. Home run—Zimmerman. Sacrifice hits—Rariden, Luderus. Double plays—Herzog and Holke, Fletcher, Herzog and Holke. Left on bases—New York, 3; Philadelphia, 7. First base on errors—New York, 4. Base on balls—Off Lavender, 1; Perritt, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Benton, 3 hits, 2 runs in 2 innings; Lavender, 5 hits in 7; Perritt, 8 and 0 in 7; Fittery, 0 and 0 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Perritt, (Paskert.) Struck out—By Perritt, 4; Lavender, 5; Fittery, 1. Wild pitches—Lavender, Benton. Time—1 hour 50 minutes. Umpires—Klem and Bransfield.

EVEN BREAK FOR CUBS.

Chicago Wins First from Cards, 4 to 2, and Drops Second, 6 to 3.

ST. LOUIS, June 27.—Chicago and St. Louis divided today's double header, Chicago winning the first game 4 to 2 and St. Louis the second, 6 to 3. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

CHICAGO. (N.)	AB	H	P	A	ST. LOUIS. (N.)	AB	H	P	A
Flack,rf	3	1	1	0	0	J.Smith,cf	3	0	1	3	0
Mann,lf	5	0	0	1	0	Bescher,cf	1	0	0	1	0
Doyle,2b	5	0	1	0	3	Baird,3b	3	0	1	2	1
Merkle,1b	5	1	2	12	0	Long,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Williams,cf	5	2	3	4	0	Hornsby,ss	4	0	0	2	3
Deal,3b	3	0	0	0	2	Cruise,lf	4	0	0	3	0
Wortman,ss	3	0	1	2	3	aGonzales	1	0	0	0	0
Wilson,c	3	0	1	8	0	Betzel,lf	0	0	0	1	0
Vaughn,p	4	0	1	0	1	Miller,2b	3	2	2	0	4
						Paulette,1b	3	0	1	7	1
						Snyder,c	4	0	0	4	3
						Doak,p	3	0	0	2	2
						bF.Smith	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	4	10	27	11	Total	32	2	5	27	15

a Batted for Cruise in eighth.
b Batted for Doak in ninth.
Errors—Deal, Wortman, Hornsby, (3.)

Chicago	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	—	4
St. Louis	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	2

Two-base hits—Williams, Merkle, Flack. Three-base hits—Hornsby, 2. Sacrifice hits—Paulette, Deal. Sacrifice fly—Wortman. Double plays—Miller, Hornsby, and Paulette; Hornsby, Miller, and Paulette; Doyle, Wortman, and Merkle; Baird, Miller, and Paulette. Left on bases—Chicago, 9; St. Louis, 7. First base on errors—Chicago, 1; St. Louis, 2. Bases on balls—Off Vaughn, 2; Doak, 5. Earned runs—Off Doak, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Vaughn, (Hornsby.) Struck out—By Vaughn, 7; Doak, 4. Time—1 hour 48 minutes. Umpires—O'Day and Harrison.

SECOND GAME.

ST. LOUIS. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A	CHICAGO. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
J.Smith,cf	4	0	1	3	0	Flack,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Baird,3b	4	0	1	0	0	Mann,lf	3	1	1	1	0
Long,rf	4	0	0	1	0	Doyle,2b	2	0	0	1	2
Hornsby,ss	4	1	2	1	1	Zeider,2b	2	1	1	2	1
Cruise,lf	4	2	3	6	0	Merkle,1b	4	1	1	12	0
Miller,2b	4	1	1	1	3	Williams,cf	4	0	2	2	0
Paulette,1b	3	1	1	8	0	Deal,3b	4	0	0	0	2
Gonzales,c	2	1	1	7	1	Wortman,ss	3	0	0	3	5
Horstman,p	3	0	0	0	2	Elliott,c	3	0	0	9	2
						Prend'g't,p	3	0	0	1	3
						Aldridge,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	32	6	10	27	9	Total	32	3	5	24	15

Errors—Doyle, Deal, Zeider.

St. Louis	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	—	6
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	—	6

Two-base hit—Zeider. Three-base hits—Hornsby, Cruise, Miller. Home run—Merkle. Stolen base—Williams. Double plays—Deal, Doyle, and Merkle; Wortman and Merkle. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; St. Louis, 3. First base on error—St. Louis, 1. Bases on balls—Off Aldridge, 1; Horstman, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Prendergast, 7 hits and 3 runs in 4 innings, (none out in seventh;) Aldridge, 3 and 1 in 2; Horstman, 3 runs. Hit by pitcher—By Horstman, (Elliott.) Struck out—By Prendergast, 1; Horstman, 6. Wild pitch—Prendergast. Time—2 hours 6 minutes. Umpires—Harrison and O'Day.

Southern Association.

New Orleans, 4; Mobile, 2.
Atlanta, 2; Birmingham, 9. (First game.)
Atlanta, 4; Birmingham, 2. (Second game.)

American Association.

St. Paul, 1; Louisville, 0.
Minneapolis, 3; Columbus, 2.
Toledo, 5; Milwaukee, 2.
Kansas City, 4; Indianapolis, 3.

ROBINS BEAT BRAVES AGAIN.

Evers, Stallings, Smith, and Tyler Banished from Game.

The parting engagement of the present series between the Brooklyns and Boston Braves at Ebbets Field yesterday resulted in a victory for the Dodgers by the score of 7 to 3. Crippled as they are by the losses of Jake Daubert and Mike Mowrey, the Robins could inject only a limited quantity of "pep" in the few opening innings.

Johnny Evers was ever trying to get the needed "pep" into the fracas after the second inning, and his hoarse voice was heard all over the lot. In fact it was heard too much, and in the eighth stanza he was ordered from the coaching lines by Umpire Rigler. This banishment started a procession. Manager George Stallings, sitting in his street finery on the bench, but gabbing audibly, was ordered to disappear, and then Umpire Orth got into the game actively and chased Red Smith from the scene, the latter getting snippy, even after reaching first on a pass. This stirred up Lefty George Tyler, who got into the conversation and also was banished. Then ball playing was resumed.

The opposing twirlers were big Jeff Pfeffer for the Robins and Frank Allen for the visitors. Pfeffer had much the best of the argument.

After a troublesome first inning, in which Pfeffer was reached for three singles in a row, netting Boston a run, the tall Dodger twirler settled down, and was never really in danger up to the eighth frame.

Brooklyn tied the score in their half of the first on singles by Olson and Johnston and sacrifices by Hickman and Wheat, the latter's fly to left scoring Olson. In the third the Brooklyns took the lead when Olson doubled to left and scored on Johnston's single to the centre garden. A terrific home-run drive, which sailed high from the bat of Casey Stengel over the right field wall, gave the Robins another marker in the sixth, and in the seventh they added two more on a pass to Miller, a single by Olson, a double by Johnston, and a trio of glittering errors by as many Boston fielders.

Boston got two runs in the eighth when, after Massey had singled and Wilhoit doubled, Chief John Tortes Meyers uncorked a wild heave to left when trying to find third base, which was closely followed by a fumble of Tragesser's grounder by Hy Myers at third, which permitted both to cross the plate. The scoring all came with two down, but despite the fact that the bases were loaded, Pfeffer tightened up in time to save further trouble.

In their half of the eighth the Robins made two runs when Stengel walked and Wheat followed with a scratch infield hit, the two scoring when Hy Myers drove a single to centre.

Ivan Olson played brilliantly, and was one of the chief factors in the Robins success. In four trips to the plate he hit safely three times and was walked once. He scored three of Brooklyn's runs, and accepted successfully many chances in the field. Jimmy Johnston also played well, getting two timely hits and furnishing a heady play in the second inning which throttled a threatened Boston uprising. This play was followed by a clever double play engineered by Myers and Johnston, which dashed Boston's hopes for that inning.

The score:

BROOKLYN. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A	BOSTON. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Olson,ss	3	1	2	3	4	Fitzpat'k,lf	4	0	0	0	0
Johnston,1b	4	0	2	9	2	Massey,2b	2	2	2	3	0
Hickman,cf	3	0	1	0	0	Wilhoit,rf	4	1	2	2	0
Stengel,rf	2	2	1	0	0	Magee,cf	5	0	2	1	0
Wheat,lf	4	1	2	3	0	Konetchy,1b

THE TEACHING STAFF

Appointments and Transfers in the Public Schools.

The following appointments were made yesterday by the Board of Education:

TEACHERS.
Manhattan.
SCHEDULE B1—MEN.

H. F. Cunningham..B10
K. N. Phillips.....B10
Samuel Bier.....20
Alfredo Distefano.21
Philip Low.....34
H. C. Kurdelski..51
E. D. Kaplan.....61
W. J. Ryan.....65
John Brotherton..65
Michael J. Cullen.65
Henry Fried.....79
David I. Kaplan..79
H. C. Goodman....83
Isidor Rogin.....85
Harry Goldberg...85
R. J. Perretti....85
William F. Bauer.95
J. B. Goldsmith...96
C. J. Kraft, Jr...102
A. Manhelmer...132
S. Seligsohn.....147
B. Weberman.....147
J. E. Solomon....149
Edward Granat...169

WOMEN.

Amy M. Mattner...P3
Celia Bershadsky... 5
Mary E. Walsh.... 6
C. M. Murphy.... 33
Frances H. Allan.. 9
Hannah Davis.....13
Caroline M. Coyle..13
S. W. Van Horsen..13
Henry Fried.....79
David I. Kaplan..79
Elsie Rouelle.....32
May E. Clayton....32
Rose M. Farrell...32
Mary A. Murphy...33
Annie C. Dodge...37
D. Mayerhofer....38
D. H. Koerber....39
Mary Hawkins....42
K. A. Maloney....42
M. K. Shakespeare..42
Henrietta Lally...42
Anna R. Keane....44
Fanny Wolper.....43
Eleanor R. Bender..44
Ellen Lyons.....44
M. Havender.....45
J. E. Fogerty.....46
Ella M. Karl.....46
Tilda Schiffer....52
Edward Granat...169

WOMEN.

Clarissa Pettit...1
Florence C. Keen..1
Mary E. Dobbin...95
M. Ruth Heck.....95
Vera Malin.....95
Lillian E. Magnus.G93
May U. Bush.....97
Edna L. Beringer.102
Annabel Matthews.102
Hannah Perle.....102
A. V. Fanning....106
F. L. Alexander..107
M. H. Lawrence..107
Mary H. Lothrop..108
Elise S. Kaufmann.108
L. Wardell.....108
Edna Phillips.....108
Anna Hentel.....108
C. McLaughlin....108
Florence R. Carey.116
Frances Schaff....119
E. J. Devereux....122
Martha Guiry.....122
Louisa Selle Lyon..122
M. M. Ferguson....122
Sadie H. Lerner...131
C. A. B. Wilson...132
Helen E. Dwyer....132
Eva Berman.....132
Emily M. Duff...135
Anna Schweitzer..140
Ethel L. Christian.141
Gertrude Isaacson.157
Louise Cassidy...168
Dinah Berzinsky..168
Estelle Meltsner..168
Salome Kane.....169
E. B. Close.....172
Sara Weinraub....172
Etta Rosenbaum...172
Geraldine C. Smith.173
Grace G. Donahue.172
C. E. McCabe.....183
M. A. Kennedy..B188
Josephine Hipp...190
Sara E. Rhodes...190

UNGRADED—MEN.
Schedule B2 Plus $100.

Harold B. Weissman.....89

UNGRADED—WOMEN.
Schedule B2 Plus $100.

Edith M. Brower..82
Mabel Buntin.....51
Sarah E. Fisk....157

The Bronx.
SCHEDULE B1—MEN.

S. L. Rubenstein..13
Hyman Feldman....44
David H. Colin....55
Felix Kramer.....55

WOMEN.

Amy M. Mattner...P3
Celia Bershadsky... 5
Mary E. Walsh.... 6
C. M. Murphy.... 33
Frances H. Allan.. 9
Hannah Davis.....13
Caroline M. Coyle..13
S. W. Van Horsen..13
Henry Fried.....79
David I. Kaplan..79
Elsie Rouelle.....32
May E. Clayton....32
Rose M. Farrell...32
Mary A. Murphy...33
Annie C. Dodge...37
D. Mayerhofer....38
D. H. Koerber....39
Mary Hawkins....42
K. A. Maloney....42
M. K. Shakespeare..42
Henrietta Lally...42
Anna R. Keane....44
Fanny Wolper.....43
Eleanor R. Bender..44
Ellen Lyons.....44
M. Havender.....45
J. E. Fogerty.....46
Ella M. Karl.....46
Tilda Schiffer....52

Brooklyn.
SCHEDULE B1 MEN.

S. A. Zucker.....10
J. H. Lightcap....23
Nathan Hurwitz...23
L. F. Rubenstein..23
Joseph Katz.....50
William Cohen.....50
I. Chaimowitz.....53
S. E. Friedrich...80
Ralph Guinness....87
Abraham Wolfson.B84
A. B. Speel.....B84
Joseph K. Ryan...109
C. A. Gramet.....109
J. J. Richter.....109
Isidore Melovsky..133
Frank B. Stadtler..145
A. A. Schneider...165
Samuel Rogoff....175
Fred Weberpals....176

UNGRADED—MEN.
Schedule B2 Plus $100.

Harold B. Weissman.....89

UNGRADED—WOMEN.
Schedule B2 Plus $100.

Helen Greenwald..5
Ray Mann.....5
C. H. Smith.....7
Marion E. Reitz...16
L. G. Hallenberg...20
F. J. Hayman.....16
Lena Risenstein...17
Rose Atlas.....17
Ruth T. Kehoe.....19
Y. Kane.....19
M. A. Potter.....19
A. M. Willmann...19
M. E. Fletcher....19
M. H. Davis.....21
Mary V. McAuley...23
Mildred Bragin....23
Mary W. Hartwig..23
Ella Markowitz....23
Elsie V. Flint.....23
Ida F. Duncan.....30
Dora K. Blohm....32
E. E. Allen.....32
Marie A. Duffy....32
Beatrice Goldberg..36
Mildred Strom.....43
Louisa A. Downey..43
M. O. Warnock....46
Helen L. Koch.....46
C. Schoelzer.....165
Elizabeth Smith....50
Ida Glaseroff.....50
Strongin Edwards..50
Sadie Golin.....50
G. L. Higgins.....53
Sarah Heltner.....58
Elizabeth Taylor...64
Marion E. Lewry...70
S. L. Fischman....70
G. D. Donaldson...80
E. H. Lorentz.....B84
Grace E. Adams, Sewing.....91
Alice S. Sullivan, English.....95
Joseph P. Elsenstein, Hist. and Civ...109
Frank A. Smerling, English.....109
Rebecca Solomon, English.....109
Clara M. Kislik, Math.....114
Celia Rauch, Math.....159
Edna L. Robertson, English.....159
Reba J. Collins, Hist.....159
Marie C. Quinn, Math.....169
Myron R. Goldin, English.....169
Bertha Insler, Hist. and Civ.....171
Edward L. Loeb, Music.....184
Margaret L. Barber, Phys. Trng.....B188

THE BRONX.

Anna M. Savage, Hist. and Civ.....2
Julia Ullmann, Phys. Trng.....2
Agnes C. Titterton, Math.....2
Josephine M. Clark, Music.....4
Theodore T. Weiss, Phys. Trng.....Gn 3
Leo Bernheim, Phys. Trng.....4
Emmy R. Turner, English.....9
Meyer Corenthal, Hist. and Civ.....9
Christina M. Whittaker, English.....11
Irving L. Cohen, Math.....12
Louis Englander, Math.....13
Helmi Miller, English.....23
Jeannette Levin, English.....23
Florence E. Strickland, Hist. and Civ..25
Ellen Jones, Math.....29
Joseph M. Downey, Jr., Math.....44
Frances F. Jelinek, French.....45
Avis Doherty.....45
Lillie M. Carley, Geo. and Sci.....50
Rose H. Sieber, Drawing.....52
Gertrude M. Rothenstein, Music.....52
Seraphine Stein, Music.....53
Israel Seligman, English.....58
Leo Reich, Spanish.....

BROOKLYN.

Albina V. Buting, English.....10
Edna M. Westlake, English.....16
Herman J. Greenberg, Phys. Trng.....18
George F. Pigott, Jr., Geo. and Sci.....19
Elizabeth Burr, Music.....25

BROOKLYN.

Harriet S. Dendell, "A" license.....47
Evelyn C. Meagher, English.....48
Isabelle Sicklick, English.....50
Helen Drew, Drawing.....50
Alice A. Hasluck, Math.....58
William J. Stratton, Phys. Trng.....61
Sarah E. Prestley, Hist. and Civ.....64
Sadie Weisbord, Phys. Trng.....75
Elsie Heyman, Drawing.....80
Georgia Ethel Rowell, Math.....82
Mabel C. Koster, English.....85
Julia V. O'Leary, English.....80
Katherine M. Millard, Sewing.....104
Grace A. Taylor, Hist. and Civ.....118
Ruth A. Landau, Phys. Trng.....125
Euphemia W. Langhorst, Phys. Trng...126
Louis R. Jaffe, Hist. and Civ.....128
Josephine D. Smith, Music.....143
Clara E. Schwartz, Music.....145
Lillian M. Canfield, Hist. and Civ.....B147
Evelyn Markowitz, English.....148
Flora Louise Cutting, Phys. Trng.....150
Emma A. C. Galler, Phys. Trng.....150
Roland Dann, Hist. and Civ.....158
Henrietta Miller, Music.....158
Margaret M. A. Jessup, English.....160
Margaret Hallett, Phys. Trng.....160
Genevieve A. O'Connell, Phys. Trng....162
Jane Giegengack, Music.....169
Eleanor B. Lyford, English.....169
Albert Mashlmer, English.....170
Helen M. Pickering, Hist. and Civ.....171
Edward Sanders, English.....173
Helen J. Clark, Music.....173
Bertha Feldman, Phys. Trng.....173
Alice J. Judson, English.....174
Marie L. Keese, English.....175
Isador Moses, Math.....175
Alicia M. Kennedy, Phys. Trng.....179

QUEENS.

Helena K. Callahan, Music.....4
Josephine A. Besio, Phys. Trng.....20
Grace C. McGowan, English.....50
Helen M. Roys, Music.....57
Hajalka Langer, Phys. Trng.....83
Isaure F. Morley, Draw.....92
Mabel E. Pierce, Music.....93

RICHMOND.

John H. Stauff, Hist. and Civ.....1
Henry A. Convissar, English.....8
Inez L. Leavens, English.....19

Kindergarten.
MANHATTAN—WOMEN.

Anne L. Robertson 2
Ruth H. Proal.....2
Lillian Barshad....4
C. W. Peace.....13
Beatrice Brown....13
M. F. Cook.....15
Martha Zieger.....22
Carmen Schulich..22
M. F. Scheuerman 34
Elizabeth Carey...35
M. M. Eisele.....81
Amy B. Wright....114
P. S. Crosby.....116
Agnes G. Buckley.147

THE BRONX.

Mildred K. Smith..16
Minnie C. Cramer..25
Ethel Rousseau....34
Sarah E. Britt.....40

BROOKLYN.

Marie C. Voehl.....13
Julia A. Caught....14
Helen H. Merrell...17
G. M. Carlin.....17
G. Rutherford.....21
L. M. Gallivan.....30
Marion Maurer.....55
K. Robinson.....178
Harriet Morrison..178
F. B. Robinson....120
Marie L. Dose.....151

QUEENS.

Ruth R. Edmiston. 7
D. H. Peterson....78
Edna J. Bragaw...95

FIRST ASSISTANTS.

	School.
Ernest E. Smith, History	Manl. Training
Fred. C. White, History	Morris
Augustus S. Beatman, History	Julia Richman

TRANSFERS.
High Schools.

Asst. Trg.	To School.
Helen L. Hall, English	De W. Clinton
Elsa A. Busch, German	H. S. Commerce
Helen Ross, Drawing	Julia Richman
Helen Hall Mars, Phys. Trg.	Julia Richman
Elspeth M. McCreary, Eng.	Wash. Irving
*Daisy B. Sabin	Ev. Childs
Louis Fanz, Com'l Brs.	Morris
Harry Kessler, Com'l Brs.	Morris
Morris J. Landsman, Com'l Brs.	Morris
Margaret M. A. O'Donnell, German	Morris
Bernhardine G. Smithers, Spanish	Morris
Richard E. Elliffe, Phys. Trg.	Eras. Hall
Maxwell A. Croohe, Phys. Trg.	Eras. Hall
†Ella E. Kuleman	Eras. Hall
Joseph R. Helm, Phys. Trg.	New Utr.
Louise McKee, Eng. and Type	Girls
Helene M. Reimers, German	Flushing
Alice M. Gilliland, Math	Rich. Hill
Ethel E. Terrell, Draw	Bay Ridge

*Library asst. †Cler. asst.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.
PRINCIPALS.

	To School.	Schedule.
John J. O'Reilly	30	1B
Joseph K. Van Denberg	43	1B
Jessie B. Colburn	61	A
Felix Arnold	85	1B
Arthur J. Boylan	165	1B
George B. Germann	77	1B
Minnie Q. Ledwith	180	A
Charles B. Jameson	58	1B

TEACHERS—MANHATTAN.
SCHEDULE B3.

Annie Spence.....62

SCHEDULE VII.

John Benedict 8
Albert E. Flood....10
C. B. Rosenthal....10

SCHEDULE B2.

Matilda Becker 5
Agnes G. Riley....30
Louise Housman....43

SCHEDULE VI.

Henry Zuckerman..8
Sigmund Zinner....9

SCHEDULE B1.

Adelaide Cooper...G3
Millicent Batt.....5
Avis Doherty.....6
Mary Y. Hill.....10
S. C. Blumenfeld..10
M. E. Weisberg....10
F. W. Mathews.....11
C. B. Buckley.....23
B. Finkelstein....25
E. A. Sittig.....32
C. Davidson.....32
M. F. Leonard.....32
Joseph Strauss....36
Mary A. Grogan....39

UNGRADED—SCHEDULE B2—$100.

Mary M. Murphy.....53

KINDERGARTEN.

Helen Heydt 10
Mary C. Craft.....43

BROOKLYN.

SCHEDULE B3.

Lucie A. Sweeney..63
Hedwig Klein.....88
Sarah J. Kennedy.110

SCHEDULE VII.

Joseph Wihnyk....45

SCHEDULE VI.

Samuel Fleisher.....B84

SCHEDULE B2.

C. M. Mulhearn....6
Mary A. Hinchey...8
Emma L. Welser...45
Ella T. Doran.....47
E. C. McDonald....66
Laura G. Brown....75
Malvina Slonim....78
Mary J. Delaney...89
Florence Newman..118
W. A. G. Sullivan.125

SCHEDULE B1.

Rena B. Gordin...8
Irene M. Nealis...16
Rose Bradley.....23
Julia Weber.....23
M. L. Hazelton....24
Alice Benedict....26
*Pearl Baird.....
E. H. McCann.....31
R. Teresa Vance...33
Matilda M. Meyer..31
M. A. Flaherty...31
Emma Recker.....33
A. H. Mulholland..42
S. Kelly.....43
F. M. O'Brien.....43
Florence E. Geary..43
Julia D. Merritt...55
Harriet A. Meyer..67
S. H. Lifshitz....67
Rose M. Landa....69
Rose H. Wolf.....73
Selma M. Stout....77
Lena E. Galloy....83
Amelia I. Gough...80
Ida Perry.....83
Miriam Malcolm...85
Agnes J. Cox.....B84
Rose Kaplan.....B84
H. A. A. Schmitz..B84
Gladys Horn.....86
Marion B. Auld....90
M. Finkelstein....90
Mary E. McCann...104
Jennie D. Cohen...109
Amelia Weber....110
E. C. McGillivray..109
Louise V. Martin..112
Agnes L. Morrow..126
Helen A. Pyne.....126
Ellen C. Lyons....126
C. Stebbins.....126
Adele M. Murphy..126
R. Rosenblum.....126
Cornelia S. Pieh..126
E. Bernstein.....126
Rose E. Weir.....126
K. Lanigan.....126
*As teacher of a crippled class.

UNGRADED—SCHEDULE B2 $100.

M. E. M. Power...31

KINDERGARTEN.

Ruth Dahlbender..49
S. E. McNeil.....53
E. H. Barton.....60
F. G. Seelman.....52
H. A. Cronin.....146

SCHEDULE VII.

Mabel A. Jarvis..149
Alfred de B. Mason.170

SCHEDULE VII.

G. A. Goldstone....158

SCHEDULE VI.

G. D. Smith.....126
Annie McCafrey...126
H. W. H. Luhrs..126
Mary L. Norton...126
Ethel Van Wickel..126
Maggie T. Terry...126
M. E. Forrester...163
Katherine S. Lyon.165
Josephine Schell...175
Sarah Brahdy.....178

SCHEDULE B1.

Rae D. Firestone..126
C. D. Walsh.....126
Harriet S. Trapp..126
Lena Stemple.....126
Alice M. Ammerman.127
Frances D. Morche.128
Laura E. Harman.128
Adelaide Brewster.129
Mary L. Le Vine...137
Lillian F. Flynn...143
May C. Adams....148
Bertha H. Feper..143
Rose F. Kemmer...143
Ethel G. Hahn....143
J. G. Goldberg....143
M. M. Goldberg...143
Mollie H. Settle...143
Frances A. Cooney.143
Selma S. Mendel..143
G. F. Burghardt..149
C. D. Arnold.....150
Marjorie Parker...150
Rothgeser.....150
Jacquelin Gibbins..153
Lillian Perry.....155
Grace M. Waldie..153
Ida B. Reibstein...165
Tillie Zinner.....165
Lillian Sinelik....165
M. H. Weishaupt..165
Minnie Campbell..167
M. A. Fitzsimmons.167
Amelia Truelson..167
Frances A. Wright.167
Kathryn D. Flynn.167
Grace A. Lynch....169
Mary H. Taylor...169
Flora C. Allison...170
K. H. O'Brien....170
Dora M. Gilbert...171
Celia J. Eichelman.173
C. O'Mahoney....176
C. J. Anderson....176
Louise M. Nickel..178
Margaret H. Ortt..179
E. Schroeder.....179

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

BAGS.—Contractors wanted for large quantity khaki bags. C 500 Times Annex.

COATS.—H. Fried of Philadelphia will look at children's and infants' coats all day Thursday. Room 500, Wilson Bldg., 1,270 Broadway.

COATS.—Jobber placing orders on snappy broadcloth coats only. First floor, 15 West 26th St.

COATS, SUITS.—Prominent jobber looking at Fall samples. Fourth floor, 6 West 32d.

COATS.—Jobber placing orders on Fall coats. Fifth floor, 45 West 27th St.

CORDUROY.—We want 36-inch wide wale white; no seconds; mail sample and price. S. Reichman & Co., 707 Arch St., Philadelphia.

CORDUROY.—Open for wide-wale corduroy in white and navy. H. B. Schwartz, 127 West 26th St.

COTTON GOODS.—Open to buy for cash; large quantities of cambrics, percales and ginghams. Gram. 4436.

CREPE METEOR; large quantity; all shades. I. Zimetbaum Co., 38 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Will buy for spot cash any quantity of wash dresses; also jobs of crepe de chine and taffeta dresses. Wiener, 53 West 36th St.

DRESSES.—Jobber placing orders on new Fall silk styles. Call, with samples, 11th floor, 54 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at serge and silk dresses. Call all week, 6th floor, 12 West 31st.

DRESSES.—Jobbers looking at serge dresses all week. 137 West 25th, seventh floor.

DRESSES.—Serge; will look at serge dresses all week. 4th floor, 134 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Jobber buying Fall dresses. Room 804, 27 West 24th.

FRENCH SERGE wanted in all colors, 50 or 54 inches. Butterfly Dress Mfg. Co., 142 West 24th.

GEORGETTE, open for quantity spot cash. Esco Waist Co., 151 West 19th.

GINGHAMS.—Open to buy plain and fancy ginghams, for cash. Gramercy 4436.

JEANS for middy blouses; can use any standard cloth; state quantity and lowest price for spot cash. W 334 Times Downtown.

KERSEYS.—Open at all times for black, gray, blue, and brown; submit samples. Max Scott, 79 Fifth Av.

PLUSH.—Will buy peco or H. & H. Telephone Chelsea 9724.

POIRET TWILL.—Tan shade, any quality. Sasner & Marinace, 31 West 31st St. M. Sq. 478.

POPLINS.—Quantity of American poplins, Style 6709-5, and black; will pay cash for same. M. Kananack, 129 West 27th.

POPLINS.—Open for 767 or P. P. L. black and navy; 6301 serge, all colors. Phone Chelsea 9423.

POPLINS, velours, broadcloths, kerseys, &c.; open for quantity. T. Weinberg & Sons, 144 West 27th.

POPLIN.—90610, also American kersey taupe. Wilson Manufacturing Co., 127 Madison Av.

POPLINS.—Open for quantity of 769, 99 and 104; Gera Mills 9036. Phone 5425 Gramercy.

POPLIN.—Amoskeag wanted, 9058, 8158, and Whitmans 767; spot cash. Chelsea 2210.

SATEEN.—Any color, any quantity; m'f'rs' surplus preferred; spot cash. E 275 Times Downtown.

SERGE.—Botany 764; also Pacific, narrow width, 40-42 inches; quantity; all colors; write only; no attention paid to callers. N. Friedman, care J. Goldwasser, 158 West 27th St.

SERGES.—Open for quantity French serges, also Pacific, Whitman, Panama. Bedford Waist and Dress, 114 West 26th.

SERGES.—Open for any quantity F. S. G., F. S. W., W. F. 4059 and 4421; quote lowest prices; cash. 12 29 Times.

SERGES.—Juilliard's 4408-4421, Whitman's 104, and Botany 11433 desired. Schlang Co., 151 West 26th.

SERGES.—Lightweight French serges, navy only, for spot cash. J. D. Booth & Son, 134 West 26th.

SERGES.—Open for Amoskeag, 7801, 6301 and 6002. Franklin 1268.

SERGES.—U. S. 818 or similar cloth. Phone Farr. 4923.

SILK.—Open to buy quantity of satins, Georgettes, crepe de chine; will pay cash; call at any time. 87 5th Av., 3d floor.

SILKS.—Open for jobs of striped and plain silks. Trussel Waist Co., 139 West 25th St.

SILKS, Georgettes, Crepes, Navy Taffetas.—Cash. Room 1009, 17 Madison Av.

SILKS.—Susquehanna 36-inch chiffon faille for cash, all colors. H 11 Times.

SUITS.—Perry, Dame & Co., 142 East 32d St., are looking at Fall ladies' and misses' suits. Call at once; ask for Mr. Wilcox.

SUITS and COATS.—Jobber will look at better grade garments. I. F., 22 West 32d, 5th floor.

SUITS.—Jobber placing orders on Lew smart Fall suits and coats. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

TAFFETAS.—Will buy quantity navy taffeta at cash price. Balsam Dress and Skirt Co., 19 West 21st.

TAFFETAS.—Tender any shade, 36 inches wide, any quantity, 10c per yard. Klein, 28 E. 28th St.

VELOURS, Poplins, and Esquimette.—Open for quantity for cash. Haft, 104 West 27th St.

WASH DRESSES.—Open to buy jobs wash dresses; any quantity. Globe Dress, 19 West 27th.

WASH GOODS.—Will buy for cash unlimited quantity cotton piece goods, white or colored; will take garment manufacturers' surplus stock; submit samples and quotations. Box E 450 Times Annex.

Offerings to Buyers

BLACK FURETTE.—One-inch strips; Chase or Blumenthal. Shapiro & Sons, 54 West 21st.

COATS, Fall suits, ready; coats, immediate delivery; navies, blacks. Talbot, 114 West 27th.

CARDS—Snap fastener cards, 21000; also carding boards; close out. S 78 Times.

COATS.—All wool poplin coats, 40 inches long, full flare, at the low price of $6.75 net; a wonderful value for sales. I. & B. Shapiro Cloak Co., 37 West 20th.

COATS to close out at a price in velour, Palm Beach, sport fabrics; large quantity. J. P. Slater & Co., 22 West 32d.

COATS AND SUITS.—Palm Beach silks and cloth to close out. T. Weinberg & Sons, 144 West 27th.

COATS, SUITS, to close; desirable styles; all colors. Jacobus Bros., 1,261 Broadway.

COATS, SUITS.—Silks and cloths; closing out; sacrifice. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d.

COATS.—Silk jersey coats, milanese, $4.75 up, immediate delivery. Novick, 40 W. 28th.

CORDUROY.—White, 86-inch, narrow and wide wale; act quickly. Simon Brothers, 349 Canal St. Tel. Spring 5320.

CORDUROYS. — White, narrow wale; also wine-color, wide wale; below marked price. Spring 7350.

CORDUROY. — White tub 613, Julliard. Lieberman, Horwitz, 45 West 27th. Farragut 4250.

CORDUROY.—White; special bargains. J. L. Sachs, 315 4th Av. Gramercy 3445.

CREPE DE CHINE and taffeta, all colors, at price. Farragut 3647.

DRESSES, SUITS.—We have in stock for immediate delivery navy taffeta dresses in jersey silk and pongee sport suits, $7.50 up. Tip-Top Dress, 134 West 37th.

DRESSES.—Navy, taffeta and crepes; extra assortment of large sizes; special prices on quantity; lot $6.75 up; immediate delivery. Princess, 19 West 24th St.

DRESSES.—White and colored, exceptional values of high-class nets, voiles, organdies to close at low price. The Little Duchess Dress Co., 115 West 29th.

DRESSES.—Closing out evening dresses; taffeta dresses for immediate delivery at low prices. Globe Dress Co., 19 West 27th.

DRESSES—Navy taffetas for immediate delivery in up-to-the-minute styles. Shapero-Lowe Co., 150 Madison Av.

DRESSES.—Blue taffeta, white voile, gingham, for immediate delivery. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—125 navy taffeta dresses to close out at low price. Select Dress Co., 20 East 17th.

DRESSES.—We have wash dresses in stock for delivery. Tip-Top Dress, 134 West 37th.

DRESSES.—Navy taffetas for immediate delivery, $6.75 up. Queen, 149 West 36th.

DRESSES.—Taffetta and Georgettes to close out. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th.

DRESSES.—500 gingham to close out. National Garment Co., 29 West 21st.

DRESSES.—400 washable, including stouts, to clear. Primo, 23 West 32d.

GEORGETTES, wash satin, duchess; colors; immediate delivery. Marks-Benner, 9380 Madison Square.

HAIR NETS.—10,000 gross of hair nets, 750 gross of dress belting; fine assortment of sanitary goods, ribbons, 200 great gross snap fasteners, about 500 gross of fancy novelties. Call, 320 5th Av. Room 310, 10:30 A. M., Friday.

JERSEY CLOTH WOOL in all shades; immediate delivery. Mad. Sq. 5000, Extension 41.

JERSEY WOOL in all shades at a sacrifice, Farragut 3264.

KERAMI.—Have 2 pieces of Sidney Blumenthals keramI, for sale, Farr. 2347.

KERSEYS.—15-ounce black; 27-inch Botany broadcloth, black; Rattian beaver, all shades; call in person. Eagle Mfg. Co., 129 West 27th.

KERSEYS.—We have quantity of Raritan 1213 in all colors. Chelsea 9867.

LADIES' SUITS.—50 suits of this season for sale; high shades. 1st floor, 23 East Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers

DRESSES.—Jobs Shantung and linen dresses to close out. Congress W. & D. Co., 32 West 20th.

LANTERNS.—15,000 Jap. lanterns for sale. 90 Grand St., Jay & Co.

MIDDIES.—1,000 dozen on hand for immediate delivery in silks and cottons. G. & L. Middy Blouse Co., 446 Broadway.

PIECE GOODS.—Cloak manufacturer going out of business desires to sell seasonable merchandise, plant and lease at sacrifice for cash. W. Steinberg, 35 West 35th.

PIECE GOODS.—French linen and cotton piece goods to close out. Farragut 3647.

PLUSH.—Peerless T 10, large quantity for sale. $3.75 net cash. E 71 Times Downtown.

SATIN.—White cotton back, peau de cygne, all colors; sacrifice. Audubon 5006.

SERGES. — Have for sale 4002, 7301, 6301 Amoskeag, 2654C/W Wellington Sears, 780 Botony. Phone Madison Square 2975.

SERGE.—Gera black and navy and French serge; also shepherd checks. Chelsea 8822.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—An unusual chance to buy half-waisted shepherd checks, Priestly and others, at price below the market. X 327 Times Annex.

SKIRTS AND COATS.—Discarded samples all-wool poplins, serges, and mixtures at a price. Hirsch & Hochberg, 21 West 19th.

SKIRTS, COATS.—Silk jersey skirts, $3.75, and coats, $5 up. Daily Waist, 8 W. 19th.

SKIRTS.—Fancy silks and taffetas; to close, $2.75 up. Nivel, 151 West 36th.

STOUT DRESSES.—Job of stout dresses at a sacrifice. Jaffin, 130 West 17th.

SUITS.—Wool jersey, all leading colors, at a price. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th St.

SUITS.—Navy poplin, for immediate delivery at special price. Hirschhorn, 12 West 27th.

VELOURS.—Navy and black, also cheviots, at a price. Third floor, 31 East 32d. Murray Hill 3778.

VELOURS.—Heavyweight; all colors; also black kerseys for sale. Call Gramercy 980.

WAISTS.—Georgettes, latest models, immediate delivery. Standard Silk Waist Co., 524 Broadway.

WAISTS.—Silk waists to close out from $6.50 per dozen up. La Rose Waist Co., 31 West 21st St.

WAISTS.—Georgette and cotton waists close out at low price. Deutchman Bros., 15 West 20th.

WASH SKIRTS, white and stripes; close out at $5.50 a dozen. Jacob Hyman & Co., 137 West 25th.

WASH SKIRTS.—5,000 dozen gabardines, piques, very low price. Hirsh, 25 West 27th.

WASH SKIRTS.—Job to close out, cheap. A. Russakow, 136 West 21st St.

WASH SKIRTS.—500 doz. fancy and white, to close; $5.50 doz. up. Queen, 149 West 36th.

WASH SKIRTS, better kind, to close out. Pan American Skirt Co., 5 West 31st.

WASH SKIRTS, 200 dozen, to close out. S. & S. Garment Co., 22 West 27th.

WASH SKIRTS.—To close out, 6.50 doz. and up. Fishman, 289 Bleecker.

WOOL JERSEY and wide-wale corduroy; off price. Phone Farragut 0068. Ralph.

WOOL JERSEYS in all colors. Chelsea 6436.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...5½ per cent. for the best names
Tuesday.....5½
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Identifying Charge Customers.

There is a department store executive in this town who seriously questions the advisability of identifying a charge customer of a store merely by a brass check of one kind or another or by a celluloid tag or ticket with the account number stamped or printed on it. Yesterday he backed up his contentions by displaying half a dozen checks of this character that had been lost in the store and never claimed. Four of them were checks used by three other local stores, and two of them were issued by stores in a nearby city. The possibilities of financial loss to stores through merchandise given on June slips or checks lost by their owners and presented by unscrupulous finders before the losses are discovered or reported are not difficult to figure out.

Gray Goods Inquiries Numerous.

Business in the local gray goods market was none too large yesterday, from all accounts, in spite of the large number of inquiries that were made. The trouble was said to be that buyers and sellers either could not get together on price where the desired deliveries could be made or that buyers could not get the deliveries wanted in many cases where they were willing to meet sellers' views as to price. This was reported as especially true of heavy goods, notably drills, quantities of which were wanted for nearby deliveries and for many of which seemed to be available for shipment this side of September. A fair business was put through in printcloths, all things considered, including nearby orders for 38½-inch 64-60s at 10¾ cents and for 39-inch 68-72s at 11¾ cents. Late delivery sales of 38½-inch 60-52s were put through at 9½ cents. Closing spot printcloth figures were:

29-inch, 80-80s.	*14¾
39-inch, 72-76s.	*13½
39-inch, 68-72s.	*12¾
39-inch, 64-64s.	*11½
38½-inch, 64-64s.	10½¢
38½-inch, 60-48s.	9¼¢
38½-inch, 64-60s.	10¾¢
27-inch, 64-60s.	7¼¢

*Asked.

Where Cotton Costs Unit.

The record rise in cotton is increasing the cost of living in more directions than are generally spoken of. It is actually bringing this increase to the tables of the poorer people, in that the cotton table cloths used by these persons of necessity are advancing as the raw material goes up. In addition to this, the increased cost of cotton, as reflected in the higher prices asked for the kinds of sheetings used as "backing" for table oilcloths, also has an effect on the tables of the very poor. Where a certain grade of table oilcloth cost $1.65 net a piece at this time last year, the current net price on the same grade was said yesterday to be $2.10. These pieces, which are retailed by the yard, contain fifteen square yards of cloth. The price of 4 goods in the piece has advanced proportionately, these pieces containing eighteen square yards each.

Drug Prices Still Unsettled.

Drug and Chemical Markets will say today that trading in these articles is still restricted by small stocks and high prices. The unsettled condition of the market makes buyers cautious. Operations are confined to actual requirements, and price revisions have been less numerous. The most conspicuous were sharp advances on refined sulphur, thymol crystals, saccharin, and nitrate of silver, due to a further rise in the cost of raw materials and an acute scarcity of stocks. The declines were due to keener selling competition, and they included mercury in flasks.

Wedding Rings Not Called For.

Whether the women concerned have too little time to worry about such things, or whether the modern woman does not regard a wedding ring as seriously as was the case in other days, the fact remains that among the exhibits of lost and found jewelry in a department store here are several rings of this kind that have never been asked for. Being among the hardest kinds of jewelry to restore to the owners, because of their similarity and frequent lack of distinctive marking, such as initials, dates, etc., the proper disposition of these rings is one of the thousand and one problems that daily come to the attention of the modern store man.

Silk for Military Use.

Although the silk manufacturers have been discussing the advisability of pushing the sale of their merchandise as a war necessity, it now appears that large quantities of the material may be put to military use in the building of aeroplanes. In describing the advantages of this fabric over others for the construction of planes, a manufacturer yesterday mentioned the following points in which silk excels. It will not shrink or stretch if wet, it is a tougher material and therefore can stand hard usage, and is slow burning.

A Big Increase on Underwear.

While only a little actual information is available regarding underwear prices for next Spring, the trade in general is of the opinion that even former price boosts will be far eclipsed. The New York manager of a group of mills putting out a well-known brand said yesterday, upon leaving for the season's convention, that even when prices have been determined, the small amount of yarn on hand to make up Spring merchandise will soon run out, and prices will have to be bought at much higher figures. The practice of jumping prices over night, he said, will be more in evidence than ever during the new season, owing to serious conditions in the yarn market."

Colors Swing to Other Extreme.

Not only do factors in the women's wear trade expect to see the darker colors predominate during the coming Fall, but many of them believe that women will demand even more sombre colors than were the fashion last year. This will merely be a swing from one extreme to another, the shades put out this Spring being the most vivid in the history of the trade. About four or five colors will get the principal business, according to the color experts, and these will include dark blues, browns, greens, and beetroot, the combination of wine and purple.

Putting Away Merchandise.

Even though some manufacturers believe it is dangerous to operate in the present market on any but a basis of making up merchandise for which a definite outlet is provided, others have been taking the chance of production for needs that are not immediately evident. This was so in the case of a ribbon manufacturer. Late last year he believed that white grosgrains would be popular during this Spring, and he set out to pile up a surplus of such material. He says now that the quantity produced reached such a total and business was so slow that he got nervous, and at one time had almost given the order to stop making these goods. His judgment, however, turned out to be correct, and when other mills were unable to meet the demands of customers for such goods, he was able literally to "clean up." So his idea is now that no manufacturer is making a mistake in producing staple goods against the future demand.

Fabric Sales Run Ahead.

Neither the war nor the weather is having any detrimental effects on dress fabric sales in a well-known local department store, according to one of its merchandise men. He said yesterday that on Monday the silk sales of the store showed a total about $1,500 higher than on the same day in 1916, and that the Tuesday silk sales showed a gain of about $900 over the same day a year ago. In wool dress goods there was a gain of about $100 over 1916, while cotton dress goods showed an excess of about $400 for the day. An unusually large run on all kinds of white silks by consumers was one of the features of the sales in question.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.
In Town.

PROCTOR'S RESTAURANT, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Proctor's Restaurant, Inc., 5 Pine Street, by these creditors: Heineman Bros., Inc., $2,713; Park & Tilford, $2,090; American Surety Company, $7,500, for rent, and Private Brands Coffee Company, $246. It was alleged that the company admitted its inability to pay its debts. This is one of the old downtown restaurants, established in 1886 by W. H. Proctor, who carried it on until his death, in 1913, when it was incorporated in September, 1913, with capital stock $20,000.

JOHN V. CORNELL, stock salesman, 39 West Twenty-seventh Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,222 and no assets. Among the creditors are L. D. McCabe $2,910 and the estate of George R. Sutherland, $1,134.

RINALDI, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Rinaldi, Inc., dealer in groceries and fruit at Yonkers, by these creditors: Costa Bros., $345; Max Engle & Co., $15; Harry Steinmets, $82; Max Klein, $52, and Frederick J. Hopkins, $29. Counsel Manton appointed William F. Bleakley receiver. The place has been closed by a Constable, who has advertised a sale for Thursday.

HYMAN SHERESHEVSKY, dealer in milk, 1,831 Franklin Avenue, Bronx, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,284 and no assets. The largest creditor is the H

Commonwealth Power Railway & Light Co.

Through its constituent companies owns or leases and operates:

Electric Power and Light Systems serving 112 cities and towns;

Electric Railways serving 90 cities and towns, having 863 miles of single track;

18 Hydro-Electric Plants located in 6 separate watersheds;

19 Steam Stations situated in many different cities;

Gas Companies serving 14 cities having 923 miles of mains.

Investors in the securities of this Company are assured of efficient management.

Hodenpyl, Hardy & Co.
Incorporated
Securities for Investment
14 Wall St., New York

Exempt Your Investments from Taxation in New York State

For the convenience of investors we have prepared a pamphlet giving a digest of the new law signed by the Governor on June 1st, 1917. This booklet shows the provisions which must be complied with in making certain investments tax exempt in New York State.

As a feature of our service to investors we shall be pleased to attend to the necessary details in exempting your investments.

Send for tax pamphlet AG-123.

The National City Company
National City Bank Building
New York

$170,000
City of
SEATTLE
Washington
5% Bonds
Due July 1, 1919 to 1922, inclusive
Prices to yield 4⅝%

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston Chicago San Francisco

Canadian Government and Municipal Bonds

Yield 5¼% to 6⅛%
Principal and interest payable in New York

Send for circular A-63

Wood, Gundy & Co.
14 Wall St., New York
Toronto Montreal London

$25,000
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy
Illinois Division
3½s
JULY, 1949
Price 81¾ and interest
To yield about 4.60%

Blodget & Co.
34 PINE ST., New York. 60 STATE ST., Boston.

Wm. A. Read & Co.
New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston London

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Lose at the Close After Early Gains—Watching Money Rates.

The stock market was interested chiefly yesterday in the money situation. The return to the banks of $128,000,000 in deposits representing the initial installment on the Liberty Loan, with probably an addition from income tax receipts, brought about an easier condition, but traders were of two minds as to the effect of the payment today of the second installment, amounting to 18 per cent. of the subscription, and the expected shifting of millions in connection with the July 1 interest and dividend disbursements. Call money loaned yesterday afternoon as low as 2 per cent. and was quoted at that price at the close, but the reduction did not come until most of the stock market requirements had been cared for at 6 per cent., the opening and renewal rate. However, the subsequent drop in the price had an immediate effect on speculative sentiment and prices enjoyed a little spurt on the theory that the money stringency is about over.

Stocks were quite strong and fairly active in the early part of the day, but reacted sharply in the final hour and closed in almost every instance at the lowest price for the day. The setbacks were large enough to leave many issues well under their previous closing prices. The motor stocks were particularly hard hit, General Motors closing off 2½ and Studebaker 5½, the latter making a new low record for the year at 70½. Even the railroads shared in the late afternoon decline, one explanation of which was a report of doubtful authenticity to the effect that the Interstate Commerce Commission will not announce its decision in the rate case on Saturday, but will put the matter off for some weeks. The industrial list was highly irregular. Sinclair Oil continued its declining movement, closing at 40¾, off 2½, with Texas Company down 3 and Mexican Petroleum down 1¼. Steel dropped from 132⅝, two points, to 130⅝ at the close. The equipment issues were sympathetically affected with the rails, Car & Foundry, American Locomotive, Baldwin, New York Air Brake, and Railway Steel Springs losing from 1⅝ to 4 points.

Bankers think that money may go to higher levels in the coming week, but they anticipate no extreme rise and are generally of the opinion that there will be a plentiful supply after the end of this month. The payment due today calls for a total for the entire country of $360,000,000 on account of the Liberty bond subscriptions, but this amount has been anticipated to a considerable extent by payments in full made by many individuals and banks on the 15th. Moreover, the payment is to be handled in a way to cause little disturbance to the money markets, the banks effecting the transfer by crediting the Federal Reserve Bank on their books with money due on account of the bond allotments and receiving in return the Government receipts, after depositing the required collateral with the reserve institution. In some cases where banks have bought liberally of the short-term certificates issued in anticipation of the loan proceeds their allotments have been cut down so that the Government will owe them money on the settlement for loan subscriptions.

GOOD UNDERTONE IN LONDON

Money Is Plentiful and Discount Rates Are Quiet.

LONDON, June 27.—Money was plentiful and discount rates were quiet today. Exchequer and Treasury bills were sold in larger quantities.

Considering the moderate amount of business, the stock market maintained quite a good undertone, traders regarding the war news and the general outlook favorably. Mining and oil stocks and Argentine rails were in demand, while Brazilian issues were strong. Shipping shares attracted more attention and steady investment buying was recorded in the gilt-edged section. Rubbers and American and Russian securities were neglected.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, June 27.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 60 francs 25 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 27 francs 18 centimes. Five per cent. loan, 88 francs 25 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	6	Last	2
Low	2	Renewals	6

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Thirty days	5½	Thirty days	6
Sixty days	5½	Sixty days	6
Ninety days	5¼	Ninety days	5¾
Four months	5	Four months	5¼
Five months	5¼	Five months	5¼
Six months	5¼	Six months	5¼

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ..... 3@4
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 4@5

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days 5¼
4 to 6 months 5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months ..... 5¾@6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	4.75¾	4.75¾	4.75¾	— .01¼
Cables	4.76¼	4.76¼	4.76¼	..
France—				
Demand	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.75¾	— .01½
Cables	5.74⅞	5.74⅞	5.74⅞	— .01½
Rubles—				
Demand	23.40	23.00	23.00	— .40
Cables	23.50	23.10	23.10	— .40

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	4.76¾	4.76¾
5.1825 Paris	5.75¾	5.74⅞
China—		
Hongkong	60.40	60.50
Peking	97.75	97.875
Shanghai	91.75	91.875
19.295 Greece	19.85	19.90
32.44 India—		
Bombay	32.75	33.00
Calcutta	32.75	33.00
5.1826 Italy	7.22	7.21
49.84 Japan—		
Yokohama	51.25	51.37½
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	50.12½	50.28
40.10 Holland	41.18¾	41.31¼
51.85 Russia	23.00	23.10
26.79 Scandinavia—		
Copenhagen	28.95	29.10
Stockholm	30.20	30.50
Christiania	29.50	29.50
19.295 Spain	23.00	23.25
South America—		
42.44 Buenos Aires	44.25	44.37½
32.44 Rio	26.62½	26.75
5.1826 Switzerland	4.85	4.83

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers— 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71⅝	$4.69⅝	$4.71	$4.69

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $590,300,568; balance, $61,513,382; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,180,729; Federal Reserve debit balance, $30,276,107.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 15c discount; St. Louis, 25@10c discount; San Francisco, 10c premium; Montreal, .625 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 39¾d, off ¼d; in New York, 78¼c, off ⅜c; Mexican dollars, 61½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs receipts	$14,907,581	$322,261,579
Ord. internal rev	35,133,225	447,821,175
Income tax	176,890,280	941,251,227
Miscellaneous	10,777,966	79,523,089
Total receipts	$237,714,054	$1,000,857,072
Excess of ord. rec's over ord. disburs.	148,153,328	63,964,785
Excess of total rec's over total disburs.	128,936,216	1,061,861,857

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	902,522	338,242	224,077
Year to date	99,504,187	84,002,792	62,159,655

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
5¼	5⅝	300	Alaska Gold Mines	5¾	5⅝	5¼	5⅝	+ ⅛
4½	5¼	500	Alaska Juneau	4½	4½	4½	4½	..
29	29½	2,400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	29⅞	30½	29	29	— ⅜
86	86½	700	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	86	86	86	86	+ ¾
92¼	93	200	Am. Agricul. Chem	93	93	93	93	..
92⅝	93	2,000	Am. Beet Sugar	94	94	93	93	— 1½
49	49¼	1,900	Am. Can	49⅞	50	49	49	— ⅝
76⅝	77½	9,100	Am. Car & Fdry	79⅝	79⅞	77	77	— 2¼
14¾	14⅞	1,000	Am. H. & Leather	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	— ⅛
62	64	100	Am. H. & Leath. pf	64	64	64	64	— ½
23⅜	24¼	500	Am. Linseed	24	24¼	23½	23⅝	— ½
71¼	73	2,100	Am. Locomotive	73⅝	73⅞	71¼	71¾	— 2⅛
64	64⅝	200	Am. Malting 1st pf	65	65	65	65	..
107	107½	10,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref	108	109⅛	107	107	— ⅛
113⅛	114¼	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	114	114	114	114	+ ½
98⅝	99⅝	238	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A	98⅝	99¼	98⅜	99¼	— ⅛
95¾	105	100	Am. Snuff pf. new	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	— 1⅞
72⅝	73	1,200	Am. Steel Fdries	73¼	73¼	72½	72⅝	— ⅛
119	110¼	800	Am. Sugar Ref	120½	121	119½	119⅝	— ⅛
36⅛	36⅝	4,400	Am. Sumatra Tob	36	37⅜	36	36½	+1
59	62	60	Am. Tel. & Cable	62	62	62	62	..
122¼	123½	400	Am. Tel. & Tel	123¼	123¼	123	123¼	..
70¼	72¼	300	Do. sub.rcts.2d pd	70	70¾	70	70⅝	+2⅜
53	53½	600	Am. Woolen	54	54	53⅝	53⅝	— ⅝
41⅝	42¼	300	Am. Writing P. pf	41	42	41	42	+1½
30¾	31½	300	Am. Zinc L. & S	31¼	31¼	31	31	..
82⅞	83¼	11,400	Anaconda Copper	82⅞	84⅜	82⅜	82⅝	..
2¼	2½	100	Assets Realization	2½	2½	2½	2½	— ½
100¾	101	3,000	Atch., Top. & S. F	102⅛	102⅜	100¼	100¼	— 1
111	113	1,600	Atl. Gulf & W. I. pf	112⅜	114	111⅜	111⅝	+ ⅝
60¼	62	100	At. Gulf & W. I. pf	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¾	— ⅛
70¾	71	13,500	Baldwin Loco	72⅜	73⅝	70⅝	70⅞	— 1⅝
74½	74⅝	2,400	Baltimore & Ohio	74⅜	75¼	74½	74½	— ¼
⅞	1	100	Batopilas Mining	..	..	1	1	..
142	146	100	Bethlehem Steel	143½	143½	143½	143½	— ½
141	141½	42,000	Beth.S.clan B t.cfs	141½	143⅜	140⅝	141	+ ¾
71	71⅛	100	Brown Shoe	71½	71½	71½	71½	..
11	11⅛	600	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S	12½	12½	11½	11½	— ⅞
100	101¼	100	Burns Brothers	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	— ⅛
41¼	42	500	Butte & Superior	41¼	41¼	41	41	— 1
38⅛	38⅝	100	California Packing	38¼	38¼	..	38¼	..
19	20⅜	100	California Petrol	19½	19½	19½	19⅜	..
51	51⅞	100	California Pet. pf	51	51	51	51	..
77½	80	100	Calumet & Arizona	80	80	80	80	..
94½	94⅜	7,800	Central Leather Co	96⅜	96⅜	94½	94⅜	— 1½
36	36¼	100	Cerro de Pasco	36½	36½	36¼	36½	+ ⅛
61¼	61¾	2,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	61⅞	62⅜	61¼	61⅝	— ⅜
17¼	17½	100	Chicago & Alton	16	16	16	16	+ ⅞
11⅞	12	700	Chi. Great Western	12¼	12½	12⅛	12⅛	..
34½	35¼	200	Chi. Great West. pf	35¼	35½	34½	34½	— ⅝
75⅝	76½	1,400	Chi., Mil. & St. P	77⅜	77⅜	76	76⅛	— ⅛
110¼	111½	300	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	111½	111½	110½	110½	— 1½
110½	110⅝	300	Chi. & Northwest	111	111	110½	110½	— ⅝
68¼	68⅝	4,800	Chi., Rock Island & Pac. cfs. of d. f. p.	68⅜	69¼	68¼	68¼	..
37½	37½	3,500	Chi., R. I. & P. w.i.	38	38½	37½	37½	— ¾
78⅜	79½	1,700	Chi., Rock Island & Pac. 7 p. c. pf. w.i.	..	..	..	..	..
69½	70	600	Chi., Rock Island & Pac. 6 p. c. pf. w.i.	79½	79⅝	78¾	78¾	— ⅛
21⅝	21⅞	2,700	Chile Copper	21⅝	22	21⅝	21⅞	+ ⅛
56⅝	56⅞	2,800	Chino Copper	56⅜	57⅝	56⅜	57	+ ½
64	66	100	Cluett, Peabody	66	66	66	66	— 1
52⅜	53¼	2,400	Col. Fuel & Iron	53	54½	52¾	53½	+ ⅞
26½	27	100	Col. & Southern	27	27	27	27	+1
54	56	100	Col. & So. 1st pf	55	55	53	53	..
40¼	41¾	2,400	Columbia Gas & El	40¼	42¼	40¼	41½	+1¼
108	108½	200	Consolidated Gas	108¼	108¼	108¼	108¼	— ⅛
32½	32⅝	4,800	Corn Products Ref	32¼	32⅝	32	32½	— ⅛
105⅝	105⅞	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞	+ ¼
86½	86¾	57,900	Crucible Steel	87¼	88⅛	85⅝	86½	..
42⅜	42⅝	5,500	Cuba Cane Sugar	43¾	44¼	42½	42½	— ⅜
90	90½	400	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	90¼	90½	90	90	+ ½
188	189	300	Cuba-Am. Sugar	186½	190	186¼	189	+6¾
114⅞	115	900	Delaware & Hud	115⅝	115⅝	115	115	..
200	210	200	Del., Lack. & West	210	210	210	210	..
123	126	4	Detroit Edison Co	124	124	124	124	..
21¾	22	2,400	Distillers' Secur	22⅜	23¼	21¾	22	..
10½	11⅜	200	Dome Mines	11⅜	11⅝	11½	11½	+ ½
36	37	1,000	Elk Horn Coal	36⅞	37½	35¾	36	— ¾
26¾	26⅞	3,500	Erie	27¾	27¾	26¾	26⅞	— ⅛
39	39½	1,200	Erie 1st pf	40	40	39½	39½	— ⅜
29	29¼	300	Erie 2d pf	30½	30½	29¼	29¼	— 1¼
37	38¼	100	Fisher Body	37	37	37	37	+ ¾
44	45½	100	Federal M. & S. pf	45	45	45	45	+ ⅛
32	33	100	Gaston W. & W	33	33	33	33	+ ¼
116½	117⅝	16,700	Gen. Mot. temp. cfs	119½	121⅝	117⅛	117½	— 2⅜
50	51	200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	50	50	50	50	+ ¼
105	107	100	Goodrich pf	105	105	105	105	— 1
107½	108¼	400	Great Northern pf	108¾	108¼	108	108	— ½
32½	32⅝	..	G. N. ctfs. for o. p.	32¾	33	32¾	32¾	+1
40	41⅝	200	Greene-Cananea	41	41	41	41	..
127	128	100	Gulf States Steel	127	127	127	127	..
103	104	200	Illinois Central	103⅞	104	103⅞	104	+ ⅜
63	63½	10,000	Inspiration Copper	63⅞	64⅜	63	63	+ ½
19¼	20	700	Int. Agricultural	20¼	20¾	20	20	..
54	54½	3,900	Int. Agricultural pf	56	57½	54	54	— 1⅝
27⅛	27½	1,800	Int. Mer. Marine	27¼	28¼	27¼	27¼	+ ⅛
82¼	82½	7,700	Int. Mer. Marine pf	83½	84⅜	82¼	82½	— 1
39⅛	39⅜	1,300	Int. Nickel	39⅞	39⅞	39⅝	39⅝	..
37¼	37½	1,000	Int. Paper	37	38	37	38	+ 1⅜
23	23½	400	Kansas City South	23¾	23½	23⅜	23⅜	— ⅛
55½	56⅞	100	Kan. City South. pf	55½	55½	55½	55½	..
47	49	200	Kelly Spring Tire	48	48⅞	48	48⅝	+ ⅝
45	45⅛	3,300	Kennecott Copper	45⅛	45⅝	45	45⅛	+ ⅛
4	6	100	Keokuk & Des Mo	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	— ¼
95	96	4,800	Lackawanna Steel	97½	98	94¼	94¼	— 1¾
17¾	18¼	300	Lee Rubber & Tire	18¾	18½	17¾	17¾	..
17	20	200	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	17	17	17	17	+ ¼
125½	128½	100	Louis. & Nash	128	128	128	128	— ⅛
82	85	100	Mackay Cos	82⅜	82⅜	82⅜	82⅜	— ⅛
115	117	200	Manhattan Elev	115½	115½	115	115	— ¾
115	117	50	Do., odd lot	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	..
47¼	48	1,900	Maxwell Motors	48	48¼	47¼	47¼	— ⅛
65	68	200	Max. Motors 1st pf	66	66	66	66	—1
29⅞	31½	100	Max. Motors 2d pf	30¼	30½	30¼	30½	..
95½	96¼	2,600	Mexican Petroleum	97	97¼	95¾	95¾	+ ¼
41¼	41⅝	1,200	Miami Copper	41¼	41⅝	41	41⅜	+ ¼
62½	62¾	7,600	Midvale Steel	64¼	64⅝	61⅞	62¼	— 1⅝
19	19⅛	300	Minn. St. P. & S. M	19½	19½	19¼	19¼	— ⅜
7	7½	300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	7½	7¾	7¼	7¼	+ ⅜
13½	14	200	Mo. Kan. & T. pf	13⅞	13½	13½	13½	..
31½	32	8,000	Mo. Pacific w i	32	32½	31⅜	31½	— ⅛
55	57½	200	Mo. Pacific pf. w i	56½	56½	56½	56¾	— ⅛
111½	112¾	400	Montana Power pf	112	112	112	112	— ½
108½	112	100	Nat. Biscuit Co	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	+ ¼
34⅝	35	1,000	Nat. Conduit & Cable	35	35¼	34⅝	34⅝	— ¼
39	39½	1,100	Nat. Enam. & St	40	40	39½	39½	— ½
56	58	100	National Lead	57	57	57	57	..
23⅝	24	1,000	Nevada Con. Cop	23⅞	23⅞	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅛
23	25½	1,800	N. O., Tex. & Mex	25¼	26⅜	25¼	25½	+1
143	145	200	N. Y. Air Brake	145	145	143½	143½	— 3¾
92¼	92⅜	1,900	N. Y. Central	92⅜	93	92⅛	92⅜	— ½
37	40	100	N. Y. Dock pf	38	38	38	38	..
37⅛	38	4,700	N. Y., N. H. & H	38½	38½	37	37⅜	— 2
23⅛	23⅜	600	N. Y., Ont. & West	24	24	23⅜	23⅜	— ⅜
24	26	300	Norfolk Southern	24¾	24¾	24	24½	— ½
124	124⅜	1,100	Norfolk & Western	125½	126	124	124	— 1¼
61	63¼	100	North American	61½	61¾	61¼	61¼	— ⅛
103¼	103⅝	2,500	Northern Pacific	103½	104	103¼	103⅜	+ ¼
100	100⅜	300	Nova Scotia S. & C	99	100	99	100	+1
122¼	123	22,100	Ohio Cities Gas	127	127	122	122⅜	— 5½
91	92	100	Owens Bottle Mach	91	91	91	91	..
29¼	29½	3,000	Pacific Mail	30¾	30⅜	29	29	— ¾
100	101	100	Pacific Mail pf	101	101	101	101	— 4
66	68	100	Penn. R. R	68⅜	68⅜	68⅜	68⅜	+ ⅛
78⅝	79	900	People's Gas, Chi	78⅝	78⅝	77⅝	78⅜	+ ⅛
20⅞	21	600	Père Marquette	20⅞	20⅞	20⅛	20½	..
33	33½	700	Philadelphia Co	33¼	33½	33	33	— ¼
32⅛	32⅜	50	Do., odd lot	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	..
72¼	72¾	100	P., C., C. & St. L	72¾	72¾	72¼	72¼	— ⅜
56¼	56⅝	26,100	Pitts. Coal Co. of	56¼	58	56⅛	56½	+ ⅝
100	100¼	100	Pittsburgh Steel pf	100	100	100	100	— ⅛
35⅞	36	5,100	Pitts. & West Va	35⅞	36⅛	34½	34⅝	— ⅛
101½	102½	100	Pressed Steel C. pf	101½	101½	101½	101½	—1
141	142	200	Pullman Co	141⅝	141⅞	141⅝	141⅞	+ ⅝
56⅝	56⅞	700	Railway Steel Sp	56⅝	56⅞	52⅝	52⅝	—4½
28⅝	28½	1,600	Ray Con. Copper	28⅝	28⅞	28¼	28½	..
96¾	97	10,200	Reading	98⅝	98⅞	96¾	97	—1
40½	42	100	Reading 1st pf	41	41	41	41	— ½
91½	91⅝	21,400	Rep. Iron & Steel	92⅝	93¼	91½	91½	— ⅛
103⅛	103¾	100	Rep. Iron & S. pf	103½	103½	103½	103½	— ⅜
63	64¼	800	Royal Dutch r	64⅝	64⅝	63¼	63¼	— ⅜
17½	18¼	300	St. Louis-San Fran	18½	18½	18⅛	18¼	+ ⅛
100	100⅝	450	Savage Arms	101½	101⅞	101	101	— ⅛
19	19	600	Saxon Motor	19	19	17	17½	—1½
30	30	200	Sears, Roeb. & Co	30	30	30	30	..
170½	170½	500	Shattuck-Arizona	171½	171½	170¼	170¾	+1⅝
27½	27½	500	Sinclair Oil & Ref	27½	27½	26¾	27	— ⅝
44	44¾	40,800	Southern Pacific	44	44¾	40	40¾	— 2⅛
95¼	95½	1,700	Southern Railway	95¼	95½	94⅞	94⅞	— ⅜
9	9	200	So. P. R. Sug. rgts	9	9	9	9	..
29	29	3,000	Southern Railway	29	29	28	28	..
57⅝	57¾	100	Southern Ry. pf	57⅝	57⅝	57⅜	57⅝	+ ¼
76⅝	76⅞	71,200	Studebaker Co	76⅝	76⅞	70½	71¼	—5½
96	96	100	Studebaker Co. pf	96	96	96	96	—2½
49	51⅝	4,400	Superior Steel	49	51⅝	49	50½	+1½
39	39	100	Stutz Motor x d	39	39	39	39	— ¼
18⅜	18⅝	2,900	Tenn. C. & C	18⅝	19	18	18⅜	— ⅛
214	215	211	Texas Co	214	215	211	211	—2
22½	22⅝	100	Texas & Pacific	22½	22⅝	21⅝	21⅝	..
16⅝	16⅝	100	Tobacco Products	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	+ ⅛
58½	58⅝	3,400	Underwood Typew	58½	58⅝	58	58	— ½
97½	97½	100	Union Pacific	97½	97½	97½	97½	+2½
138⅝	138⅞	5,100	United Alloy Steel	45¼	45⅝	45	45¼	..
104⅝	106¼	6,500	United Cigar Stores	104⅝	106¼	104½	106¼	+ ¾
74	74	100	United Drug	74	74	74	74	+2
23¼	23¼	750	U. S. C. I. P. & F	23¼	23¼	22⅝	22⅝	—1
57⅛	57⅛	500	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛	..
18¼	18¼	300	U. S. Express	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	..
163½	164	10,600	U. S. Indus. Alco	159⅞	164	159⅞	160⅛	—3⅞
60⅜	60⅝	700	U. S. Rubber	60⅜	60⅝	60⅜	60⅜	— ⅛
61⅛	61⅝	500	U. S. Sm., R. & M	61⅛	61⅝	60⅞	60⅞	— ¼
130⅞	132⅜	309,600	U. S. Steel	130⅞	132⅜	130½	130⅝	+ ⅛
118	118	700	U. S. Steel pf	118	118	117⅝	117⅝	— ⅛
110⅞	112¾	3,100	Utah Copper	110⅞	112¾	110¼	110⅝	..
19¼	19¼	100	Utah Securities	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	— ¼
44	44	200	Va.-Car. Chemical	44	44	44	44	+ ⅛
71½	72¼	400	Va. Iron, Coal & C	71½	72¼	71	72¼	+2½
51½	52	2,930	Wabash pf. A	51½	52	50⅜	51	— ⅝
27¼	27¼	1,200	Wabash pf. B	27¼	27¼	26⅞	26⅞	— ⅜
22⅜	22⅝	100	Western Maryland	22⅜	22⅝	22⅜	22⅝	..
16	16	200	Western Pacific	16	16	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅜
51⅝	51⅞	5,300	Westingh. E. & M	51⅝	51⅞	51⅝	51⅝	— ⅛
16¼	16	900	Wheeling & L. E	16¼	16⅜	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
72⅝	73	400	Wilson & Co	72⅝	72⅝	72	72	+ ⅛
32¼	32⅜	12,300	Willys-Overland	33	33¼	32½	32⅝	+ ⅛
125	130	100	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co	127	127	127	127	..
34½	37	200	Worthington Pump	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	+ ⅜

OHIO CITIES GAS TO PAY 20%

Reduction from Current Rate to Occur After Purchase of Pure Oil Co.

Directors of the Ohio Cities Gas Company have voted to put the $35,000,000 stock on a 20 per cent. annual basis, according to dispatches received in local banking quarters from Columbus, Ohio, yesterday. The reduction from the current rate of 25 per cent. will occur after the purchase of the Pure Oil Company is completed. The company is increasing the stock from $25,000,000 to $35,000,000 in order to finance the purchase. It is learned that the management intends to continue the declaration of stock dividends from time to time, as in the past.

Transactions in Ohio Cities "rights" have been put through on the Curb between 30¾ and 47¼ each. Each present share entitles the holder to subscribe to two new shares at par, $25. Numerous inquiries from the West were received in brokerage houses yesterday in respect to the quotation for rights, as it was figured that the value of each right was thought to be nearer $132 than $86. As similar confusion was reported here, it was expected that many transactions on the Curb would have to be readjusted. A quotation of $90 would approximately represent the value of a subscription right for a single new share instead of two.

$5,000,000 Paid on French Credit.

William P. Bonbright & Co. announced yesterday that funds had been received from the French banks participating in the $15,000,000 French export credit extended on Oct. 10, 1916, for the payment of the third $5,000,000 installment under that credit, due July 2. This completes the payments of the second of these credits advanced by the local banking house

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RETIRES AS MANAGER OF CLEARING HOUSE

William Sherer Gives Up Post Which He Has Held for the Last Twenty-five Years.

W. J. GILPIN HIS SUCCESSOR

Mr. Sherer Has Seen Annual Clearings Grow from $30,863,000,000 to $147,180,000,000 a Year.

Following a special meeting of the New York Clearing House Association yesterday, at which notice was given of proposed changes in the Constitution, made necessary by the Federal Reserve act amendments, which have reduced reserve requirements, it was announced that William Sherer, Manager of the Clearing House, would retire on July 1.

Mr. Sherer will be 80 years old in September, and he has been in Wall Street for more than sixty-four years. For the last twenty-five years he has occupied the responsible position of manager, and for four years previously he was assistant manager. Before going to the Clearing House, Mr. Sherer worked for the old Metropolitan Bank, and from 1863 to 1888 he served in the Sub-Treasury, where he held the office of Acting Assistant Treasurer and Cashier.

The Clearing House Association, at its meeting, decided to continue Mr. Sherer on the payroll, and several of the bankers, among them Gates W. McGarrah, President of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank, and Alexander Gilbert, President of the Market and Fulton National Bank, made addresses in which they testified to Mr. Sherer's faithful service, especially during times of panic. "I am sure," Mr. Gilbert said, "we all have in our hearts a desire and definite wish that the remaining years which he will spend in his retirement may be years of pleasantness and of comfort, and that they may bring a good deal of happiness."

In 1888, the year Mr. Sherer entered the service of the Clearing House, the annual clearings amounted to $30,863,000,000, while the total for 1916 was $147,180,000,000. The daily average of clearings in 1888 was $101,000,000, and in 1916 it was $484,000,000. The daily average of cash handled in 1888 was about $5,000,000, compared with $28,000,000 in 1916.

Mr. Sherer is Vice President of the Metropolitan Savings Bank; a thirty-third degree Mason, Past Grand Master of the State of New York; Chairman of the Masonic Liberty Loan Committee, and a member of the Union League Club and the Chamber of Commerce. He was born in Bluegrass, Ky.

William Jay Gilpin was appointed yesterday as a manager to succeed Mr. Sherer on July 1. He has been connected with the Clearing House since 1877, and has served as Assistant Manager since 1892. He was associated with the Loan Committees of 1884, 1890, 1893, 1907, and 1914. Mr. Gilpin is a Trustee of the Bowery Savings Bank, and served two and a half years in the Seventh Regiment.

Clarence E. Bacon, who has been with the Clearing House since 1893, and who is Chief of the Collection Department, was appointed Assistant Manager, succeeding Mr. Gilpin. Mr. Bacon is a lawyer, but has never been in active practice.

There will be another meeting of the Clearing House Association today to take action on the proposed amendments to the Constitution. It is purposed to adjust the Clearing House reserve requirements to the State and national laws under which its members operate. It is expected that action will also be taken with respect to certain changes in the form of the weekly bank statement.

WOOL TRADING IS SLOW.

Federal Call for Inventory of Supplies Causes Hesitation.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 27.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow:

"Calling for an inventory of wool on the part of the United States Government has slowed up trading. The market, however, is strong and more business in Government work is being offered than can be taken care of at the present time. Wool is selling at 60 cents a pound in some States.

"Among the bullish factors are the demand for cotton goods and poor weather reports. It is also expected by some that the next condition report will be lower than the previous one. It is expected that cotton will reach 30 cents a pound.

"The woolen goods market is active only in spots, but the interest is becoming large, and prospective placing of orders for lightweight fabrics has given it an undertone of strength which it did not possess in weeks past.

"The cotton goods market still remains strong, and while there are price variations due to different ideas of manufacturers as to the value of merchandise, quotations are still high. Few expect any important reaction in quotations. Cotton is showing the effects of a world shortage. Higher prices for cotton and for goods are probable."

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
May gross	$7,879,926	$5,985,472	$4,838,776
Net aft. tax	1,734,820	1,258,733	680,556
5 mos. gross	34,439,985	28,855,467	24,906,319
Net aft. tax	7,932,345	5,758,455	4,104,448

WABASH—

May gross	3,515,967	3,071,695	2,383,451
Net aft. tax	1,124,494	1,002,740	296,080
5 mos. gross	15,901,619	14,834,953	11,488,935
Net aft. tax	4,278,837	4,387,771	1,539,972

YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI—

May gross	1,435,763	1,144,674	963,529
Net aft. tax	330,402	320,827	222,224
5 mos. gross	6,758,445	5,584,806	4,574,411
Net aft. tax	1,428,235	1,815,373	1,164,605

Public Utilities.

CLEVELAND ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING CO.—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
May gross	$317,151	$393,702	$123,449
Net aft. tax	173,019	185,934	*12,015
Net aft. chgs.	123,789	148,392	*24,604
Depreciation	48,647	39,370	9,278
5 mos. gross	2,751,375	2,155,799	595,576
Net aft. tax	718,375	1,063,937	*345,562
Net aft. chgs.	478,807	881,055	*402,248
Depreciation	289,620	215,580	54,040
12 mos. gross	5,705,313	4,620,013	1,085,290
Net aft. tax	1,781,121	2,138,883	*357,583
Net aft. chgs.	1,260,334	1,707,764	*447,430
Depreciation	565,013	562,001	3,012
Bal. bef.com.dv.	695,321	1,145,764	*450,443

COMMONWEALTH RAILWAY, LIGHT & POWER CO.—

May gross	1,512,014	1,328,070	183,944
Net aft. exp.	667,025	696,308	*29,283
Net aft. chgs.	142,836	200,061	*57,225
Bal. aft. pf.dv.	53,071	115,711	*62,640
5 mos. gross	7,721,966	6,765,537	956,429
Net aft. exp.	3,517,017	3,567,561	*50,544
Net aft. chgs.	907,367	1,110,656	*103,384
Bal. aft. pf.dv.	458,742	706,306	*247,564
12 mos. gross	17,919,635	15,630,910	2,289,125
Net aft. exp.	8,537,442	8,175,209	362,233
Net aft. chgs.	2,448,454	2,520,134	*71,680
Bal. aft. pf.dv.	1,385,009	1,555,784	*170,775

NORTHERN OHIO ELECTRIC CORP.—

	1917.	Per Cent.)
May gross	539,620	26.69
Net after expenses	209,438	*1.61
Net after charges	80,552	*17.62
Balance after pfd. div.	50,552	*25.47
5 months gross	2,594,373	32.10
Net after expenses	1,024,782	1.27
Net after charges	392,748	*9.76
Balance after pfd. div.	242,748	*14.83
12 months gross	5,796,918	30.11
Net after expenses	2,522,485	17.58
Net after charges	1,004,868	33.11
Balance after pfd. div.	704,868	60.21

SUBSIDIARIES SOUTHWESTERN POWER & LIGHT CO.—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
May gross	344,399	309,251	35,148
Net earnings	146,109	138,821	7,288
12 mos. gross	4,397,068	3,952,401	444,667
Net earnings	2,077,456	1,817,691	259,765

Miscellaneous.

NEW YORK DOCK CO.—

May gross	417,475	286,249	131,226
Net	225,001	133,730	91,271
Sur.af.tax& ch.	168,869	61,371	47,298
5 mos. gross	1,817,393	1,292,657	524,735
Net	920,643	595,132	325,511
Sur.af.tax& ch.	472,602	233,523	239,079

*Decrease.

THE COTTON MARKET

Prices Rise, All Deliveries Selling at or Above 27 Cents—Net Gain 12 to 25 Points.

Cotton prices again advanced yesterday, and all deliveries sold at or above the 27-cent level. Realizing became more active on the upward movement, and there were reactions of approximately $2 a bale, with the market closing steady at a net advance of 12 to 25 points. October contracts sold up to 27c during the forenoon advance, or 56 points above Tuesday's closing figure; while July touched 27.28c, making an advance of 63 points from Tuesday's final quotation and of 143 points from the low level of Saturday morning. Spot cotton was quoted at 27.40c.

Offerings were very light during the morning. The failure of the weather map to hold out any immediate hope of rain in the Southwest combined with the absence of further July notices, and low private condition figures were the bullish factors most in evidence. Demand was not particularly active, but prices advanced readily in a narrow market with active months selling 55 to 63 points net higher before the end of the morning. During the afternoon trading conditions seemed to be reversed. Support was not in evidence, while realizing was more active after the publication of the weekly report of the Weather Bureau. Closing prices were at practically the low point of the day.

A report issued by a prominent Chicago firm made the condition of the crop only 66.5 compared with 71 last month and also indicated a reduction of 5.1 per cent. in acreage. This made the fourth of the private reports covering condition at the end of June, all of which have shown deterioration, averaging about 2.8 per cent. Yesterday's report was accompanied by a statement that it indicated a crop of 10,830,000 bales, compared with last year's yield of 11,437,000 bales and last year's end-June indication of 14,266,000 bales.

The weekly report of the Weather Bureau mentioned various drawbacks, but on the whole was taken as an indication of better progress, and some of the scattering reports indicated very rapid growth in the Eastern belt.

Liverpool reported better progress with liquidation and good trade calling in the market there. According to London press advices, the British Government has decided to appoint a board representing all interests in the cotton industry to control the distribution of raw material. No change was reported in the plans to reopen the Liverpool futures market for fresh business on Friday morning.

It is reported that Southern oil mill men estimate the condition of the cotton crop as of June 15 at 73.7. Private advices reaching here late in the afternoon reported rain in southern Georgia and southwest Texas.

No exports were reported yesterday.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Tuesday.
July	26.80	27.28	26.80	26.90@26.93	26.65
Aug.	27.02	27.02	27.02	26.90 Bid	26.68
Sept.	26.75	27.05	26.75	26.69 Bid	26.57
Oct.	26.60	27.00	26.55	26.58@26.60	26.44
Nov.	....	....	....	26.61 Bid	26.47
Dec.	26.73	27.14	26.65	26.70@26.74	26.56
Jan.	26.80	27.18	26.75	26.75@26.76	26.63
March	27.00	27.37	27.00	26.93@26.95	26.81
May	27.35	27.45	27.35	27.05 Bid	26.92

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 25 points higher at 27.40c for middling upland. Southern spot markets were as follows: New Orleans, 25.88; Savannah, 26¾c; Augusta, 26.50c; Galveston, 26.50c; Memphis, 26c; Houston, 26.20c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics follow:

	Wednesday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	7,094	10,882	14,879
Exports	....	....	25,835
Port stocks	91,998	96,848	157,596
New York arrivals	798,658	820,217	817,888
New York stocks	4,944	6,424	5,913

Cotton exchange, special Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, moderate demand, at 15.45d for middling upland. Sales, 5,000 bales, including 4,000 American. Imports, 13,000; American, 12,000.

Bank of South Africa Earnings.

The local agency of the National Bank of South Africa received advices from the home office yesterday showing that net earnings in the last twelve months amounted to approximately $2,093,100, equivalent to slightly more than 14 per cent. on the paid up capital stock. The Board of Directors declared a 6 per cent. dividend and provided for the addition of $875,000 to the permanent surplus account.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction yesterday by Adrian H. Muller & Son at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street:

For Account of Executors.

29 shares Pacific Fire Insurance Company, $25 each, $35.50 per share.

10 shares Bankers Loan and Investment Company, (reorganized ClassA,) $100 each, $100 lot.

3 shares Tri-Bullion Smelting and Development Company, $5 each; 5 shares Baldwin Lester Corporation, $100 each; 5 shares Pneumelectric Machine Company common, $100 each; 2 shares Pneumelectric Machine Company preferred, $100 each; $10 lot.

For Account of Whom It May Concern:

19 shares Cushman's Sons, Inc., common, $100 each, $55.

25,000 shares Velvet Copper Company, $100 each; 1c per share.

$10,000 Bond and Mortgage 1st, made by Henry Huesner and wife to Jacob H. Semel, covering premises 1,200 Lind Avenue, Bronx, past due, interest 6 per cent., size 50x89 feet.

5 shares Standard Gas Light Company of New York preferred, $100 each, $90.

50 shares Standard Gas Light Company of New York common, $100 each, $42.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	4.90	4.70
Buff., R. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	5.10	4.80
Can. Northern	1917-'28	4½@5	6.80	5.70
Can. Pacific	1917-'28	4½	5.40	5.00
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	5.05	4.75
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	4.85	4.60
C., R. I. & Pac.	1917-'27	4½	5.90	5.15
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.00	4.70
C., C., C. & St. L.	1917-'29	5	5.60	5.00
Cuba Railroad	1917-'26	5	5.40	5.25
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.00	4.80
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	5.40	5.00
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	5.80	5.20
Ill. Central	1917-'26	4½@5	4.95	4.75
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	5	4.93	4.65
Mich. Central	1917-'30	5	5.05	4.75
Mo., Kan. & T.	1917-'23	5	6.25	5.15
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.10	5.10
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	5.50	5.00
N. Y. C. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	5.30	4.85
Norf. & Western	1917-'24	4½	4.85	4.50
N. Y. N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@6	5.50	5.00
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1917-'23	4 @4½	4.85	4.60
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	5.50	5.00
Seaboard A. L.	1917-'26	5	5.35	5.00
So. Pacific	1917-'28	4½	4.90	4.70
So. Railway	1917-'24	4½@5	5.35	4.85
Tol. & Ohio Cent.	1918-'27	4½	5.10	4.90

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	62.00	63.00	61.50	62.50
Lead	11.75	12.00	11.75	12.00
Spelter	9.87½	....	9.87½	....
Antimony	18.00	19.00	19.00	19.50
Quicksilver	*$80.00	....	*$80.00	....
Aluminium	*80.00	....	*80.00	....
Iron, No. 2X f'dry	48.75	49.75	48.75	49.75

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 32½@33c, carload lots, spot delivery; 30½@31c, third quarter; 28½@29c, fourth quarter delivery.

No London cables received yesterday.

	£	Tuesday. s.	d.
Copper, spot	130	0	0
Copper, futures	129	10	0
Tin, spot	243	10	0
Tin, futures	238	0	0
Spelter	34	0	0
Lead	30	10	0

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am. Oil	36	37	Iron Bloe	1	1½
B. G. Gas	8	9	Jerome V.	1½	1¾
Bingham	1¼	1⅜	La. Rose	40	47
Begole	50	75	Majestic	40	44
Bos. Ely	45	46	Mex. Met.	27	29
Bos. & M.	60	61	Mol. Tung.	44	50
Butte & L.	14	15	New Baltic	1¾	1⅞
Butte & D.	45	55	New. Doug.	1¼	1⅜
Bos. & Ar.	1⅞	2⅛	New U. S.	..	50
Caverras	2¼	4	Nixon	45	..
Chief Cons.	2⅜	2⅜	N. Cornelia	18⅝	19⅜
Crown Res.	25	30	N. Z. & L.	70	71
Con. Ariz.	2¼	2⅜	Oneco	50	70
Cortes	20	30	Ohio Cop.	1¾	1¾
Cham. Con.	7	8	Onondaga	35	45
Cal. Corbin	1¼	2⅛	Pioneer C.	1⅝	1⅞
Eagle & B.	2⅜	2½	Rilis	2	3
Earl Eagle	20	21	Ray Hoco	3¼	4⅛
Federal	9	9	S.W. Miami	..	..
Gold Lake	1	1⅛	full paid	3	3⅜
Houghton	90	99	S.W. Miami	..	..
Home Oil	1¼	1⅜	part paid	2	2¼
Hancock	80	95	Trivelpiece	1¼	1⅜
Iron Cap	17	17½	U. Ext.	..	..
Iron C. pf.	16½	..	Yukon G.	..	..

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

There is little probability of any new developments in the wheat market until the Food bill passes Congress and the trade becomes enlightened as to what to expect in the way of Government control and what departure will be necessary from the established methods of doing business. In the meantime the market is drifting along in a listless manner and prices are slowly but steadily sinking to a new crop basis. Many predictions and rumors are being passed around in the trade as to what the Government is going to do, and some of them are of such a pronounced nature that both buyers and sellers of cash wheat have shown a disposition to await final developments before making large contracts. Prices were slightly lower, Chicago contracts being 1c to 4c down, while leading cash markets ranged from unchanged to 7c lower. In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at $2.35, free on board, to arrive.

RYE.—Market steady; No. 2 Western, $2.41, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	$2.08	$2.01	$2.05	$2.09	1.00⅝
September	1.84	1.78	1.83	1.84	1.04

CORN.

The corn market showed a slightly heavier tone early under scattered selling, but subsequently developed strength and closed 1⅛@2c net higher. Stocks abroad were said to be light, and the fact that Argentine corn is of a poor quality for shipment makes America the most logical market for supplying requirements. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 81.84⅛, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.56⅜	1.54	1.56⅜	1.54⅞	74⅜
September	1.47¼	1.44¼	1.47¼	1.45⅝	73¼
December	1.09⅛	1.06¼	1.09¼	1.07¼	62½

OATS.

The oats market was firmer with corn and on reports of export sales of about 250,000 bushels. Crop accounts were satisfactory and advices from abroad said that supplies are increasing and the demand less active. The local cash market was firm; standard quoted at 74@74½c; No. 2 white, 74½c; No. 3 white, 73½@74c; No. 4 white, 73@73½c; fancy clipped white, 75½@76½c; ordinary clipped white, 73½@74½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Last Year.
July	63⅜	62¼	63⅜	62⅝	39½
September	53⅜	53⅜	53	53¾	38⅝
December	55	54¼	54⅞	54½	40

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was moderately active, with a better demand, which was thought to be at least partly from packers. This served to offset an easier hog market and less active cash demand. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 30,000, estimated for Thursday 22,000. Kansas City received 10,000 and Omaha 12,300.

CHICAGO PRICES.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Last Year.
July	21.22	21.10	21.10	21.10	13.00
September	21.57	21.30	21.47	21.35	13.17
Ribs—					
July	....	....	21.60	21.40	18.55
September	21.77	21.47	21.67	21.55	13.62
Pork—					
July	....	....	39.30	39.00	24.75
September	39.65	39.30	39.50	39.20	24.32

COTTONSEED OIL.

Operations in the market for cottonseed oil were of fair proportions, total sales for the day amounting to 21,900 barrels. Price changes were nervous and somewhat irregular, although the market was well above the previous close during the greater part of the day, and final quotations were net unchanged to 7 points higher. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	16.20@	16.15
June	....	....	16.20@	16.15
July	16.27	16.18	16.18@16.19	16.16
August	16.27	16.15	16.20@16.22	16.13
September	16.23	16.13	16.14@16.15	16.11
October	16.18	16.10	16.11@16.12	16.07
November	15.80	15.80	15.80@15.85	15.85
December	15.82	15.82	15.81@15.83	15.80
January	15.90	15.89	15.81@15.84	15.81

COFFEE.

Yesterday was the first notice day for July contracts in the coffee market. There had been a good deal of July liquidation, largely in the way of switching to later months, and the notices issued were estimated at only 5,000 bags. Their circulation caused some further liquidation, and July sold off to 7.39c, making a net decline of 4 points and the lowest ground touched since that delivery sold at 8.75c early in April. Covering followed, however, with July working up to 7.43c, and the market closed net unchanged to 2 points higher. Sales were reported of 25,000 bags, including exchanges of July for December at 27 points. July for May at 55 to 58 points. The local spot market was dull and nominally unchanged at 9½c for Rio 7s and 10c for Santos 4s.

	Range of prices. High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	....	....	7.45@7.44	7.41
July	7.43	7.39	7.43@7.44	7.41
Aug.	....	....	7.52@7.53	7.52
Sept.	7.62	7.59	7.62@7.63	7.60
Oct.	7.68	7.63	7.66@7.67	7.64
Nov.	....	....	7.69@7.70	7.67
Dec.	7.75	7.70	7.73@7.74	7.70
Jan.	....	....	7.78@7.80	7.76
Feb.	....	....	7.84@7.85	7.80
March	7.89	7.86	7.89@7.90	7.84
April	....	....	7.93@7.94	7.89
May	7.99	7.98	7.98@7.99	7.93

SUGAR.

The sugar futures market took on considerable renewed activity, and after opening at advance of 4 to 6 points support from Cuban buyers and local operators further advanced prices, the closing figures showing net gains for the day of 9 to 15 points, with total sales amounting to 29,350 tons. There was a more bullish feeling among sugar traders, owing to the advancing spot market and higher prices for refined sugar, which brought in a fair amount of new outside speculative buying. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	....	....	5.26@5.28	5.11
July	5.27	5.17	5.26@5.28	5.11
August	5.30	5.25	5.33@5.35	5.20
September	5.41	5.35	5.40@5.42	5.29
October	5.44	5.44	5.42@5.44	5.32
November	5.45	5.40	5.43@5.45	5.33
December	5.30	5.24	5.29@5.30	5.19
January	5.00	4.98	5.01@5.02	4.92
February	....	....	4.80@4.83	4.71
March	....	....	4.80@4.83	4.69
April	....	....	4.83@4.86	4.72
May	....	....	4.85@4.88	4.73

Raw sugar was strong and advancing at the close, with the spot price advanced to 6.27c, duty paid. Local refiners bought 20,000 bags Cubas, July shipment, at 5¼c, cost and freight, and 5,000 bags Porto Rico, July shipment, at 6.02c, cost, insurance, and freight. Later a refiner bought 20,000 bags Cubas, first half July shipment, at 5¼c, cost and freight, equal to 6.27c, duty paid. At the close there were said to be buyers at 5¼c, cost and freight, with offering withdrawn, holders awaiting developments. Spot quotations follow: Centrifugal, 96 degrees, 5.39c; cost and freight, 5¼c. The market for refined sugar was firmer in sympathy with raws, and prices were advanced 25 points by three of the leading refineries, while two, the American and Howell, were said to be out of the market entirely. There was a good demand and business was said to be of fair proportions, even at the advance.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 20,123 packages. Stocks arrived very freely and market suffered a decline of 1½c on nearly all grades of creamery, with rather an unsettled feeling at the lower figures quoted. The speculative demand was less in evidence. Lackluster and packing grades rule firm, with the offerings comparatively light. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb, 38¾@39¼c; extras, (92 score,) 38¼@38½c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 37@38c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 35½@36½c; thirds, 34½@35c; creamery specialties higher than extras, 40@40½c; extras, 39@39½c; firsts, 37¾@38¼c; seconds, 36½@37¼c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 38@38½c; good to prime, 36¼@37½c; common to fair, 32@36c; renovated extras, 37½c; firsts, 36@37c; lower grades, 33@35c; imitation creamery, firsts, 35@36c; ladles, current make, firsts, 33½@34c; seconds, 32c; lower grades, 31½@32½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 32½@33c; No. 2, 32c; lower grades, 30@31½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 15,711 cases. Arrivals are moderate, and while they are still as a whole larger than the consumptive needs of the market, there are some goods still going to the warehouses both here and at out-of-town points, and the offerings of high-grade fresh gathered are comparatively light. There is good demand for such, and prices rule firm, with the tendency still slightly in sellers' favor in the highest grades. Good medium qualities that show a fair proportion of eggs suitable for good trade are meeting a fair demand, but seriously defective goods drag and are offered at 2c under regular and generally easy prices. High grade dirties are firmer with a better demand; undergrades dull. Nearby white eggs in somewhat lighter receipt, and strictly fine to fancy qualities are selling fairly well at full sustained prices; a good deal of the supply, however, is showing more or less defect and has to be shaded more or less as to quality. Fancy nearby brown eggs scarce and favoring the seller. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 39@37c; storage packed firsts, 34@35c; fresh gathered, extra firsts, 34@35c; firsts, 33@33½c; seconds, 30@32c; thirds and poorer, 25@29c; dirties, 27c; 1, 29@29c; No. 2 and poorer, 23@27c; checks, good to choice, dry, 27c; undergrades, 23@25c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 40@41c; ordinary to good, 38@39c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 36@37c; Western and Southern gathered whites, fine to fancy, 37@38c; Pennsylvania and nearby hennery brown, 37@38c; gathered brown and mixed, 35@36c; fine to fancy, 37@38c; Western and Southern

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

25 Bankers Trust Stock
100 Clinchfield Coal Com.
100 Elliott-Fisher Com.
25 Fidelity-Phenix Insurance
50 Germania Insurance
50 Georgia Marble Com. & Pfd.
50 Independent Lamp & Wire
50 Splitdorf Electric Com.
100 Thompson-Starrett Com.
100 White Rock Mineral Springs Pfd.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

10 American Boat Co.
100 Amer. Krupp Synd. Diesel Eng.
25 E. W. Bliss Com.
50 Franklin Fire Insurance
25 Guaranty Trust Stock
100 Kirby Lumber Com. & Pfd.
100 New York Rubber "Rights"
50 National Fuel Gas
100 Splitdorf Elec. Com. & Pfd.
200 Ward Baking Com.

J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co.
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Ohio Cities Gas
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Freeport Texas Sulphur
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Public Utility Securities
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Cities Service Company
Common Stock
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Kirby Lumber Pfd
Why & L. E. Pr. L.Pfd.
W. Mafyland 1st Pfd
Monongalia C. Lds.
Chic. & E. Ill. C. & P.
William C. Orton
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New York Rubber
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CARBON STEEL
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Sante Fe, Prescott & Phoenix 5s
East St. Louis & Suburban 5s
Georgia Light, Power & Ry. 5s
Union Elec. Lt. & Power 1st 5s
GEO. REITH & CO.

UNSETTLED MARKET WORRIES STEEL MEN

Consumers and Producers Watch Conferences on Price Regulation at Capital.

GOVERNMENT BUYING GROWS

The Iron Trade Review Says "Industry Largely Is at Sea and Becoming More Confused."

All eyes in the steel trade are centred on Washington, consumers watching developments in respect to price regulation no less closely than producers. Reports from steel centres indicate that the markets for both finished products and raw material have passed into a nervous, unsettled state which is expected to continue until the Government and manufacturers have come to a decision about quotations. The Iron Age says:

"The possibility of disturbance to business by ill-considered price fixing is a repressing influence, and steel manufacturers who for some time have refrained from selling because they were reserving their product for Government use now have added reason for taking no new steps.

"So far as Government ship steel is concerned, the question of authority to decide on contract prices is approaching final determination at Washington, and on the outcome hang other questions of Government policy regarding steel. If the counsels of practical men prevail, the steel manufacturers' committee and the Government's representatives will agree on a basis approximating that on which current deliveries are being made on long-time contracts. These, as is well known, are quite below the levels reached in the scramble for the small amount of steel that is only secured for early shipment by bidding up prices.

"Government buying is steadily increasing, part of it coming through departments and committees which arrange with manufacturers as to prices and part of it in quasi commandeering orders, on which prices will be fixed later. One army cantonments contracts were put through quickly. The wire nail purchases amounted to 42,000 kegs, of which half went to the leading producer, while the remainder was distributed among independents. The price was $3.20, whereas the market price of independent makers is $4. The cast iron pipe and radiation contracts for the cantonments are in abeyance. If steam heating is general 40,000 tons of radiation will be required."

The Iron Trade Review says:

"Present conditions are drifting so far from the moorings of precedent and sound business standards that industry largely is at sea and is becoming more confused steadily. Prices of raw material are so high and still are rising that the speculative element, for the producer in selling, is not much less than that for the consumer in buying for future delivery. How this is working out in the case of pig iron can be gauged from the statement that the average price of iron being shipped today is $20 or more per ton less than the prevailing market, while manufacturing costs have been going up by a wide margin. Some furnaces at the present time show an actual loss on shipments. Under these circumstances the increasing proposals for Government control of industrial operations and of prices are coming in for more attentive consideration. Industry is looking to Washington for the lead as to the course of action demanded by an unparalleled situation."

PENNSYLVANIA CO. DIVIDEND

Three Per Cent., Payable June 30, Against Four in December.

Directors of the Pennsylvania Company, which operates the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad system west of Pittsburgh, declared yesterday a dividend of 3 per cent., payable June 30. Six months ago 4 per cent. was declared and the full distribution in 1916 was 8 per cent. All of the company's $80,000,000 stock is owned by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

The Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad declared a dividend of 2½ per cent., payable Aug. 30. This is the first disbursement of the new Pandelic company, which absorbed last Winter several Western lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Other dividends announced included two extra disbursements of 2½ per cent. each on the Carbon Steel Company's common stock, payable Aug. 15 and Nov. 15. Regular dividends of 1½ per cent. on the shares were also declared, to be paid on the same dates as the extras, and the full annual 6 per cent. on the second preferred stock. The last will be paid July 31.

The Scovill Manufacturing Company and the E. W. Bliss Company, which are doing a large munition business, continued their habit of declaring extra dividends. The former ordered an extra of 10 per cent. in addition to the usual 2 per cent. quarterly payment, due July 2. This makes 76 per cent. in cash declared so far this year on the moderate capital, and in addition a 25 per cent. dividend in Anglo-French bonds was paid. The latter concern voted an extra of 11¼ per cent. and the regular 1¼ per cent., payable July 2.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Empire Gas Fuel Company, a new subsidiary of Cities Service Company, has been incorporated under the laws of Colorado, with a capital stock of $500,000 to develop oil leases in Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Arkansas, Washington, and other States.

The Stock Exchange has admitted to dealings Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Company, Ltd., rights, and the Texas Company's rights.

The Guaranty Trust Company, beginning today, will exchange for definitive bonds the outstanding temporary first general 5 per cent. bonds of the Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville Railway Company, issued in 1916.

Gold coin in the amount of $1,170,000 was withdrawn from the Sub-Treasury yesterday for shipment to Spain.

Percival W. Trudeau, formerly Vice President and Resident Manager in Mexico for the Bankers and Manufacturers' Mercantile Agency, has been appointed credit manager of the Equitable Trust Company of New York.

The reorganization of the McCaskey Register Company has been effected by election of E. A. Langenbach as President, to succeed A. G. Ryley. Mr. Langenbach is Chairman of the Board of United Alloy Steel Company, and President of the Berger Manufacturing Company, both of Canton, Ohio. F. Transue, President of the Transue-Williams Drop Forging Corporation, Alliance, has been named Vice President, to succeed S. S. Kurtz.

A syndicate, composed of Lee, Higginson & Co., New York; Drexel & Co., Reilly, Brock & Co., and Graham & Co. of Philadelphia, have purchased $500,000 Mahoning & Shenango Valley Railway & Light 5 per cent. bonds, due November, 1920, which are being offered at 97½, to yield 5.80 per cent.

A protective committee, consisting of L. Edmund Zacher, Treasurer of the Travelers' Insurance Company; J. Herbert Case, Vice President of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, and Edward C. Delafield, President of the Franklin Trust Company, has been formed for the Rio Grande Junction Railway Company first mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds, due Dec. 1, 1939.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.04	Julia	.02
Alta	.02	Justice	.02
Andes	.10	Mexican	.11
Best & Belcher	.02	Occidental	.65
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.11
Caledonia	.04	Overman	.04
Challenge Con	.01	Potosi	.03
Chollar	.05	Savage	.08
Confidence	.10	Seg. Belcher	.01
Con. Imperial	.03	Sierra Nevada	.03
Con. Virginia	.23	Union Con.	.17
Gould & Curry	.01	Utah	.01
Hale & Norcross	.08	Mexican Dollars	.61½
Jacket	.06		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	4.00	Goldfield Con	.52
Jim Butler	.25	Goldfield Merger	.05
MacNamara	.22	Great Bend	.06
Midway	.09	Jumbo Ext	.30
Mispah	.08	Jumbo Junior	.06
Monarch Pitts	.07	Kewanas	.13
Montana	.07	Silver Pick	.10
North Star	.10	Speculator	.07
Rescue	.21	MANHATTAN.	
Tonopah Ext	2.35	Consolidated	.26
Tonopah Nev	6.12½	Morning Glory	.38
West End	.64	White Caps	1.22½
GOLDFIELD.		OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Atlanta	.09	Big Jim	.63
Booth	.09	Nevada Hills	.24
Daisy	.03	Packard	.03
Florence	.18	Rochester	.50
Fraction	.04	Round Mountain	.34

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	5½	5¾	Gold Sov	5½	5
Dr. Jekpot	5	5¼	Isabella	9¾	10¼
Elkton	7	8½	McKinney	17	24
El Paso	30	35	Portland	145	150
Fanny B	3	5¾	Vindicator	75	80

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	98	99	4s, registered, 1925	105½	106½
2s coupon, 1930	98	98	4s, coupon, 1925	105½	106½
3s, registered, 1918	98¾	99¾	2s, coupon, 1936, reg	96	98
3s, coupon, 1918	98¾	99¾	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	98
3s, registered, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, 1961, reg	83	88
3s, coupon, 1946	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	83	88
3s, conversion, 1947	85	90			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.			Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
6s	Sept., 1917	*100	*100¼	101	4s	Nov., 1918	99½	..	99½
4½s	June, 1965	102	108	101¼	3½s	Nov., 1954	83	86	82½
4½s	Mar., 1963	102	103	101¼	3½s	May, 1954	83	..	82½
4½s	Nov., 1957	102	103	101¼	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:				
4½s	May, 1957	102	103	101¼					
4½s	Nov., 1917	99½	..	99½	4½s	1924-1930	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s	Mar., 1960-30	97¼	98½	97¼	4½s	1918-1823	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s	April, 1966	97½	98½	97	4½s	1924-1931	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s	Mar., 1964	97½	98½	97	4½s	1921-1923	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s	Mar., 1962	97¼	98½	97¼	4½s	April, 1920	4.50	..	4.50
4½s	Sept., 1960	97¼	98¾	97¼	3½s	1918-1919	4.50	..	4.50
4s	May, 1959	94½	95¼	95	3½s	1930-1939	4.50	4.35	4.50
4s	Nov., 1958	94½	96	95	3s	1926-1980	4.50	4.20	4.50
4s	Nov., 1955	94	96½	94	3½s	1940-1953	4.50	4.25	4.50
4s	Nov., 1936	95	98	93	3½s	1922-1929	4.50	4.25	4.50
4s	May, 1919	99½	..	99½					

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5,000	‡Aetna Exp	4⅝	4½	4½
300	‡Air Red'n	88	85½	85½
400	‡Boyd Mot's (a pros)	3⅞	3⅜	3⅜
800	‡But. Judson	54	52¾	54
328	‡Carbon St	106	*102	106
600	‡Car-el & P	3½	3⅜	3½
2,000	Carwen Steel	12½	12	12½
3,000	‡Cent. Fdy	38	37	37
1,000	‡Do pf	56¼	54½	55
3,900	Chev. Motor	103	100	100
1,200	‡City Service, w. i	29¾	29½	29½
1,100	Curtiss Aero	42½	41½	41½
900	‡East. A. C	5⅝	5	5⅝
520	Emerson P	6¼	6	6¼
600	Ev. H., Inc	22¾	22¼	22¾
500	H. & B. C. Co	40	40	40
400	‡Int. T. Cp	⅞	⅞	⅞
700	‡Do pf	1	1	1
500	‡Lake T. B	8⅛	7⅞	8
800	Man. Tran	1⅛	⅞	1
750	Mar. Auto	3	2¾	3
15,000	‡Maxim Mun	2¼	2¼	2¼

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

3,200	Anglo-Am. Oil	19¾	19¼	19½

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

5,900	‡Allen Oil	63	63	65
2,400	‡Am. Ventu	19	18	19
1,500	‡Barn't'O. & G	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
7,000	‡Bos.-Wyo. (a pros)	18	16	17
250	‡Con. Mex., (a pros.)	55	54	54
500	‡Cos. & Co., (oil)	12½	12	12
500	‡Cos. O. & G	12	11⅞	11⅞
1,000	‡Cos. Oil & G. ctfs	12¼	11⅞	11⅞
4,350	‡‡Crosby Pet., (a pros.)	62	52	62
2,000	‡Elkland O. & G., (a pros.)	⅜	⅜	⅜
7,000	‡Esmeralda	1⅞	1¼	1⅞
500	‡Federal Oil	5⅝	5¼	5⅝
1,200	‡Int. Petrol	13¼	12⅞	12⅞
1,000	Kenova Oil, (a pros.)	¼	¼	¼
4,225	Keyst'e Con	9	8¾	9

MINING STOCKS.

2,900	Acme C. H	1⅛	1¼	1¼
9,500	Al.-Brit.-Col. Metals	⅜	⅜	⅜
3,250	Alaska M. C	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,500	‡Al. Stand. C	35	34	35
2,300	‡‡Atlanta	10¾	10	10½
4,500	Big L. Cop	2¼	2¼	2⅜
3,000	‡Bos. & Mon	61	60	61
700	‡Brit. C. M	1¼	1	1
1,200	Butte C. & Z. v. t. ctfs	11¾	11	11⅜
300	Butte Det	88	87	88
1,500	‡Caledonia	58	57	57
300	‡Cal. & Jer	1½	1½	1⅝
1,200	Canada Cop	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝
9,500	‡Cashboy	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,400	‡Coco R. M	1¾	1¾	2
2,000	Con. Ariz. Sm	2¼	2¼	2¼
500	‡Con. H'stead	⅞	⅞	⅞
5,000	Crystal C. M	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
200	Dundee-Ariz. C. (a pros.)	1	1	1
15,000	‡Emma Con	1	1	1
3,000	‡‡Ferber Cp	61	60	61
400	First Nat. C	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
500	Crucible Steel	97	96	97
1,250	‡Gold. Con	51	*49	50
1,000	‡Gold. Mer	5½	5½	5½
900	‡G'monster M	1⅞	1	1⅞
2,000	‡‡Gr. Bend	6½	6½	6¾
2,200	Hecla Min	*9	8⅞	8¾
900	Hud. B. Z. M	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,320	‡Iron Blos	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	‡Jerome Ver. (a pros.)	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
500	Jose.-Kenne. (a pros.)	⅛	⅛	⅛
500	‡Jum. M. of N. M. (a pros.)	1	1	1
1,500	‡Jumbo Ext	33	31	31

BONDS.

$23,000	‡B. & O. 5s nts, 1 yr	98¾	98¾	98¾
5,000	‡Russ. Gov. new 5½s	70¼	70¼	70¼

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share.

$4,000 Exchanges

5% notes	97¾	97¾	97¾

‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of previous day:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Ask.
Aetna ctfs. of deposit	4⅝	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞
Am.-Brit. Mfg.	6	10	6	10
Do pf	30	35	30	35
Am. Drug. Syn.	10	15	10	15
Am. Int. Cor.	50½	51½	50½	51½
Am. W. Pap.	3½	4	3¼	4
Am. Stores	34	36½	34	36½
Am. S. Ist pf.	96	98	96	98
Atlantic Steel	135	150	135	150
Brit.-Am. Tob. Ord.	17½	18	17½	18
Do Ord. B	17¾	18	17¾	18
Can. Nat. Gas	⅞	..	⅞	..
Chal. Motors	10	12	10	12
Chino Con.	8¾	9	8¾	9
Do pf	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
Cramp Ship	80	90	80	90
Curtiss A. pf.	78	80	78	80
Eastern Steel	116	118	116	118
Electric Gun	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞
Elite Plan S	⅞	1	⅞	1
Free. Tex. new	43	45	43	44
Grant Mo. Car	4½	5½	4½	5½
Hendee Mfg	27	31	27	31
Holly Sugar	42	45	42	45
Do pf	99	101	99	101
In. Cont. Rub	11¾	11⅞	11¾	11⅞
Int. A. & F	27½	..	27½	..
Kath. Bze. pf	1½	2½	1½	2½
Keyst'e T. & R.	17	17½	17	17¾
Lake Tor. Boat 1st pf	8½	9½	8½	9½
L. Val. C. S	85	88	87	88
Lukens Steel	42	..	42	..
Do 1st pf	102	104	102	104
Lima Loco	55	57	55	57
Marlin Arms	104	107	103	104
Man. E. Sup	47	49	47	49
Do pf	90	97	90	97
Mitchell Mot.	48	55	48	55
Motor Prod	38	40	38	40
Nat. Auto Cp.	19	23	19	23
N. Y. Transp.	16½	17	16¼	17
N. Y. Ship	44	47½	44	47½
Peerless T. M.	16	18	16	18
Pierce-Ar. pf.	95	100	95	100
Poole Engine	75	90	75	90

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil	19¼	19½	19
Atlantic Refining	900	925	905
Borne-Scrymser	410	440	410
Buckeye Pipe Line	100	102	99
Chesebrough Mfg.	390	410	390
Colonial Oil	50	70	50
Continental Oil	490	510	490
Crescent Pipe Line	38	40	38
Cumberland P. L.	150	160	155
Eureka Pipe Line	210	215	210
Galena Signal Oil	148	152	148
Galena S. Oil pf	180	142	180
Illinois Pipe Line	208	213	210
Indiana Pipe Line	96	99	96
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd	12¾	13¼	13¾
National Transit	14	14	14
N. Y. Transit	185	190	185
Northern Pipe Line	96	99	96
Ohio Oil	338	343	340

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Aetna pf.	20	23	20
American Brass	325	329	322
Atlas Powder	154	159	150
Do pf	99	101	99
Babcock & Wilcox	127	129	127
Bliss	600	650	450
Do pf	73	78	73
Can. Explosives	360	450	350
Do pf	104	110	104
Can. F. & F	155	160	155
Colt's Arms	106	116	101
Du Pont	256	261	256
Do old com	104	109	107
Do deb. pf	99	101½	99
Hercules Powder	242	245	241
Do pf conv	116	120	115
Niles-Bem't-Pond	158	162	160
Scovill Mfg	630	645	655
Winchester Arms	1000	1200	1000

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
American Cigar	108	113	109
Do pf	95	99	95
Conley Foil	250	325	250
Do pf	160	170	160
Do rts	105	110	105
Johnson T. F. & M.	120	125	100
MacAndrews & F.	210	220	208
Do pf	100	103	99
P. R.-Am. Tob	215	230	215
R. J. Reynolds	500	530	520
Do pf	100	111	100

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PUBLIC UTILITIES

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.
385	Cities Service	258	280	282	283
855	Cities Service pf	86⅞	85¾	86¼	86¼
500	Cities Service new	29¾	29¾	29¼	29⅝

Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	20	23
Adiron. Elec. Pow. pf	74	75
American Gas	113	120
Am. Gas & Electric	116	118
Am. Gas & Electric pf	49	50
Am. Light & Traction	320	325
Am. Light & Trac. pf	110	111
Am. Power & Light	67	69
Am. Power & Light pf	88	89
Am. Public Utilities	30	35
Am. Pub. Utilities pf	66	68
Am. Water W. & Elec	8	9
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf	76	80
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	23	26
Carolina Power & Light	36	37¼
Carolina P. & L. pf	99	101
Cities Service, new	29½	30
Colorado Power	30	32
Colorado Power pf	99	102
Columbus Electric pf	93	97
Commonwealth P. & L.	48	50
Com'wealth P. & L. pf	76	78
Conn. Power pf	92	94
Consumers' P. & L. pf	93	97
Dayton Power & L. pf	85	88
Duluth Edison		80
Eastern Texas Electric	57	60
Eastern Texas Elec. pf	82	86
Electric P. & S. pf	99½	100
Electric Properties	66	69
El Paso Electric	104	108
El Paso Electric pf	97	100
Empire Dis. Elec. pf	87	91
Empire Gas & Fuel	99	100
Federal Light & Trac.	11	13
Fed. Light & Trac. pf	44	47
Galv.-Houston Electric	20	25
Galv.-Houston Elec. pf	75	90
Gas & Elec. Securities	290	310
Gas & Elec. Sec. pf	90	100
Interstate Elec. Corp	32	42
Interstate El. pf	90	93
Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49

Bonds.

Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	70	73	
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	76	80	
Cent. P. & L. 1st 5s	95	96	
Central Ill. Light 5s	96½	98	
Cin. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	99	101	
Col. G. & E. 1st 5s	87	89	
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	80	83	
Com'wealth P. (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	97	100	
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	94	98	
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	101½	
Defiance G. & E. 5s, '42	89	92	
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	94	95	
East. Ohio 1st 5s	99	102	
East. Tex. Elec. 5s	89½	92½	
Fed. Light & Tr. 6s	96	97½	
Fed. Light & Tr. 6s	90	93	
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	84	86	
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	95	99	
Kan. Pub. Serv. 1st 5s, '41	93	96	
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	88	93	
L. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, '41	90	96	
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99	
Middle West U. 5s, '65	96½	98	
Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	99½	100	
Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	69	69¾	
Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	85	90	
Nat. Sec. p. l. 6s	92	94	
Nat. Sec. deb	48	53	
New York Edison 5s, '41	97	100	
No. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '31	80	86	
Nor. States P. 6s, 1926	97½	98½	
Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	93	94	
Nor. Tex. El. col. tr. 5s	88	92	
Ohio Public Ser. 1st 5s, 1946	100¼	102	
Omaha & Council B. 5s	90	95	
P. G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s, '31	95	100	
Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	101	
Puget Sound Trac. notes	98	100	
Seattle Elec. con. 5s	88	92	
Stand. Gas & Elec. 6% notes, 1935	90	96	
Stand. Gas & El. 5s, '48	94	96	
So. Cal. Ed. 5s, 1939	93	95	
Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	89	92	
Un. Light & Rys. 1st 5s, 1932	85	91	
Un. Light & Rys. deb. 6s, 1926	97	99	
United Utility 6s, '43	95	98¼	
U. S. S. R. & M. 6s, '26	111	113	
Utah Sec. 6s	90¾	91½	
W. W. Light 6s, 1925	96	98	
Western Power 1st 5s	96	96	
West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93½	
West. P. P. 1st 5s, '46	95	98	
Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	93	97	
Yadkin River Pow. ctfs.	83	87	

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Nearly 75,000 shares of United States Steel common were dealt in on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. That stock displayed special strength in the earlier dealings. The general market had a setback all along the line in the afternoon. Opening quotations generally reflected good gains compared with the closings on Tuesday. Studebaker, however, was an early weak spot in the market.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
150	Allis-Chalm.	30¼	30	30¼
250	Am. B. Sug.	94	93¼	93⅝
750	Am. Can.	50¼	49¾	49¾
50	Am. Car. & F.	79⅝	78¼	79⅛
200	Am. Loco.	73½	71¼	71¼
500	Am. S. & R.	109	107½	107⅝
30	Am. Zinc	31⅝	31⅜	31⅜
700	Anaconda	83¾	82¾	82¾
40	A. T. & S. F.	101	101	101
950	Bald. Loco.	73½	70⅞	71¼
150	Balt. & Ohio	75¼	74¼	74½
2,900	Beth. Steel B	143¾	140¾	140¾
2,700	‡Rich.

WANT EXPORT BUREAU HERE

Merchants' Association Urges That It May Issue Permits.

The Merchants' Association has asked the members of the new Federal Exports Council to establish a bureau in this city which will have authority to issue export permits. The letter says in part:

"This matter is of such great importance to the large number of shippers all over the United States, whose goods go forward through this port, as well as to exporters in New York City, that we urge that a bureau be located here empowered and equipped to issue the permits in question so far as they relate to consignments of goods going out from New York. The prominence of the Port of New York warrants, in our judgment, the maintenance of such an office in this city rather than the establishment of an office with no authority and acting only in a clerical and routine capacity by receiving applications and announcing results. The delay and inconvenience to all shippers which must arise from transmitting applications to Washington is a matter of the greatest importance, especially in light of present shipping and storage conditions.

"Much of the investigation and work which will necessarily precede decisions regarding the desirability of issuing specific permits will, so far as it relates to New York firms, undoubtedly have to be made in New York City. The fact that a bureau equipped with judicial and administrative power would be more frequently called upon and inconvenienced by inquiries if in New York rather than in Washington, seems to us to be an argument in favor of its establishment here, inasmuch as it is undoubtedly the desire of the Secretary of Commerce that every possible facility, courtesy, and convenience be placed before shippers needing export permits."

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 27.—Forty-four new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $1,178,000, were chartered today. They include:

Stucco Garage, Inc., Brooklyn, auto and garage business, $5,000; B. Schanzer, W. and C. H. Wowerit, 612 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Super-Diesel Tractor Corp'n, Manhattan, mechanical tractors and agricultural machinery, 2,000 shares no common stock, no par value, $10,000; E. A. Rumely, C. A. Lewis, R. A. Budd, 25 City Hall Place.

A. Bases, Inc., Manhattan, wearing apparel, furs, and headwear, $100,000; A. L. Sherwin, A. and A. Bases, 9 Livingston Place.

Francis J. Guinon Co., Inc., Bronx, heating and ventilating appliances and systems, $5,000; G. K. Denman, C. and F. J. Guinon, 1,275 College Av., Bronx.

Conley-Clain & Co., Inc., Manhattan, insurance agency and brokerage, $10,000; T. J. Stapleton, J. H. Clain, H. S. Conley, 500 West 143d St.

American Importers' League, Inc., Manhattan, groceries, foodstuffs, tools, machinery, clothing, $25,000; C. Rosetos, S. S. Pines, D. A. Pappy, 604 West 125th St.

Secure Fastener Corp'n, Manhattan, manufacture hooks, wares, and merchandise, $125,000; E. J. and D. Smith, C. S. Woodman, 3,818 Avenue I, Brooklyn.

Associated Stockholders, Inc., Manhattan, realty, insurance, and brokerage, $25,000; J. D. Earl, C. E. McCabe, W. J. Hoover, 198 Broadway.

D. and M. Contracting Co., Manhattan, cattle, sheep, hogs, and other live stock, $15,000; E. H. Collins, P. M. Hahn, P. J. Dubois, 3,408 Amsterdam Av.

Lesster-Gross Co., Inc., Manhattan, realty, construction, and security, $10,000; J. S. and E. A. Gross, J. E. Lesster, 104 West 70th St.

Joe Weber & Co., Inc., Manhattan, motion pictures and theatrical business, $30,000; P. Friedman, J. N. and M. Weber, 1,416 Broadway.

Lavin Export Co., Inc., Manhattan, food products, woolens and notions, $5,000; S. C. Lavin, L. Senie, J. Miller, 42 Broadway.

Rockaway Woodworkers, Inc., Queens, manufacture foods, wares, and merchandise, $25,000; C. H. Spear, J. G. Goodall, W. Bonner, Far Rockaway.

Crestwood Land Co., Inc., Binghamton, real estate, construction, and contracting, $50,000; E. E. Bishop, D. S. and F. W. Parsons, Binghamton.

Metropolitan Button Works, Inc., Manhattan, manufacture buttons, $10,000; R. Brodsky, I. A. Levy, L. Rafky, 71 West 23d St.

Charles Richman Pictures Corp'n, Manhattan, motion pictures, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value, $100,000; D. Davis, F. A. Regan, S. F. Ross, 1,027 East 167 St.

Dubros Bakery and Lunch Room, Inc., Manhattan, restaurants and cafes, $10,000; A. and M. Dubowy, J. Stein, 46 West 116th St.

The General Commercial Co., Ltd., of United States, Manhattan, deal in raw and manufactured goods, storage, and forwarding, $100,000; V. Hansen, C. C. Storm, E. L. Orvis, 30 Wall St.

Warren Products Co., Inc., Manhattan, chemicals and drugs, $10,000; F. L. Cramer, D. K. Hill, H. R. Harrison, 120 Broadway.

Spanish Blue C. Line, Inc., Manhattan, transportation and navigation, $100,000; J. A. Castellanos, C. Llata, H. A. Lamb, 80 Wall St.

Sunshine Holding Corporation, Manhattan, realty, bonds, and securities, $10,000; H. Harris, H. M. Pitman, B. Burger, 501 5th Av.

Glasgow Knitting Works, Inc., Manhattan, knit goods and garments, $10,000; M. Brown, H. Schekter, B. Platzman, 427 East 170th St.

G. E. Walter, Inc., Manhattan, interior and exterior decorating, $100,000; G. E. Walter, W. C. Low, J. Essner, 346 Broadway.

Netgar Realty Corporation, Manhattan, real estate, $10,000; R. Delbel, S. Salmanshon, D. Friedman, 215 West 100th St.

Madison Armand, Inc., Manhattan, ladies' cloaks, suits, and millinery, $10,000; I. Dorfman, T. and A. H. Serposs, 455 Riverside Drive.

Fort and Concrete Corp., Manhattan, bridge and general construction work, $50,000; W. J. Barney, O. J. Korb, F. Leder, 27 Cedar St.

Fred Schulmerich, Inc., Manhattan, boarding, sale and livery stable, and garage, $5,000; H. A. Enes and C. and F. Schulmerich, 1,294 Intervale Av.

O'Hara's, Inc., Manhattan, cafe and restaurant, $10,000; M. K. O'Hara and D. H. and O. Lehman, 164 Sherman Av.

Lister Aseptic Co., Inc., Manhattan, manufacture chemicals for medical and other purposes, $5,000; J. H. Deats, R. Reed, W. Wilson, 89 Macon St., Brooklyn.

Ellerslie Corp., Manhattan, realty and construction, $6,000; M. Greenberg, H. M. Clements, S. B. Marks, 550 Riverside Drive.

Print-a-Role Co., Inc., Manhattan, devices for stamping advertisements on wrapping papers, $5,000; M. Brown, L. C. and C. Goldman, 8 Broadway.

Mass Program Publishing Co., Inc., Manhattan, general advertising business, $10,000; A. Wright, H. D. Sonnenschein, and M. H. Cooley, 403 West 127th St.

Robinson-Nolan Realty Corp., Manhattan, realty, hotels, and restaurants, $50,000; Y. Robinson, J. J. Lordan, K. L. Franklin, 115 Broadway.

Civilization-Pioneer Film Corp., Manhattan, motion pictures, $100,000; A. E. Lefcourt, Hirsh, M. J. Rose, 828 7th Av.

Capital increases—Savoy Art Co., Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $15,000; J. Ramos Co., Inc., Manhattan, $25,000 to $75,000; Norwich Wire Works, Inc., Norwich, $25,000 to $100,000; Buffalo Pressed Steel Co., Inc., Buffalo, $30,000 to $75,000; Simmons Machine Co., Inc., Albany, $25,000 to $100,000; Philips Bauer Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $150,000; Edwin A. Fitch & Son, Inc., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Capital reduction—New York Disposal Corp., Manhattan, $95,500 to $10,000.

Authorizations—Baltimore Copper Smelting and Rolling Co., Inc., Maryland, copper and metal products, $100,000. Representative, W. C. Dickey, 319 West 23d St.

Merchant Shipbuilding Corp., Delaware, shipbuilding, 200,000 shares no par value. Representative, W. M. Simpson, 50 Broad St.

Western Petroleum Co., New York, Inc., Maine, petroleum and petroleum products, $50,000. Representative, J. M. Mathis, 17 Battery Place.

Marinette Knitting Mills, Inc., Wisconsin, knit goods, $50,000. Representative, A. M. Mendelson, 315 Fourth Av.

Sidway Mercantile Co., Inc., Indiana, sick room furniture, $125,000. Representative, M. Solomon, 32 Union Square.

Dissolutions—M. B. Wallowitz, Inc., Manhattan; Reading Theatres Co., Manhattan; The Mohawk Valley Boat and Machine Co., Canajoharie; Underhill Farms, Inc., Manhattan; Linden Pharmacy, Inc., Geneva; The Retail Butchers Fat Rendering Co., Manhattan; Berstein & Frisch, Inc., Manhattan; Hance Waist and Dress Co., Inc., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., June 27.—Charters filed: A. M. Meisendorf, Inc., Perth Amboy, deal in hay, grain, and feed, $100,000; A. M. Meisendorf, David Meizendorf, Samuel Margolies, all of Perth Amboy.

P. S. Benjamin Co., Inc., Hoboken, build hotels and other kinds of structures, $10,000; Helen Lindsay, M. M. Feinberg, L. V. Buchanan, all of Hoboken.

Bessman & Bessman, Newark, construct sewers and drains, $100,000; Peter Bessman, M. S. Bessman, Rae Bessman, all of Newark.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., June 27.—Charters filed:

Farm Power Equipment Company, manufacture all kinds of motor engines, gas engines, tractors, &c., $2,500,000; W. K. Donahue, E. E. Harper, Chicago, James Ayr, Oak Park, Ill., incorporators.

Liberty Electric Corporation, manufacture and sell electric and other machinery, $750,000; L. Phillips, H. Bailey, local Dover (Del.) incorporators.

Old Hickory Fire Co., manufacture tires and other articles for automobiles, $500,000; [illegible]

REFORM IN RETAIL BUYING.

Stores of This City Combine to Stop Some Trade Evils.

The abuse of charge account privileges has reached such an aggravated stage that the representative retail stores of the city, aroused to action, have formed the Associated Retail Credit Men of New York City, Inc., to deal with that and other retail evils. In a statement issued by the newly formed organization it is declared that the retail merchants of the city are going to do their part in accordance with the President's request, to keep business going and money in circulation, particularly that portion of it which heretofore has for an undue length of time stood on their books in the form of charge accounts.

"It is intended," the statement reads, "that members open to each other their ledgers showing actual experience and transactions with each and any customer in whom a member may be interested. They expect thereby to place a stumbling block in the all-too-easy path of the dead beats, those passing worthless checks and others who abuse the charge account privilege in any way. In the latter class is included those who are responsible for the return goods evil, also those who take an undue length of time in which to pay their bills. These last will likewise find they must improve their habits or their accounts will be closed, not by one but by all the shops simultaneously.

"No longer will 'Mrs. Well-to-do' when wishing to buy a sweater be able to order from five different shops, say three sweaters each or a total of fifteen in all, so that she may select one, and continue to do that sort of thing. Or buy a gown which she especially asks to be delivered so that she may wear it at that night's performance or reception, then after wearing it for that occasion, return it for credit. Or let her bills run, without any proper explanation or arrangement until she gets good and ready to pay them. She will quickly discover that such methods will curtail and finally close to her the charge account privilege at all good shops.

"Nor will 'Mr. Plausible' after having run up a bill and left it unpaid at one shop, be able to go to another and do the same thing.

"The long-needed confidential exchange of real credit information between all the shops, the machinery for which is now being provided, will overcome this and more. It is even planned to establish a central clearing house for recording and dissecting such information. Practically all of the well-to-do people of the city run charge accounts, and it will thus be seen," the statement concludes, "what an important movement this really is. The saving that is expected, not only in the cost of carrying accounts unduly long, and incidental overhead charges, but also of the losses that abuse of the charge account privilege brings, will be passed on to the community and benefit the public to that extent."

The officers of the association, who are credit managers in the stores indicated, are as follows: William H. J. Taylor, Franklin Simon & Co., President; James K. Cuddy, Oppenheim Collins & Co., Vice President; Edward Thompson, Sacks & Co., Secretary; and William B. Merrall, Acker Merrall & Condit Company, Treasurer. The Board of Directors consists of David J. Price, of W. & J. Sloane, August Follmer, of Dreicer & Co., Edward H. Hudson, of Black, Starr & Frost, Henry F. Arthur, of Franklin Simon & Co., Le Roy T. Pease, of the Ovington Brothers Company, George Newell Stanley, of the Reed & Barton Company, George Waterford, of Best & Co., and Arthur L. Zaduk, of Kurzman.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE BANK OF AMERICA

at the close of business on the 20th day of June, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $1,597,126.95;) market value.		$1,579,032.04
Private securities, (book value, $3,173,280.88;) market value.		3,342,806.76
Real estate owned		900,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		7,500.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		17,840,731.39
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		8,868,861.60
Overdrafts		18,292.57
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		1,480,011.88
United States legal-tender notes		3,721,806,33
United States legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		1,352,681.00
Federal Reserve notes		10,000.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$26,200,186.34	
Other cash items	246,476.42	
		26,455,662.76
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		900,000.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		76,700.00
Total		$86,551,026.33
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$1,500,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$6,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	854,549.80	
		6,854,549.80
Surplus on book values, $6,630,718.83.		
Deposits:		
Due New York State savings banks	$4,183,183.29	
Due Federal Reserve Bank, N.Y. fiscal agt. Treasury Department	446,000.00	
Deposits subject to check	21,529,645.92	
Demand certificates of deposit	808.58	
Cashiers' checks outstanding	186,511.22	
Certified checks	20,697,548.29	
Unpaid dividends	345.00	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	10,219,634.23	
Total deposits		57,263,176.53
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		900,000.00
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		33,300.00
Total		$86,551,026.33

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE COLONIAL BANK

at the close of business on the 20th day of June, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Public securities, (book value, $101,000.00;) market value		$101,000.00
Private securities, (book value, $250,556.36;) market value		250,556.36
Real estate owned		50,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		1,982,946.71
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		6,202,728.69
Overdrafts		1,731.26
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$374,321.00	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	145,259.19	
		1,019,580.19
Specie		964,784.09
United States legal tender notes and notes of national banks		209,300.00
Federal Reserve notes		27,000.00
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$343,513.18	
Other cash items	111,904.03	
		455,417.21
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		3,500.00
Total		$11,268,544.51
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$400,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$800,000.00	
Undivided profits	208,380.60	
		1,008,380.60
Surplus on book values, $1,036,380.60.		
Due New York State savings banks		$106,164.86
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets		13,436.17
Deposits subject to check		9,304,650.75
Demand certificates of deposit		61,851.61
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers		66,543.38
Certified checks		62,824.14
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers		189,036.09
Total deposits		9,904,027.20
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.		$19,336.66
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		6,900.95
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		2,000.00
Estimated unearned discounts		32,000.00
Total		$11,268,544.51

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE BLEECKER STREET AND FULTON FERRY RAILROAD CO.

A special meeting of the stockholders of The Bleecker Street and Fulton Ferry Railroad Company will be held in its office, No. 165 Broadway, New York City, New York, on the 25th day of July, 1917, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of voting upon a declaration of abandonment of routes adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company at a meeting thereof on June 8th, 1917, abandoning the tracks and franchises of this Company to construct, maintain, and operate a street surface railroad beginning at Fourteenth Street and Ninth Avenue, running south on Hudson Street to Abingdon Square, crossing Abingdon Square to Bleecker Street, and on Bleecker Street to Broadway, and on Macdougal Street from Bleecker Street to West Fourth Street, and on West Fourth Street from Sixth Avenue to West Twelfth Street, and on West Twelfth Street from West Fourth Street to Hudson Street.

Dated New York, June 28th, 1917.

H. M. FISHER, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the STOCKHOLDERS of OUTING PUBLISHING COMPANY will be held in the offices of the Corporation, 141-145 West 36th Street, New York City, on Tuesday, July 10th, 1917, at 5:30 P. M. for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the fiscal year 1917-1918.

HERBERT L. STONE, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M., on Tuesday, July 10, 1917, for Contract 139, for the completion of the superstructure of the drainage chamber at Shaft 21 of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct. The shaft is located at the corner of South and Clinton Streets, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City. The building will be three stories high, about 46 feet by 42 feet by 80 feet, of the skeleton steel type, with brick walls and limestone and granite trimmings. The greater part of the steel framework is already in place.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners, Board of Water Supply.
GEORGE FEATHERSTONE, Secretary.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M., on Tuesday, July 10, 1917, for Contract 138, for the completion of the superstructure of the drainage chamber at Shaft 20 of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct. The shaft is located at the corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City. The building will be three stories high, about 46 feet by 42 feet by 80 feet, of the skeleton steel type, with brick walls and limestone and granite trimmings. The greater part of the steel framework is already in place.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners, Board of Water Supply.
GEORGE FEATHERSTONE, Secretary.

SEALED PROPOSALS Indorsed "Proposals for an addition to eight magazine buildings at Lake Denmark, Dover, N. J." will be received at the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 11 o'clock A. M., July 16, 1917, and then and there publicly opened for an addition to eight magazine buildings having concrete foundations, stone or concrete and brick walls, steel trusses, wood purlins, asbestos built-up roofing over sheathing, wood finished floor over concrete, concrete platforms, lightning protections. Drawings and specifications (No. 3442) can be obtained on application to the Bureau or to the Commandant of the Navy Yard, New York.

WM. P. MARIN, Chief of Bureau.
June 21, 1917.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE COLUMBIA BANK

at the close of business on the 20th day of June, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz:		
Public securities, (book value, $51,000;) market value		$51,000.00
Private securities, (book value, $880,103.60;) market value		834,572.23
Real estate owned		43,047.86
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		11,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		785,063.34
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		7,750,569.43
Overdrafts		258.72
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$907,183.48	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	15,358.28	
		922,541.76
Specie		1,027,527.46
United States legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		185,850.00
Federal Reserve notes		24,000.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$410,341.50	
Other cash items	34,242.37	
		444,583.87
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$1,000.00	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	16,854.72	
		17,854.72
Total		$12,048,869.39
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$300,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$300,000.00	
Undivided profits	125,120.96	
		725,120.96
Surplus on book values, $822,447.61.		
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$131,558.31	
Deposits by State of New York	125,000.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	9,528,742.09	
Demand certificates of deposit	23,473.00	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	7,597.58	
Certified checks	140,344.17	
Unpaid dividends	16.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	52,770.23	
Total deposits		10,009,498.43
Bills payable, including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit, or otherwise.		910,000.00
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgages on real estate owned	$35,500.00	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date, (estimated)	30,000.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	38,750.00	
		104,250.00
Total		$12,048,869.39

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE BANK OF THE METROPOLIS

at the close of business on the 20th day of June, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $251,000.00;) market value		$251,000.00
Private securities, (book value, $971,486.32;) market value		979,442.32
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		750.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		2,963,396.83
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		11,511,154.41
Overdrafts		191.36
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$1,167,832.81	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	223,068.34	
		1,390,401.15
Specie		1,407,701.23
United States legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		895,371.00
Federal reserve notes		100,000.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$780,512.41	
Other cash items	272,549.85	
		1,053,062.06
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		25,000.00
Total		$20,027,470.56
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$1,000,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$1,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	1,244,324.38	
		2,244,324.38
Surplus on book values, $2,336,368.38		
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$1,871,041.93	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	14,643,972.51	
Demand certificates of deposit	330,458.01	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	23,332.46	
Certified checks	132,874.85	
Unpaid dividends	64.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	115,114.17	
Total deposits		16,616,857.93
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	$4,747.21	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	36,540.99	
Estimated unearned discounts	125,000.00	
		166,288.20
Total		$20,027,470.56

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MUTUAL BANK

at the close of business on the 20th day of June, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value $601,379.39,) market value		$587,987.50
Private securities, (book value $561,668.50,) market value		543,618.00
Real estate owned		507,626.31
Mortgages owned		50,350.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		89,773.36
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		3,514,083.68
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		2,802,478.11
Overdrafts		412.61
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$763,757.58	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	72,382.10	
		836,140.68
Specie		1,000,624.01
United States legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		100,000.00
Federal Reserve notes		60,000.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$226,236.11	
Other cash items	25,076.70	
		251,362.81
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date (estimated)	$34,700.00	
		34,700.00
Total		$10,379,166.02
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$200,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$200,000.00	
Undivided profits	300,815.07	
		500,815.07
Surplus on book values, $532,257.46.		
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$232,569.10	
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions	747.67	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	1,043.08	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	43,000.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	8,729,878.90	
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	266,975.10	
Demand certificates of deposit	60,500.00	
Other certificates of deposit	47,813.86	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	16,588.64	
Certified checks	90,781.22	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	123,428.70	
Total deposits		9,613,326.27
Income tax withheld		95.82
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$10,863.01	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	3,253.85	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date (estimated)	28,928.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	21,884.00	
		64,928.86
Total		$10,379,166.02

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE GREENWICH BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

at the close of business on the 20th day of June, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Public securities, (book value, $273,065.71;) market value		$273,065.71
Private securities, (book value, $258,228.25;) market value		258,228.25
Real estate owned		87,000.00
Mortgages owned		13,533.97
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		2,843,335.95
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		8,585,884.10
Overdrafts		22.30
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$515,964.70	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	1,171,226.56	
		1,687,191.26
Specie		1,681,757.00
United States legal tender notes and notes of national banks		490,000.00
Federal Reserve notes		52,000.00
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$763,335.36	
Other cash items	91,250.48	
		854,585.84
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		7,000.00
		$16,826,704.37
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$500,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$1,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	337,589.28	
		1,337,589.28
Surplus on book values, $1,896,589.28.		
Due New York State savings banks	$447,995.14	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	63,376.08	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	5,689.51	
Deposits subject to check	12,700,047.67	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	26,000.00	
Demand certificates of deposit	27,022.80	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	5,569.63	
Certified checks	134,918.80	
Unpaid dividends	200.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	1,498,744.94	
Total deposits		14,909,170.58
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$6,109.90	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	8,334.61	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	6,000.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	59,000.00	
		79,444.51
		$16,826,704.37

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M., on Tuesday, July 10, 1917, for Contract 134, for fencing a vitrified brick pavement in tar mastic in the Kensico aerator. The work is located near the Kensico reservoir, in the Town of Mt. Pleasant, Westchester County, New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners, Board of Water Supply.
GEORGE FEATHERSTONE, Secretary.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 10 o'clock A. M., July 26, 1917, for delivering anchors, rotating bands, rattan and wheat brooms, dust, scrub, paint, and steel-wire brushes, boat chains, rubber gaskets, grapnels, scrub-brush handles, benches, handspikes, lightning protections, flagstaffs, and swabs at the navy yards, Brooklyn, N. Y., etc. Apply for proposals to the supply officer, navy yard, Brooklyn, N. Y., or to the commandant of the Navy Yard, New York.

June 21, 1917.

ESTABLISHED 1784.

[No. 1393.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bank of New York

National Banking Association

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business on June 20th, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$22,138,201.04
Customers' liability under Letters of Credit actually used and for which this bank has not been reimbursed		798,358.00
Customers' liability account of "Acceptances" executed by this bank and now outstanding		5,273,319.64
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds of 1917):		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$800,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	785,000.00	
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness		1,585,000.00
Payment on account subscription for Liberty Loan Bonds		285,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c.:		
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits	$1,826,179.42	
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits	1,009,542.62	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	6,143,361.93	
Total bonds, securities, &c.		8,979,083.97
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		8,386.10
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		180,000.00
Value of banking house		250,000.00
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than included in 21)		1,473,988.19
Exchanges for Clearing House		15,646,190.11
Outside checks and other cash items	$118,289.45	
Fractional currency, nickels, and cents	776.70	
		119,066.15
Notes of other national banks		11,025.00
21. Lawful reserve in vault and net amount due from Federal Reserve Bank		7,085,313.91
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		40,000.00
Other assets, bills receivable, &c., to secure U. S. deposits		3,100,140.00
Total		$66,898,019.11
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in		$2,000,000.00
Surplus fund		4,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$1,361,068.27	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	140,992.92	
		1,220,015.35
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		43,147.15
Circulating notes outstanding		786,247.50
Demand deposits subject to Reserve:		
Net amount due to banks and bankers	$12,034,956.27	
Dividends unpaid	1,071.00	
Individual deposits subject to check	23,436,853.10	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	375,217.11	
Certified checks	11,046,696.16	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,628,269.77	
Other demand deposits	839,586.00	
Total demand deposits subject to Reserve		49,362,649.41
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice):		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	$951,503.19	
Other time deposits	285,950.32	
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve		1,237,453.51
United States deposits, not subject to Reserve:		
U. S. deposits, including deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	$765,000.00	
Postal savings deposits	953,762.00	
Total of U. S. deposits not subject to Reserve		1,718,762.00
Cash letters of credit and travelers' checks outstanding	$4,042.58	
Customers' letters of credit drawn against	793,358.00	
		797,400.58
Acceptances executed for customers		5,273,319.64
Liabilities other than those above stated		459,023.97
Total		$66,898,019.11

State of New York, County of New York, ss:

I, JOSEPH ANDREWS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOSEPH ANDREWS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of June, 1917.

[Seal] HANSON C. GIBSON, Notary Public, N. Y. County.

Correct—Attest: W. J. MATHESON, JAMES B. MABON, HERBERT L. GRIGGS, } Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE STATE

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(c) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.
Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Room 227, 2d floor, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.
Dittmar<Barge Solon. Dean<Clonin. People's Bread Co<SS J. L. Luckenbach.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 9:30 A. M.—In Room 312, Post Office Building. Naturalization.

NEW YORK COUNTY.
Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—First Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Tierney, J.—At 10:15 A. M.
The calendar of Special Term, Part I., will hereafter be called by the Clerk at 10:15 A. M. for the purpose of noting defaults, adjournments, and motions ready for argument and to allow submission of motions where papers are complete. At 10:30 A. M. the motions not thus disposed of will be heard in their regular order by the Justice presiding.
Re Gross<Newman (2.) Re US Fld & Guar'ty (Cobb.) Brandt<Schrieber. Knapp<B'way Rent'g. Micanowicz<Susquehanna Coal Co. Quinn<NY & L B SS. Abramowitz<Goldberg. Kohn<Hafker. Georgiadis<Iroquois Operating Co. Brady<Mazzetti. Hinze<Hinze. Currier<Stern. Anthony<Kaufman. Guar Trust<2d Av RR. Heller<Beaver. Tapley Co<Newman. Re Madison Chambers Co. Re Hart (Abramowitz) Emden<Mint Prod Co. Doehler<Doehler. Brill<Brill. Albina<NY Rys. Andrill<same. McNairn<same. Micelli<same. Minturen<same. Meyer<same. Mutter<same. Lampert<same. Little<same. Lowrey<same. Krieger<same. Kugler<same. Karger<same. Jantos<same. Hahn<same. Galvin<same. Baron<same. Brigadier<same. Berlin<same. Assanto<same. Adler<same. McDermott<same. Laredo<same. King<same. Hassid<same. Goldstone<same. Ahearn<same. Allotta<same. Ahearn<same. Bannet<same. Byrnes<same. Annox Wall Paper Co<Elberson. Re Marmor & Boral Bros. NY Tel<Thirkield. Bernstein<Bernstein. Glaser<Glaser. NY Tel<Thirkield. Kramer<Swan Realty. Sandsman<Liebowitz. MuesserCity of Amsterdam. Greenberg<Istel. NY Cit Av RR. (2.) Rees<Ormsby. Moeckel<King & Co. 4th Av Bldg<Kernochan. Gross<Hoch. Birdsall<De Veze. Clark<C, R I & P Ry.

PART II.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Guy, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.
Rand<Welsberg. Re Man Ry<Coogan. Same<Zwinge. Dillon<Harrington. Ferro<Ferro. Stein<Pechter. Tenement House Dept vs 210 W 118th St. Re E 180th St. Buntinx<Buntinx. Shelby<Shelby. Panning<Fanning.
Greenwood<Greenwood Preferred causes: Libman<Libman. McDermott & Hanigan<Ritz Rlty Corp. Re Sisson, (Victor Hotel Co.) Hamilton<Rouse. McLintock<McLintock. Hirshfield<Reinman. Enos<Naftal. Paul<Paul. Case on.

PART IV.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.
PART V.—Not in session.
PART VI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Clear.
PART 3 VII. and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on—...ing<Burnett. No day calendar.
PART III.—Giegerich, J.—All causes on this calendar are deemed ready and will be assigned to the various trial parts for trial as reached. Calendar will be called at 10 A.M.
Sweeney<Kulenkampff Co. Mayer<Mayo. Scannell<White Hod Elevator Co. Blume<Nassau El RR. Berger<Finn (2.) Stern<58th Av Coach. Brady<CNY. Crowley<Degnon Cont Co (2.) Weinman<Burtis. Weissman<McCabe. Radler<Pilzer. Entwistle<US Rubber.
Schatzky<Harber. Galwey<Spindler. Skalka<Dinerstein. Shirk<Griffiths. Solm<Lamchick. Kadushin<MacNirf. Vitriol<Perry & Son. Schertzler<Modra. Solori<Int R T. Halligan<NY Rys.

PART IV.—Clear.
PART V.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART V.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VI.—Adjourned for the term.
PART VII.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
PART IX.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M.
Palamara<NY Rys.
PART X.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART XI.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M.
Pubenstein<Zentgraf.
PART XII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART XIII.—Not in session.
PART XIV.—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M.—Causes on this calendar will be deemed ready and sent to the various trial parts for trial in their order as reached.
Ing—Lamb<Ketchum. Herring<Mail. Ted<Griffin. Steinbach<Kanowitz. Rogers<Frear, (2.)
Irving (3.) Lurie<Schmitt. Re Levy: Re Siegel & Salinger. Kimmich<Werber. SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mullan, J. No day calendar. TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Donnelly, J. Case on—Anton<Mutual, McDermott Dairy. No day calendar. PART II.—Mullan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I. PART III.—Weeks, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schuls, S.—Ex parte business. TRIAL TERM—Schuls, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
Radin<Culver.
TRIAL TERM—Talbot, J.
Ribler<Richter, (2.) Golden<Union Ry. Horowitz<Met Life Ins Friedman<Melzer. O'Rourke<Cohn. Edelstein<Lurie. Blaugraund<Int R T. German<same. Rubenstein<same. Brawlet<Union Ry.
Rosenbaum<Dillman Baking Co.
Luftig<So Blvd RR. Weintraub<NYC I R T Rosen<Blackford. Pollak<Union Ry. Decatsky<same. Malatesta<Moran Tow. Colella<Union Ry. Callahan<Int R T. Isilb<NY Edison Co. Diorio<Union Ry.

KINGS COUNTY.
Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION.—Second Department.—DECISIONS.
J. W. Block, Jr., rspt., v. C. & J. Fross, applts.—Motion for stay granted without costs.
H. L. Bradley et al., rspts., v. Degnon Cont. Co. et al., applts. (Acts. 1 and 2.)—Motion to dismiss appeals denied, without costs.
D. N. Gerard, rspt., v. Cross & Brown Co., applt.—Motion denied.
A. D. Granger Co., rspt., v. Universal Mach. Corp., Ltd., applt., (Act. 2.)—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, without costs.
In judicial settlement of the account of W. E. Montgomery, as trustee, &c., of R. W. Montgomery, deod.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied, without costs.
E. C. Osborn, rspt., v. H. J. M. Cardeza et al., appts.—Motion denied, without prejudice. Motion for removal of receiver denied.
People, respt., v. E. B. Redmond, applt.—Motion granted in accordance with opinion by Mills, J.
M. A. Thompson, applt., v. W. A. Thompson, respt.—Motion denied, without costs.
J. Badalaty, an infant, by N. Badalaty, his guardian ad litem, v. H. Aaron, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.
A. Baessler, applt., v. E. J. and M. R. Schenck, respts.—Order, in so far as appealed from, affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.
T. N. Dayles, applt., v. Overton Electric Co., respt.—Judgment of the County Court of Suffolk County affirmed, with costs.
F. Dell-Fenwick, applt., v. Cypress Hills Cemetery and W. Mills, respts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs.
H. L. Bradley et al., rspts., v. Degnon Cont. Co. et al., applts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
B. T. and R. Cunningham, applts., v. W. G. Sullivan et al., rspts.—Judgment reversed and new trial granted. Costs to abide the event.
B. Dimak, an infant, by A. Dimak, his guardian ad litem, rspt., v. Borden's Condensed Milk Co., applt., (Acts. 1 and 2.)—Judgments and order affirmed, with costs.
J. H. Doud, applt., v. The Huntington Hebrew Congregation of Huntington, N. Y., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
A. Georgi, respt., v. Nassau Electric R. R. Co., appit.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted. Costs to abide the event.
A. C. Hottenroth, respt., v. R. K. Mickey and the Central Aeronautic Co., applts.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted. Costs to abide the event.
Re judicial settlement of the account of L. Johnson, as admx. of F. W. Kruse, dec'd.—Decree of Surrogate's Court of Kings County affirmed, with costs.
Montleth Amusement Corp., applt., v. the Rudolph Wurlitzer Co., respt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.
C. Nosca, applt., v. B. H. R. R. Co., respt.—Judgment and order of the County Court of Kings County reversed and new trial granted.
Q. Mosca, applt., v. B. H. R. R. Co., respt.—Judgment and order of the County Court of Kings County reversed and new trial granted.
F. D. Pagan, respt., v. L. C. Harriott, Jr., indiv., et al., applts.—Order of the County Court of Westchester County affirmed by default, with $10 costs and disbursements.
H. L. Pollitzer, respt., v. W. S. Pollitzer, applt.—Order reversed and defendant's motion in so far as it relates to the judgment of Jan. 2, 1917, granted, without costs.
S. Cantoni, applt., v. J. W. Moore, respt.—Order affirmed, without costs and without prejudice.
M. Gottenher, respt., v. Ulrich Wiesendanger and the Warden of the County Jail of Westchester County, applts.—Order affirmed.
L. St. Cartier, an infant, by C. F. Hinman, his guardian ad litem, respt., v. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted.
H. Uhlein, respt., v. A. J. Lackner, applt.—Judgment and order of the County Court of Queens County affirmed, with costs.
APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Jaycox, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.
Rubin<Krooks. Bonner<Lewis. Nommenson<Nommenson. Daly<Stewart. Zomnir<Zomnir. Kuebler<Conlon. Fishbone<Stevens. Polansky<Polansky. Mutterperl<Indept. Daughters of I Soc. Butterworth<Butterworth. Christen<Christen. Dank<Meyers. Wilkins<Wilkins. Deveral<Deveral. Leon Hirsch, Inc.<Rose Bennett<Orpheus Amusement Co. Schmidt<Peerless Plush Mfg Co. Mauer<Gardens. Re Mfrs & Business Men's Assn of NY. Goldstein<Gurgen. Burkard<Nittel. Re Union St. Barr<Sexton.
Gilhooly<Gilhooly. First Nat Bank<Stutz. Kent<Fraser (4.) Moresco<Moresco. Re Pirundini. Doolittle<Pappas. Hutton<Cons Briarwood Estates. Sullivan<Hart. Klaristenfeld<Klaristenfeld. Brewer<Proudfoot. Maxwell<Scovilla. Waterman<Fort Masonry Co (2.) Schaeffer<Allen. Norton<Spr'gfield L I Cemetery Soc (2.) Price<Earley. People<Wigren. Textile Paper<Corey. Bender<Forrest. NY Mun Ry<B'way Theatre Co. Hann<Selner. Levenson<Marx. Kowarsky<Bernstein. Hausner<Chapin. Re Crump.

PART II.—Kelby, J.—Ex parte business.—At 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Benedict, J.—At 10 A. M.
Decker<Roag. Jones<Eagle Svgs & L Scott<same. Rainsky<Rainsky. Rosenberg<Becker. Pine<Cr<Hoffman. Wallach<same. Zimmerman<Zimmerman. Sackett R<br<Co<Kelly. Levitt<Levitt.
Klein<Klein. Lund<Johnson. Bergen<Bergen. J P Duffy Co<Granato Mounsey<Pape. Hallberg<Bernstein. Aurach<Greenberg. Mahoney<Mahoney. Scher<Sucher. Bendigheimer. Boedigheimer.
Highest number reached on the regular call, 4354.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kelly, J.; Part IV., Clark, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J.; Part VII., Callaghan, J.
Re Isabel Betts, an alleged incompetent. Waldron<Gumby.
Meisler<Segalbaum. O'Brien<CNY et al. Qualey<Pines Rubber.
The balance of the day calendar is marked off.
Highest number reached on regular call, 10,000.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of: William A Conway, Lena Fischer, George G Schmidt, Henry C Kolyer, Georgiana Marcial, Administration of: Matthew Gilligan, Bessie Gilligan, Frank Speisser, Lena Speisser. Accounting of: Michael Coffey et al. Charles H Corbeth, Robert C Henne, Thomas J Carleton, Bridget Quinn. C W Hagerman, Joseph Casserly.
Joseph Eppig, Mary Steuber, Cornelius J Field, Harriet L Corcoran, Anna C Haak, Leander Josephs, Adna B Leonard, George Weisman, Margaret Valeur, Abraham Friedman, August Keamer. Accounting of: Louis Sprocerer. Estates of: Ellen McGauley, Tordith Infants, D M McLoughlin, Frank Aul.

County Court.

PART V.—Hylan, J.—Civil calendar. Century Fireproof Door Co<Stevens Co.

QUEENS COUNTY.
Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Cropsey, J.—At 9:30 A. M.
The case must be "ready" or "off." Cases must be ready for trial when reached.
Naturalization.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.
Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Young, J.—At 10 A. M.
Re Mamie Naughton. Lyon<Nat Surety Co. Ebling Brew Co<Gennaro. Boye<Mihalyfi. Abrahams<Abrahams. Fishbaugh<Brian. Mayer<Wilson. Windsor<Malloy & Murray. Ebbinghaus<Ebbinghaus. Goldfarb<Hynes. Lowerre<Carpenter. Kerr<Kerr. Tymeson<Levian. Fairchild<Smart, (2.)
Highest number reached on call, 448.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Keogh, J.; Part II., Platt, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Sisson<De Carlo. Maxson<Bardeen. Rykszynski<Mackay. Jackson<McGuire. DeCarmine<Munson SS Line. Coleman<Mason & Hanger Co. Wunder<Herzberger. Vogel<City of Yonk. Paolillo<Union Ry. Lawrence Bros<Nelson Whalen<Jones. Washburne<White. McGuigue<Gates. Malloy<Millken. Cooper<Goodman. Drain<Manhat Steam Bakery Co. Fiske<NY, N H & H RR. Fusco<NY, N H & H RR. Flannery<NY Rys. Zebrowski<NY C RR. McKeever<same. Fettite<same. Cummings<Cox. Lathan<City of Yonk.
The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day: County<West St RR. Pfon<West El RR. Flynn<Yonkers RR. Zimmerman<Un Ry. Farley<Yonkers RR Co. (2.) Molinari<City of New Rochelle. Buchanan<Dickson & Turnbull. Peppler<NY C RR Co. Harding<Mowel, (2.) Costello<Wallace. Marshall<Zapherson. Trettel<Ruppert. Monahan<NYCRR Co. Wilburn<Merrill. Carideo<Westch Co Brew Co. (2.) Holsworth<Ebling Brew Co, &c. Swanston<Kendall (2.) Reynolds Garage Co<Silver Motor Co. Cowles<Morse-B Co.
The highest number reached on call, 530.
SPECIAL CALENDAR—Part II.—Platt, J.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 23814.
Notice is given that DAVID KOTLARSKY, ABRAHAM KOTLARSKY, and NATHAN LOVE, individually and copartners, doing business under the firm name and style of METROPOLITAN SKIRT & DRESS CO., bankrupts, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, August 1st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACCRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—24421.
Notice is given that JEROME G. HAUSER, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, August 1st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—24482.
Notice is given that BENJAMIN STORY, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, August 1st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—24532.
Notice is given that HARRY BLANK, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, August 1st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24520.
Notice is given that FRANK R. KNIGHT, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, August 1st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24127.
Notice is given that EMILE FAUCHE, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, August 1st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24475.
Notice is given that ABE MELTZER, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, August 1st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of EGAN & LEAKE, INC., Bankrupt.—No. 23,835.
To the creditors of the above named bankrupt: Notice is hereby given that certain of the personal property belonging to the estate of the above named bankrupt will be sold at public auction, under the direction of Peter B. Olney, Jr., Esq., Trustee, by Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer, on the 26th day of June, 1917, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at No. 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
A general description of the property to be sold is as follows: Office fixtures, desk, safe, cabinet, caskets, coffins, candelabra, draperies, trimmings, tools, and other paraphernalia used in connection with an undertaking establishment.
Said property will be open for inspection at the above premises on June 27th, 1917, between the hours of 12 A. M. and 3 P. M. The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw from the sale any of the above property that does not bring at least 75 per cent. of the appraised value.
Dated, New York, June 9th, 1917.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.
HENRY B. SINGER, Attorney for Trustee, 55 Liberty Street, New York City.

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Under new management, NOW OPEN. Cottage for rent; golf, dancing, boating, fishing. John McGoldrick, Manager, formerly Hotel Gotham management.

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Select family hotel, beautifully and centrally located; all amusements and modern improvements; superior cuisine. Under management of LEON DESPLAND, Winter Resort, Daytona, Fla.

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Now open. New cuisine, golf.
Adirondack Hotel, Cottages and Camps. Golf, Boating, Automobiling. Paul Smiths Hotel, N.
Naturalization.

ZONE LAW PRACTICE DEFINED BY COURT

Board of Standards and Appeals Cannot Take Initiative in Granting Permits.

MANY CASES POSTPONED

Word "Block" Means the Part of a "Square Block" Facing a Street and Between Two Streets.

Many cases before the Board of Standards and Appeals on appeal have been postponed through a decision given by Supreme Court Justice Benedict, holding that the board had no right to grant permission for the erection of a riding academy and stable at Washington Avenue and Malbone Street, Brooklyn. Rudolph P. Miller, Chairman of the Board of Standards and Appeals, in a statement published yesterday in the board's official bulletin, says:

"This opinion of Justice Benedict reversing the action of the Board of Appeals in granting permission to erect a riding academy and stable on the east side of Franklin and Washington Avenues, (where they converge,) extending from Malbone Street to Sterling Street, Brooklyn, decides several points of importance in the handling of appeals under the building zone law, of which the following are of immediate interest:

"In order that it may be entertained, an appeal under the building zone resolution must be brought before the Board of Appeals in the same manner as any other appeal, that is, an appeal from a decision or determination of the Fire Commissioner, or of a Superintendent of Buildings.

"It is pointed out that under Chapter 503, Laws of 1916, each Superintendent of Buildings has exclusive jurisdiction within his borough to require that the construction and alteration of all buildings shall conform to such provisions of law or ordinance, including the building zone resolution, as may be applicable.

Hereafter, therefore, when an exception, under the building zone resolution, is desired, an application to construct or alter, or for a change of occupancy, must first be submitted to the Superintendent of Buildings and, in case his decision is adverse, an appeal may be taken to the Board of Appeals.

"A second point of interest is the definition of the word 'block' as used in the building zone resolution. The Court sustains the interpretation given by the Board of Appeals, namely, that a 'block' is that portion of any so-called 'square block,' (the territory bounded and inclosed by three or more streets,) 'fronting on a street between two intersecting streets.'

"The question as to whether a building is located on a certain block is determined by the court when it holds that the building 'is not to be deemed in any particular portion or block' within the meaning of subdivision e, (building zone resolution,) unless there be a public entrance thereto within such 'portion or block.' It could, it would seem, be held conversely that if a building has a public entrance on any street, it must be considered as located on a block of that street and must, therefore, be affected by any provisions or limitations placed on that block by law or ordinance."

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THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Negotiations have been completed and contracts will be signed in a few days for the leasing of the old Arion Society clubhouse, Park Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, by the Anderson Galleries.

The property, which consists of a handsome four-story structure fronting 125.6 feet on Park Avenue and 90 feet on Fifty-ninth Street, is owned by George Ehret. A sale of the furnishings of the building on Tuesday ended the society's tenancy of the structure. For several years the upkeep of this expensive corner had been a problem and a burden to the society, and last January George Ehret, the mortgagee, bought the realty for $600,000.

The Anderson Galleries began negotiations for the property several months ago, but it was found that under the new zoning law the property was restricted and could not be used for business purposes.

The matter was carried before the Board of Appeals and an amendment has been made to the use map placing that portion of Park Avenue frontage extending from a point 100 feet north of Fifty-eighth Street to a point 100 feet south of Sixtieth Street in the business district.

It is understood that the lease is for twenty-one years with renewals. Mitchell Kennerley of the Anderson Galleries said yesterday that the leases would probably be signed tomorrow. About two months ago the Anderson Galleries sold its property at Fortieth Street and Madison Avenue.

Pennsylvania Railroad Increases Its West Side Holdings.

For the purpose of increasing its freight and terminal facilities the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has acquired from Swift & Co. the property on the southeast corner of Twelfth Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street, 100 by 98.9, together with a frontage of 100 feet on the south side of the same block, including 618 to 630.

The railroad company recently acquired intervening properties at 638 to 658, which gives it control of the southerly side of Thirty-ninth Street within 225 feet west of Eleventh Avenue, where are located the coal pockets of Burns Company and the plant of the New York Butchers' Dressed Meat Company. A month ago Swift & Co. leased a plot about 100 by 100 at the northeast corner of Tenth Avenue and Fourteenth Street from Viscount William Waldorf Astor as a site for a large fireproof building.

A month ago Armour & Co. purchased from the Chanler estate the block bounded by Fourteenth and Fifteenth Streets, Tenth Avenue and Marginal Street, as a site for a food distributing station.

Resale in Old Dry Goods Zone.

A quick resale at a substantial profit in the old dry goods zone was reported yesterday by the Norlin Realty Company, Richard S. Elliott, President, which sold to an investor 64 and 66 White Street.

The property, which consists of a five-story building, on a plot 46 by 100 feet, just west of Broadway, was recently acquired by the sellers in a trade for the Standish and Pusella apartments on West Tenth Street. E. H. Ludlow & Co. negotiated the sale, the buyer paying all cash.

Buyers for Private Dwellings.

The Duross Company sold for Kathryn Barry, 114 West Ninety-fourth Street, between Columbus and Amsterdam Avenues, a three-story and basement dwelling on lot 16 by 100 to an investor.

A client of Weekes Brothers, attorneys, sold to Fisher and Irving I. Lewine 40 West Sixty-first Street, a four-story and basement dwelling on a lot 18 by 100.

Bronx Sales.

A. D. Phelps & Damiane sold for the Terrace Construction Co. a plot of lots 100 by 100, on the east side of Ryer Avenue, 110 feet south of 184th Street, to Handy Brothers, who are the owners of the adjoining 50 feet. They now control a plot 150 by 100, which will be improved with a five-story apartment. The same brokers also sold for Handy Brothers a three-story and basement brick private dwelling, 30 East Kingsbridge Road, 16 by 80, to Mrs. Mary E. Champoll.

Brooklyn.

Walter S. Ross and C. C. Gretsinger have sold for Thomas Williams a two-story family brick house on the north side of Sixty-eighth Street, east of Sixth Avenue, to a client for occupancy.

Queens Borough Sales.

J. R. Sprague, as referee, sold to J. W. Carll a plot 100 by 100 feet on the south side of Cornaga Road, adjacent to the property of W. G. Bull, at Far Rockaway, who, in turn, conveyed the property to M. Willett of Brooklyn.

A. E. Bruch sold to A. H. Gold a plot 100 by 150 feet on the northeast corner of Fifteenth Avenue and Cryders Lane, Whitestone, for $8,500.

C. E. Cook sold to J. J. Deery a plot 49 by 200 feet on the west side of Vernon Avenue, 290 feet north of Webster Avenue, Long Island City. The property has a frontage on the East River.

New Jersey.

Robert B. Stoutenburgh sold for James R. Westervelt the two-family dwelling located at 188 North Eleventh Street, Newark. The property was held at $6,500. The purchaser was Warren M. Norton.

$40,000 Sale at Ossining.

Nichols & Hobbie sold for the heirs of Rebecca Jacobus their estate at Ossining to George E. Roberts of the National City Bank. This property is on the easterly side of Broadway, between Ossining and Scarborough, and adjoins the country home of James Speyer. It comprises twelve acres of land, with a large dwelling, garage, and other outbuildings, and was held at $40,000.

Commercial Leases.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. leased for Carstein & Linnekin, Inc., agents, the four-story dwelling at 7 West Forty-seventh Street to the Howard Studios, now at 4 East Forty-fourth Street.

The Meister Builders, Inc. leased to the Hudson Motor Car Company through M. C. O'Brien, the automobile salesroom, 40 by 100, northeast corner of Bedford Avenue and Prospect Place, Brooklyn, for a term of years at an aggregate rental of $45,000.

The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company and the Cross & Brown Company leased the store and basement in 245 to 249 West Fifty-fifth Street, between Broadway and Eighth Avenue, for the Aeon Realty Company, Sumner Gerard, President, to the Michelin Tire Company for a salesroom and service station.

Realty Notes.

Peter Zucker, as attorney, placed for Frank J. Godsol a loan of $150,000 for five years at 6 per cent. with the Shubert interests in their Morosco and Bijou Theatres on Forty-fifth Street west of Broadway.

Thomas Healy, who recently acquired the Astor Market property at Broadway and Ninety-fifth Street, is about to convert the building into a restaurant at a cost of $50,000 from plans by William H. Gompert.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Henry Brady.

23d St, 254 West, s s, 200 ft e of 8th Av, 25x98.9, three-story tenement and store; Lawyers Title and Trust Co. against T. J. Kenney et al.; Dean, T. & M., attorneys; due, $8,631.53; taxes, &c., $318.15; to George A. Parker, a party in interest, for $19,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

Pleasant Av, 389, w s, 84.10 ft s of 121st St, 16x75.5, three-story house; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against A. J. Larkin et al.; Action 1; R. & E. J. O'Gorman, attorneys; due, $4,400.96; taxes, &c., $278; to the plaintiff for $4,500.

Pleasant Av, 393, w s, 52.10 ft s of 121st St, 16x75.5, three-story house; same against same; Action 3; due, $4,400.57; taxes, &c., $278; to the plaintiff for $4,500.

Vandewater St, 43-51, n s, 204.10 ft w of Pearl St, through to 17-27 Rose St, 133.1x about 193.5x91.11x irregular, eight and nine story Munro Building; N. Y. Trust Co. against T. E. Greacen et al.; Zabriskie, M. S. & K., attorneys; due, $452,269.87; taxes, &c., $20,000; withdrawn.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

118th St, 37 West, n s, 335 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x100.11, five-story flat; M. M. Lyon Winter and another against Mack Realty Corp. et al.; Cary & C., attorneys; due, $21,424.52; taxes, &c., $852.15; to the plaintiff for $16,000.

By Samuel Marx.

Cherry St, 336, n s, 163.5 ft s of Montgomery St, 24.11x98.4, five-story tenement and stores; J. A. Geissenheimer and another, trustees, against O. R. Epstein et al.; Norwood & V., attorneys; due, $17,342; taxes, &c., $581.40; to the plaintiff for $15,000.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

Crotona Av, n w corner of 170th St, 40.4x 116.1x irregular, five-story flat; East River Savings Institution against G G. Hyde et al.; O. F. Hibbard, attorney, due, $36,366.77; taxes, &c., $581.40; to Henry Coster for $35,750.

By James J. Donovan.

Tiebout Av, s e corner of 183d St, 100x20, vacant; City of New York against J. F. Cohen and another; Lamar Hardy, attorney, due, $1,737.43; taxes, &c., $262.24; to the plaintiff for $1,500.

Interior plot, 50x100, 590 ft e of e s of White Plains Road and 1,295 ft n of Morris Park Av; Harold Swain, as guardian, against Rex Estates et al.; B. G. Bain, attorney; due, $2,303.37; taxes, &c., $540; to J. L. Burr for $100.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Essex St., 66 and 68, for a six-story tenement and store, 50x87; Martha Building Corporation, Far Rockaway, L. I., owner; C. B. Meyers, 1 Union Square, architect; cost, $50,000.

11th Av, s w corner of 40th St, for a seven-story cold storage, 98.9x125; N. Y. Butchers' Dressed Meat Co., 401 11th Av, owner; Mortensen & Co., 405 Lexington Av, architects; cost, $250,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

9th St, 19 East, to a four-story factory; I. Wells Woolworth Building, owner; John B. Snook's Sons, 261 Broadway, architects; cost, $10,000.

79TH ST, 67 to 71 East, to a five-story dwelling; G. L. Rives, premises, owner; John B. Snook's Sons, 261 Broadway, architects; cost, $5,000.

111th St, 132 and 134 East, to a four-story school; Uptown Talmud Torah Association, premises, owner; W. L. Rouse and L. A. Goldstone, 38 West 32d St, architects; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

ALLEN ST, 137 and 139, w s, 60 ft s of Rivington St, 40x70; Joseph and Hannah Corn to Cornucopia Realty Co., 121 West 27th St, all liens, June 18; attorney, J. A. Burlingame.

ALLEN ST, 141, w s, 20 ft s of Rivington St, 20x70; Joseph and Hannah Corn to Cornucopia Realty Co., 121 West 27th St, all liens, June 18; attorney, J. A. Burlingame.

AUDUBON AV, n w corner of 170th St, 100x100; The Farnon House-Delta Holding Corp. to Mary S. Shepard, 98 Montague St, Brooklyn, mtg $127,500; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

AMSTERDAM AV, n e corner of 118th St, 74.10x100; Samuel Borchardt to Gene Realty Corporation, 2,596 Broadway, mtg $115,000 April 28; attorney, Peter Zucker, 45 Broadway.....$100

AMSTERDAM AV, s e corner of 118th St, 430 West, 100.11x100; Samuel Borchardt to Gene Realty Corporation, 2,596 Broadway, mtg $160,000, all liens, April 28; attorney, Peter Zucker, 45 Broadway.....$100

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 25.5 ft s of 90th St, 25x100; Adolph Wisilizenna, Cebu, Philippine Island, to Sarah I. Crane, 482 4th Av, July 11, 1910; attorney, Hamlin & Conklin, 50 Wall St.....$1

AMSTERDAM AV, 112, w s, 25 ft s of 65th St, 25x75; Samuel Parsont to Bessie Parsont, 400 West 151st St, mtg $13,000, May 9.....$1

BROADWAY, s w corner of 97th St, 100.11x irregular; Samuel Borchardt to Wilmington Realty Corporation, 2,596 Broadway, mtg $215,000, April 28; attorney, Peter Zucker, 45 Broadway.....$100

BROOME ST, 554, n s, 125 ft e of Varick St, 25x84.4; Raymond M. Van Doren to Kingbert Holding Co., 150 Broadway, mtg $17,000, Aug. 1915; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.$100

ELIZABETH ST, 201 and 263, w s, 150 ft s of Houston St, 24.4x37.3x23.10x86.10, foreclosure June 20, 1917; Max J. Bernheim, referee, to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., executors, &c., 22 William St, June 25; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place.....$22,500

ELIZABETH ST, 259, w s, 183 ft s of Houston St, 24x87x23.10x87.3, foreclosure June 20, 1917; Max J. Bernheim, referee, to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., executor, &c., 22 William St; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place.....$22,500

FRANKLIN ST, 75, e s, 219.1 ft w of Broadway, 15.8x75.8x20.1x76.4; Denison B. Chesebro to Chesebro-Davidson Realty Co., mtg $45,000, Jan. 21, 1905; attorney, Herbert Goldmark, 60 Wall St.....$100

GRAND ST, 173 to 175, s e corner of Baxter St, 50x73; Louis Eisenberg to E. A. & G. S. Holding Co., 170 Broadway, all liens, June 18; attorney, Samuel Wacht, Jr., 170 Broadway.....$1

GRAND ST, 177, s e, 49.11 ft e of Baxter St, 58x73.2x50.9x72.11; same to same, all liens, June 18; attorney, same.....$1

PINEHURST AV, s e corner of 180th St, (804 West), 100.2x100; Bernhard Mayer to Delta Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, mtg $148,000, all liens, June 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Delta Holding Corp. to Mary S. Shepard, 98 Montague St., Brooklyn, mtg $148,000; attorney, same.....$100

TERRACE VIEW, n s, 429.10 ft on curve w of Kingsbridge Av, 40x70x46.10x70; Augustus S. Frazee to Margaret J. Springsteen, 467 Chauncey St., Brooklyn, mtg $4,000, all liens, June 26; attorney, H. H. Walker, 156 Broadway.....$1

SPRING ST, 150, s s, 60 ft e of West Broadway, 30x80; Frank T. Faulkner to Benjamin C. Faulkner, 914 St. Mark's Av, Brooklyn, et al., ¼ part, b. and s., o. a. g., May 1; attorneys, Thompson, K. & W., 256 Broadway.....$100

WEST END AV, n e corner of 101st St, 100.11x100; Samuel Borchardt to Wilmington Realty Corporation, 2,596 Broadway, mtg $177,500, April 28; attorney, Peter Zucker, 45 Broadway.....$100

1ST AV, 297, n w corner of 17th St, 23x80; Kate Blenk to Elemco Realty Co., 59 Liberty St, b. and s., June 25; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St.....$100

2D ST, n s, 140.5 ft w of Avenue A, 40.5x 100; Joseph and Hannah Corn to Cornucopia Realty Co., 121 West 27th St, all liens, June 18; attorney, Joseph A. Seidman, 61 Park Row.....$1

3D AV, n w corner of 9[illegible]th St, 25.8x100; 171 Building Co. to Michael Kaufman, 68 East 106th St, mtg $26,000, all liens, June 18..$1

5TH AV, s w corner of 138th St, 99.11x120; Hannah Corn to Cornucopia Realty Co., 121 West 27th St, all title, all liens, June 18; attorney, Joseph A. Seidman, 61 Park Row.....$1

7TH AV, n e corner of 141st St, 39.11x100; Fred Horling to Barbara Studer, 275 West 143th St, mtg $25,000, all liens, 25; attorney, Herbert Cranmer, 271 Broadway.....$100

7TH AV, n e corner of 141st St, 39.11x100; Barbara Stader to Herbert and Gertrude Cracauer, near Demarest, Englewood, N. J., mtg $70,000, June 25; address, 271 Broadway.....$100

8TH AV, s w corner of 147th St, 50x85; Louis Eisenberg to E. A. & G. S. Holding Co., 170 Broadway, all liens, June 18; attorney, Samuel Wacht, Jr., 170 Broadway.....$1

34TH ST, 264 and 266 West, s s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, 44.6x98.9; 266 West 34th Street Co. to Elizabeth K. Dooling, 170 East 80th St, mtg $165,000, June 28; attorney, John T. Dooling, 80 Maiden Lane.....$100

35TH ST, 133 East, n s, 40 ft w of Lexington Av, 20x74; Delta Holding Corporation to Mary S. Shepard, 98 Montague St., Brooklyn, mtg $23,500, June 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

52D ST, s s, 320 ft e of 9th Av, 20x100.5; Columbia Trust Co. to Minnie K. Young, 46 West 52d St. (?) Brooklyn, mtg $30,000, June 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$42,500

54TH ST, 336 East, s s, 250 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.5; I. Frank Stone to Service Realty Co., 55 Liberty St, June 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

55TH ST, s s, 254.2 ft w of 9th Av, 20.10x 75.10x21x78.6; Catherine R. Devlin to Delia Wallace, 431 West 54th St, mtg $10,000, Jan. 22; attorney, H. G. Friedman, 37 Liberty St.....$1

61ST ST, 40 West, s s, 70.6 ft e of Columbus Av, 18.0x100.5; Henry G. Trevor to Merit Realty Corporation, 135 Broadway, mtg $16,000, b. and s., June 27; attorneys, Eisman, L., C. & L., 135 Broadway.....$1

93D ST, 318 East, s s, 275 ft e of Av A, 25x100.8; Barbara Bauer to Barwil Realty Corporation, 74 Broadway, mtg $10,000, June 26; attorney, Morris Berkowitz, 174 Broadway.....$100

93D ST, n s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.8; Karl Bauer to Barwil Realty Corporation, 74 Broadway, mtg $13,500, all liens, June 26; attorney, Morris Berkowitz, 74 Broadway.....$100

97TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Broadway, 41.9x 100.11; Samuel Borchardt to Wilmington Realty Corporation, 2,596 Broadway, mtg $110,000, April 28; attorney, Peter Zucker, 45 Broadway.....$100

118TH ST, 26 East, s s, 33 ft w of Madison Av, 27x100.11; Van De Veer Estates to William D. Baldwin, 14 West 68th St., mtg $20,000, June 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

139TH ST, n s, 331.6 ft e of 8th Av, 18.2x 99.11; Edward T. Willner to Quiller Morgan Co., 793 Broadway, mtg $8,250, all liens, June 22; attorney, Brison Howie, 128 Broadway.....$1

148TH ST, 412 to 420 West, s s, 75 ft e of Convent Av, 100x99.1; Delta Holding Corp. to Mary S. Shepard, 98 Montague St, Brooklyn, mtg $127,500, June 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

188TH ST, s s, 258.4 ft e of 11th Av, 16.8x 94.10; Richard Webber, Jr., to Julie E. Webber, New Rochelle, N. Y., mtg $5,000, March 19; address, 2,191 3d Av.....Gift

LEXINGTON AV, 451-455, s e corner of 45th St, 70x18.9, June 19; Emily A., Rutgers I., and Herwick C. Hurry, executors, to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, due June 22, 1920; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. & T., 40 Wall St.....$3,000

LEXINGTON AV, e s, 41.11 ft n of 44th St, 19.6x75, June 19; Emily A., Rutgers I., and Renwick C. Hurry, executors, to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, due June 26, 1922, 4½ %; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. & T., 40 Wall St., and Morocco Theatres.$1,500

10TH ST, s w s, 181.4 ft s e of 3d Av, 48.2x 22x irregular, leasehold, June 23; Andrew Byrne to Benjamin Patterson, 7 West 92d St, New York. 6 p. c.; address, 302 Broadway.....$1,120

45TH ST, 211-225 West, n s, 475 ft e of 8th Av, 160x110.5, all title, leasehold, with fixtures in Bijou and Morocco Theatres, June 21; The 45th Street Theatre Construction Co. to Frank T. Godsol, (Goldsoll,) Hotel Vanderbilt, 34th St and Park Av, due June 26, 1922, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$150,000

48TH ST, 121 and 125 West, n s, 250 ft w of 6th Av, runs n 100.5 x w 50 x s 45.6 x n w -- x s 54.9 to street x e 54.8 to beginning; all title, leasehold, building loan, June 13; Edw. F. Rush to Calma Realty Co., 15 West 45th St, due July 15, 1923, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Otterbourg, S. & F., 200 6th Av.....$30,000

54TH ST, n s, 250 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.5, June 26; Service Realty Co. to William H. Langley, 77 Worth St, and another, trustees under will of William C. Langley, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$6,600

78TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 21x102.2, 1-9 part, June 19; Eugene M. Wagner to Walter M. Wagner, 318 Lenox Av, 3 years, prior mtg $1,000 on 1-9 part; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St.....$1,650

Bronx.

AVENUE D, e s, 50 ft s of 2d St, Union-port, 50x100; Harry Conrad to Dina Conrad, 317 Olmstead, 2d-H, (as far as [illegible]

attorneys, A. & C. H. Bailey, 2,060 Westchester Av.....$800

BELMONT AV, n e corner of 179th St, 87.11x 100x30.1x8x41x89.2; Delta Holding Corporation to Ryno Realty Co., Inc., 239 Broadway, June 25, due Dec. 25, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$6,000

CITY ISLAND AV, s e corner of Marine St, 100x200 to Horton st; Stephen D. Horton to William D. Bryan, Hollis, L. I., et al., trustees, June 27, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

ECHO PLACE, s s, 42 ft e of Anthony Av, 81.9x100; William H. Schmid et al. to Frederick A. Wendel, East Orleans, Mass., May 23, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Ezekiel Fixman, 55 Liberty St.....$3,000

KELLY ST, 960, e s, 38x100; Winnie Realty and Construction Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St., June 26, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$25,750

KELLY ST, 904, e s, 38x100; Winnie Realty and Construction Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St., June 26, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$25,750

MORRIS AV, s e s, 200 ft n e of 182d St, 25x133x25x183.1; Mauro Yarusso to Robert C. Winters, 201 Christie St, prior mtg $4,800, June 27, due as per bond; attorney, D. L. Woodall, Jr., 4,200 Park Av.....$1,000

OLMSTEAD AV, n side, building line of Lots 173 and 174, map of Unionport, 105x108.1; Maggie Saltmann to William Reed, 1,966 University Av, June 18, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 West-chester Av.....$1,000

TELLER AV, w s, 383.11 ft n of 169th St, 25x100; Frank A. Dearborn to Johanna Metzger, 17 East 130th St, prior mtg $7,500, June 26, due as per bond; attorney, Charles Metzger, 17 East 130th St.....$750

SHAKESPEARE AV, n w s, at e s of Boscobel Av, 194.8 on avenue x irregular; Filrose Construction Co., Inc., to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, June 26, due as per bond; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.,

.....$95,000

VAN NEST AV, n w corner of Wallace Av, 45x95; Van Wallace Realty Corporation to Grand Squires, 280 West 76th St, — 25, 1917, due as per bond; attorney, Grant Squires, 299 Madison Av.....$2,000

VAN NEST AV, n e corner of Wallace Av, 45x95; same to same, — 25, 1917, due as per bond; attorney, same.....$2,000

172D ST, s s, 50 ft e of Park Av, 100x100; Wolf Bread Co. to Sam Miskoff, 891 Fox St, prior mtg $19,500, June 25, due as per bond; attorney, Sam Miskoff, 1,312 Clinton St.....$7,000

217TH ST, s s, 378.6 ft s of White Plains Road, 52.1x114.3; Laconian Realty Corporation, 391 East 149th St, June 25, due July 1, 1917, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BRIDGE ST, 12; Whitehall St, 22. Room A in basement Maritime Building and all basement in Nos. 12 and 22; Chesebrough Building Co. to E. W. Farnham, 416 West 122d St, 5 years and 2 months from Aug. 1, 1917.

45TH ST, n s, 148.11 ft w of Broadway, 60x 100.5; Bijou Theatre, all except room in basement; 45th Street Theatre Construction Co. to the Jobi Amusement Co., 10 years from Aug. 1, 1917; attorney, William Klein, 120 Broadway.....$35,000

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

36TH ST, 58 to 70 West; Abraham Prusilin against Estate of John Goodwin, owner; Alfred M. Wooley, contractor.....$106

123D ST, 11 West; White Hoist and Machine Co., Inc., against 18 and 15 West 123d St. Co., owner; Bunt & Son, contractors.$494

153D ST, 306 West; Greenpoint Metal Covered Door Co. against Bradhurst Holding Co., Inc., owner and contractor.....$117

170TH ST, 502 and 504 West; James L. Sampsell against Lewis Alexander and Hy. Rottman, owners; Yuster & Reich, contractor $13

Bronx.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, e s, 75 ft n of 167th St, 308.5x104.8; Joseph Selaca against Dulcet Holding Corp., owners; Hyman Edelstein and Abram Avrutine, contractors $2,455

183ST ST, n w corner of Val., 62.8x185; Harris Flooring Co. against Ensign Improvement Co., owners and contractors.$197

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, n w corner of 170th St; Julius Kramer against Philip Meyrowitz et al., March 13, 1917.....$35

HUDSON ST, corner of Vandam St; William R. Young, Jr., Inc., against Albert E. Kleinert Co. et al., June 5, 1917, by deposit $300

Bronx.

WEBSTER AV, 1,522; Harry Wolfson against Alfred Frankenthaler et al., May 4, 1917.$98

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

Bronx.

BOSCOBEL AV, n w corner of Shakespeare Av, 22.2x174.7x irregular; City Mortgage Co. loans Filrose Construction Co. to erect one five-story apartment, with stores, 13 payments $95,000

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

BETHUNE ST, n s, 82.8 ft e of Washington St, 44.10x89; Edward R. Hedden against Rosa C. del P. Hedden et al.; partition; attorneys, Olcott, Mestre & Gonzalez.

5TH ST, 530 East; Theresa R. Spear against Anton Fergen et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Steiner & Petersen.

6TH ST, 788; Charles P. Buckley et al. against Michael Kramer et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. W. Buckley.

127TH ST, 138 West; Anna M. Stuart, administratrix, against Edward Nicholson et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, G. Card.

Bronx.

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 75 ft n of 181st St, 75x145; Teachers' Building and Loan Association, Inc., against Hopkins G. Barrett Co., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Wendel, Elliott & Robeson.

WILLIS AV, e s, 20 ft s of 134th St, 75x40; Julius P. Fairchild et al. as receivers, against Willis Avenue Realty Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cullen & Dykman.

134TH ST, s s, e corner of Willis Av, 25x40; Julius P. Fairchild et al. as receivers against Willis Avenue Realty Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cullen & Dykman.

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Jos. P. Day.

31 Nassau St., N. Y. 'Phone 744 Cort.

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Dwelling at a Bargain

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"SONNY BILL MANOR"

THE BEAUTIFUL FORMER ESTATE OF THE LATE CELEBRATED PLAYWRIGHT, CHARLES KLEIN, OPPOSITE THE COUNTRY PLACE OF JAMES A. FARRELL, PRES. U. S. STEEL CO., at ROWAYTON, CONN.

"SONNY BILL MANOR" consists of a 14 room modern residence with 3 baths, fully furnished, and almost 7 acres of land beautifully landscaped and situated on high ground overlooking the Long Island Sound. Tennis court, lawn, flower gardens, driveways, vegetable garden, garage for 3 cars, chauffeur's house of 5 rooms and bath. Complete in every respect. Entire furnishings included in sale. Close proximity to Tokeneke, Roton Point, Darien, Stamford and Yacht and Golf Clubs. OPEN FOR INSPECTION. Motor from New York along Boston Road to Darien, then take road to right along car tracks to Rowayton and inspect "SONNY BILL MANOR," which was built and planned by the late CHARLES KLEIN.

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For Cash Above Present Mortgage, No Trade

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BRYAN L. KENNELLY, 156 Broadway, N. Y. City.

AUCTION SALE

Saturday, June 30th, at 4:30 P. M., on the premises, Broadway, Pleasantville, 1 mile from station, 10 minutes' walk, 12 large rooms, in excellent condition; almost one acre; large lawns, shade and fruit trees. An exceptional property for one wishing large grounds for gardens and chickens. Terms and inspection by appointment.

GRIFFEN, PRINCE & RIPLEY, 18 EAST 41ST ST., N. Y. CITY, OR PLEASANTVILLE, N. Y.

BIGGEST REAL ESTATE OFFICE IN THE WORLD

Headquarters for Westchester and Long Island Real Estate.

ROBERT E. FARLEY ORGANIZATION

Country Life Exposition. Grand Central Terminal.

(Take Special Elevator on Suburban Ramp).

SCARSDALE

Thirty-eight minutes out; new house, nine rooms, three baths; nestled among the trees, overlooking New York City's parkway; plot, 75x150; seven minutes' walk from station and golf club; can be bought for less than actual cost to-day, $17,000; terms like rent.

Griffen, Prince & Ripley, Inc., 18 East 41st Street, N. Y. C.

OVERLOOKING THE HUDSON

Half hour from Grand Central Station, in finest section of Westchester County, two new residence houses. One, 7 rooms 1 bath. One, 10 rooms 3 baths and garage. Sleeping porches, open fireplaces, parquet floors and every known improvement.

J. Farley 589 8th Ave. Phone 2698 Watkins.

SPECIALISTS IN

WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES.

INSURANCE—MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

Tuttle & Marvin 527 5th Av.

MOVE TO MT. VERNON NOW.

28 minutes from Grand Central Station. Excellent living conditions. Summer and Winter. Modern homes in finest restricted section, 8 to 15 rooms, $70 to $200 per month. Immediate possession or October 1. Best references required.

Anderson Realty Co. Near New Haven St., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

BARGAIN—MUST SACRIFICE

Elegant 8-room house in restricted colony; every improvement already installed, including sewer and gas. 30 minutes from Grand Central on Harlem Division N. Y. Central. High elevation; no mosquitoes. Might rent with purchase option. A. REHNER, Tribune Bldg. Phone 4590 Beekman.

AT WHITE PLAINS

Great bargain; 80-acre farm; splendid old-fashioned farmhouse, outbuildings; apple orchard; high elevation; magnificent views; near country clubs; station 1½ miles; estate must be settled.

FOX REALTY COMPANY

51 EAST 42D ST. N. Y.

Country Homes, Farms, Estates.

White Plains, Scarsdale, Pleasantville, Katonah, Bedford, Mt. Kisco residences. FURNISHED & UNFURNISHED RENTALS.

Clark, Lee, Tibbits Co. Phone 1616 White Plains, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THIS PROPERTY, PORT WASHINGTON, L. I.

Seven minutes' walk to station, 4 minutes from beach and Manhattan Yacht Club. 10 large, cool rooms, 2 baths, 4 toilets. All comforts. Magnificent view. Completely furnished. $900.00 to Oct. 1st. Here your family will have bathing, sailing, etc. You can be up town easily. Go direct to 76 MURRAY AVENUE, cor. Mitchell Place, Port Washington Heights. Inspect any time. Take electric train at Penn. Terminal. (Phone 375 W.)

NEPONSIT

Safe Private Beach. Every city convenience with all the charm of the seashore. Year-round homes. Wisely restricted; no undesirable element—and

Right on the

REAL ESTATE.

RULAND & WHITING CO.
REAL ESTATE.
9 BEEKMAN ST. Tel. Cortland 1122.
716 MADISON AV. Tel. Plaza 4951.

"ALONG THE SOUND."
For Sale or Rent,
Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

LOTON H. SLAWSON COMPANY.
REAL ESTATE.
171 MADISON AVENUE.

"A MOVE TO LONG ISLAND
IS A WISE MOVE."

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Complete Apartment House Guide of Fifth and Park Avenue Apartments Sent on Request.
DOUGLAS L. ELLIMAN & CO.
414 Madison Avenue, at 48th St.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

Attention! Builders, Brokers.—I have choice lots, West Bronx, two blocks from rapid transit, will sell at price that will more than offset present price of material. H. U. Singhi, Fordham Road and Jerome Av.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—Fine large house, near subway, all improvements; nice lots on corner; all kinds fruit trees; large stable and garage, with electric lights and steam heat; 70% can remain mortgage; brokers protected. Morche, Corner 39th Av. and 51st St., Brooklyn.

Easy housekeeping homes on Crown St., between Bedford and Rogers Avs.; both sides of street built up; two stories, 7 rooms and bath; driveway in rear. Realty Associates, 162 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

MANHATTAN BEACH lots, swept by ocean breezes, with all improvements in and paid for, can be bought now at $850 each; this is a war-time price. Joseph P. Day, sales agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

ATTRACTIVE Summer and ALL-YEAR HOMES now ready for inspection at HOWARD BEACH ESTATES, the seaside country home community within the city; 30 minutes from Broadway; all improvements; restricted; water frontage; bathing, boating, fishing; investigate before buying elsewhere. Office, 51 Chambers St. Phone Worth 3556.

MERRICK ROAD, (Pulse of Jamaica.)—Lots half price; monthly payments; an opportunity never offered before; send for free tickets and map. Liederman, 280 Broadway.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

$500 and your present monthly rental will buy your home at Mahwah, N. J. and Larchmont, N. Y.
50 W. 32d St. Phone 9860 Madison.

RIVER VIEW MANOR.—Established community of homes, every city convenience, high elevation, no malaria, no mosquitoes; well designed and constructed houses; $7,000 and up. Hastings Homes Co., 41 Park Row.

For sale or rent, houses, farms, acreage. See H. E. Dickenson, Real Estate, Depot Plaza Bldg., P. O. Box 396, White Plains, N. Y. Phone 588.

Just completed, seven-room stucco house, corner. Phone 658 Larchmont.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Five-room seashore bungalow, all large rooms, steam heat, water, gas, electricity, &c.; fireplace, beamed ceilings, and panelled walls, modern kitchen and bath, decorated to suit, half block from bathing beach; plenty of fishing and boating; lawn, flowers, hedges, &c.; near trolley and station to New York City; bargain in price and terms to right, quick buyer. Write for further details. Shore Bungalow, Box 280 Times Downtown.

OLD HOMESTEAD, with 3 acres of fine, cleared farm land; beautiful shade trees, apple and peach orchard, &c.; barn, chicken house, and outbuildings; on main road in good-sized town; stores, schools, churches; commuting distance to New York City; will sell cheap and on easy terms to a reliable family wanting such a place. Write for further information, Hocker, Box 284 Times Downtown.

Must sell immediately; 9-room and 3-bath Hy-tex brick house; 33 minutes out; North Shore; beautiful situation; close to Hempstead Harbor; shorefront privileges; fireproof garage for 2 cars in basement; inclosed porch; sunken garden with a slide; will consider offer. Apply Mrs. Viola Jones, 500 West 23nd Av.

If you are looking for an old house needing a few repairs, with a half acre of good land for cultivation of vegetables and chickens, near water and station, complete for $1,625, or for $75 down and $10 monthly, answer at once to Johnson, Box 261 Times Downtown.

Must dispose of my country home, with house, barns, and 3 acres; peach and pear trees, plenty of shade; on main road; need some ready cash and balance easy to a good family. Mrs. B. Paton, 131 Ashland Place, Brooklyn.

8—NEW JAMAICA HOUSES—8.
Best neighborhood; all modern improvements; low price; easy terms; free lots in partial payment. F. L. Ferguson, 66 Orange St., Brooklyn.

NEW HOUSE, GARDEN CITY ESTATES, 8 rooms, 2 baths; garage; 2 blocks from depot; best neighborhood; low price; easy terms, or free lots as first payment. F. L. Ferguson, 66 Orange St., Brooklyn.

COZY LITTLE HOME with 2 acres of fine tillable land for $1,350, on easy terms; some shade trees; high elevation near beautiful lake; positive bargain. Inquire B Owner, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW!—If sold immediately, my beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments much less than rent; 30 minutes from New York; 7-cent fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel, steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily, 9 trolleys also. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

Bargain Chance.—Will sell my remaining four artistic homes, all conveniences, at sacrifice prices; bungalows, $2,700; houses, $3,200; on very easy terms; balance like rent; materials bought at last year's low prices; you save $500; high elevation; refined neighbors; half hour out on Erie; near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row, Suite 1330.

New colonial house, two baths, steam heat, sleeping porch, hardwood trim, large mantel, screens, shades, decorations very artistic, plumbing, &c.; old price, $8,000, easy terms; best part Painfield; deep lot. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Modern 7-room terra cotta brick house, improvements; barn or garage; 5 acres of land, fruit trees; reasonable rent; located at Middletown, N. J.; good train service to the city. C. J. Hendrickson, care of Western Electric Co., N. Y. C.

A NEW SIX-ROOM HOUSE,
every improvement; plot 40x150; three minutes station, half hour downtown; restricted residence section; $3,800; reasonable terms.
LONG & MILLER,
Telephone 4088 Cortlandt. 13 Park Row.

MONTCLAIR.—Will sacrifice $9,000 residence for $7,500; 9 rooms, 2 baths, 6 bedrooms, sleeping porch, latest appointments; only $500 cash required. Frank Hughes Taylor Company, at Lackawanna Ter., Montclair, N. J.

All-year country home; fifteen-room house, all improvements; twenty-three acres; stable, outbuildings; excellent condition; crops planted; price $15,000. Owner, Box 138, Ramsey, N. J.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPERIOR COURT OF RICHMOND County, Georgia, May Term, 1915.—BALTIMORE TRUST COMPANY vs. GEORGIA & FLORIDA RAILWAY.—In Equity.
To all parties to the above cause and to all creditors of the Georgia and Florida Railway.
There exist issues between certain creditors of the Georgia and Florida Railway and the owners and holders of the First Mortgage Forty-Year Gold Bonds of said Railway and of the General Mortgage Bonds of said Railway, as to who are entitled to priority of payment out of the assets of said Railway now in the hands of this Court through its Receivers. These issues will be heard and final judgment rendered thereon by this Court at its Court Room in Richmond County, Georgia, at 10 o'clock A. M. on the 15th day of September, 1917. Let all those who wish to be heard be and appear at said time and place. After said date creditors cannot file their claims for the purpose of asserting such priority, except in accordance with the special order of this Court.
Witness, the Honorable Henry C. Hammond, Judge of the Superior Court of Richmond County, Georgia, this 15th day of May, 1917. D. KERR, Clerk.
Superior Court of Richmond County, Georgia.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—SUSQUEHANNA COAL COMPANY, Complainant, against INTERSTATE COAL COMPANY, INC., Defendant.—In Equity.—E 13-825.
Pursuant to an order of the United States District Court made in the above entitled action on the 6th day of June, 1917, notice is hereby given requiring all the creditors of said Interstate Coal Company, Inc., and all persons having claims of any kind against said company to exhibit their claims to said Receiver at his office, Room 1119, No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, and become parties to the above entitled suit within six months from the first publication of this order, and that in default thereof they will be precluded from all benefit of the order or judgment which may be made in such suit, and from any distribution which shall be made in such suit, and from any distribution which shall be made under such order or judgment.
Dated June 6th, 1917.
[illegible] PATTERSON, Receiver.
[illegible] Attorneys for Receiver.
[illegible] Counsel to Complainant.
X 216 Times Annex.

REAL ESTATE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

BONA FIDE BARGAIN, $6,500; EASY TERMS; a charming Colonial home near the water; plot 100x150 feet; fine old trees. Superb views; select neighborhood; near country club; high in hills; elev. 500 ft; house is new; has 26 ft. living room, beamed ceilings, panelled walls; huge open fireplace; central hall; dining room, pantry, kitchen, six master bedchambers, billiard room, 2 tiled baths; only 49 min. on Lackawanna R. R.; parquet floors, electric light, steam heat, every city improvement; schools, churches, stores conveniently near. Call or telephone 1523 Cort. A. Worcester, 168 Broadway, N. Y.

Wonderful Bargain. — Ten-room house, two baths, on ¼-acre corner plot; sleeping porch, outside dining porch, wonderful living room, with large, open fireplace; parquet floors, hardwood trim; magnificent modern kitchen; butler's pantry; high ground; extended view; fine old shade trees; fully improved streets; sewer, water, gas, electricity, stores, schools, churches, golf, tennis; 3 minutes to station, 30 minutes to New York; 40 trains daily; commutation $5.90; best and most beautiful suburb in the State; price $7,750; small amount cash, balance to suit. Call, write, or 'phone Owner, Munson D. Ayers, 146 West 88th St. Tel. Greeley 4585.

DANDY FARM.
154 acres, Basking Ridge; two houses, large barns, three wells; splendid views; $4,000 worth timber; bargain.
LEWIS B. PRESTON, INC., 165 Broadway.

MONTCLAIR.—New modern residence, delightfully located; large living room, dining room, butlery, kitchen, 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, sleeping porch, sun porch, every appointment; $7,500. Murdoch, opp. Lackawanna.

This office specializes in Connecticut inland and shorefront estates, old houses with histories, big fireplaces, and Dutch ovens; also hilltops with fine views; what you want may be here. John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., N. Y.

One-family frame house for sale, in the Bergen section of Jersey City; 8 rooms and bath and all modern improvements, in good condition. For particulars write Waldele, 539 East 85th St., N. Y. City.

Upper half of fine residence to let at Westward, N. J., 6 rooms, all improvements; separate entrance and porch; garden plot, 25x90; $22 per month. Address B. F. S., Room 708, 309 Broadway.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

STAMFORD, CONN.—Magnificent estate on Strawberry Hill; 8¼ acres; large house with every modern improvement; garage, greenhouses, gardener's cottage, &c. Address B. S. H., (Suite 1933.) 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

Real Estate Wanted.

Small house with garage or room for one, in Forest Hills Gardens; give details, price, and terms. S 370 Times Downtown.

FARMS.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Small farm with outbuildings; best soil and location for vegetables, chickens, &c.; shade trees; will sell cheap on small cash payment and $12 monthly to party wanting a home; in large town; commuting distance to New York. Bryan, Box 290 Times Downtown.

Five-acre farm; fruit orchards; cultivated land; on main road; $1,000; easy terms. B. Barshad, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Fruit farm, 62 acres exceptional, level land, 600 bearing trees; good buildings; near village and stone road; price $5,000; half cash. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

APPLE ORCHARD FARM—128 ACRES.
Charming house, high elevation, fine views; 382 fruit trees; excellent pasturage; good barns. Price $7,000; $3,000 cash. Farm & Estate Clearing House, 141 Broadway.

1,400-acre estate for sale at three-quarters value; fine trout brooks; particulars. Farm, 62 Franklin St., Jersey City.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Loft, 247-253 West 19th St., 7,500 sq. ft. modern building, sprinkler system; rent reasonable. Supt., or Revel Realty & Securities Co., owner, 51 Chambers St., or your own broker.

Sublet suite three airy offices, 17x25 feet; new building; $116.67 per month; also practically new mahogany office furniture, rugs, Underwood typewriter for sale. Room 1103, 50 East 42d.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO SUBLEASE.—Large and small, uptown and downtown; most prominent buildings. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 120 Broadway. Phone 5664 Rector.

66 Broadway, unfurnished private office; also furnished guest room, with telephone, attendance; reputable references required; avoid suit those requiring quiet. Room 506.

Mahogany furnished private office, Hudson Terminal Building; rent $25 monthly; sharing half salary stenographer. Call Room 227E, 30 Church St.

New Jersey, factory 3,000 square feet; good light, power and machinery; suitable for shirt or garment factory; $70 per month. E 261 Times Downtown.

A NEWLY FURNISHED PRIVATE OFFICE; every facility; rent $16.50 monthly; no lease required. Call 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

STORE, NORTHEAST CORNER
BROADWAY AND 148TH ST.
W. D. Morgan, Agent, 3,573 B'way, (147th St.)

At 404 4th Av., 9th floor, (corner 28th St.) Private offices; deskroom or mail privilege; excellent service.

Desk room or part office; very suitable for real estate or lawyer. Lefkovits, care bank, 138 2d Av.

FINE OFFICE, 16x24; good light; new building. Apply Black Publishing Co., 470 4th Av.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Japanese merchant wants showroom for month. S 88 Times.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Long Island.

AMAGANSETT, L. I.—On bluff overlooking ocean; four neighboring cottages; modern improvements; completely furnished; each with half acre of ground; 6, 6, 7, and 12 sleeping rooms respectively; rentals reduced; two garages on premises. Roesiter Johnson, owner, 31 West 56th St., New York.

Completely furnished cottage, North Shore, L. I., 1½ hours from New York; waterfront, fine bathing beach, wonderful view; 4 bedrooms, 2 baths; electricity, water, telephone; $400 season. Room 1514, 32 Broadway. Broad 6252.

Surrounded by pine trees, Long Island, handsome, new, modern, nine-room stucco bungalow; forty-foot screened porch; piano; fruit, vegetables; bathing, fishing; hour out; $800. Address Salmen, Brightwaters, L. I.

To rent, furnished, by season or year, an attractive 10-room house; all modern improvements; spacious ground; near railroad station and trolley. Dr. L. H. Kice, Baldwin, L. I.

For rent, in Seagate, furnished or unfurnished houses, 8, 9, 11 rooms, with garage; desirable location, near water; reasonable. Phone 594 Coney Island.

Neponsit.—Two beautifully furnished, large rooms; use of kitchen and laundry; season, $250, or rent separately. H 16 Times.

Ocean's edge, Rockaway Park, ten-room house, furnished; sale or rent; sacrifice. Herbert, 140 Nassau. Phone 4571 Beekman.

Westchester County.

Will sublet, most exquisitively located, quaintly furnished, 8-room cottage, overlooking Hudson; 40 minutes out; immediate. E 449 Times Annex.

Seven-room cottage, furnished, July-August, $200; can be seen any time. Phone 228W. Fenton, 11 Clove Road, New Rochelle.

Ten rooms, 2 baths, modern improvements, garage, vegetable garden, $250 for July and August. Keller, Bedford Hills, N. Y.

New Jersey.

Cottage, furnished, five rooms and bath; steel range; open fire; electricity; garage; telephone; rent $300 for season. H. B. Dye, Brielle, N. J.

For rent in Tenafly, N. J., July 1 to Sept. 10, 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, large porches; rent moderate. Phone 329 Tenafly.

Sparta—5 furnished rooms, bath; $100, three months. Berkan, 575 Riverside Drive.

New York State.

MOUNT KISCO.
For rent, furnished 8-room house and cultivated vegetable garden, garage; ten minutes' walk from station; possession immediately. Apply D. Frank Dakin, Mount Kisco.

Sullivan County, N. Y.—Ten-room house, well furnished; high elevation, overlooking Delaware River; big shade trees; rent for season. Address Paulina Diem, Lackawaxen, Pa.

Delightfully situated; 10 rooms; attractively furnished; 2 hours from New York. Morningside 2083.

New Hampshire.

LAKE SUNAPEE, NEW HAMPSHIRE.
To rent, large cottage, near Granliden Hotel; equipped for housekeeping; extensive view, 600 feet lake front; garage, boat houses. Apply Miss Nilsen, 27 W. 88th. River. 2988. After June 29 address Sunapee, N. H.

Wanted—Furnished.

Wanted.—Furnished house, with at least four bedrooms; near watering place, bathing, &c.; house which is somewhat isolated preferred; within 1½ hours from New York; North Shore Long Island or Westchester County on Sound; rent must be reasonable. Address, giving full particulars as to location, rental, &c., 41 East 49th St.

Wanted.—An 8 or 10 room house, furnished, for the Summer months; not more than 40 minutes from Grand Central Station or Pennsylvania Station. Communicate with [illegible] full particulars as to location, rental, &c. X 215 Times Annex.

HOUSES TO LET.

Unfurnished.

12TH ST., WEST. (Washington Square District.)—House, 12 rooms, steam, 2 baths; good condition. Bogert, 167 6th Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

10TH, EAST.—Seven rooms, July and August; telephone; maid if desired; $55. Stuyvesant 2442.

49TH, 36 EAST.—Handsomely furnished; spacious living room; kitchenette and bath; all conveniences; telephone; excellent location; $45 monthly. French.

66TH, 20 EAST.—3 rooms, bath, service; $45. Plaza 6156, or Superintendent.

76TH, 55 EAST.—Two modern apartments, near park; July and August; 7 rooms; $75; 14 rooms, $100. Apply Superintendent.

82D, 129 EAST, (4-C.)—Young couple wish sublet their beautiful 6-room all outside) apartment during the Summer for less than rent unfurnished; rent, furnished, $100 per month.

ATTENTION!—Summer rates now; apartments furnished, 2 rooms and bath, full hotel service; one block from subway; $10.50 to $14 weekly. Hotel Benton, 35 East 27th St.; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

CORNER, cool elevator apartment for the Summer cheap. S. Seckendorf, 20 East 90th St.

FOR TWO or two and one-half months, a sixth-floor furnished apartment, (elevator,) nine light, airy rooms, $100 per month, or owner will retain one bedroom and rent for $85; seen by appointment. X 264 Times Annex.

LEXINGTON AV., 163, (Hotel Rutledge.)—1, 2, or 3 rooms and bath; large, sunny, very modern; telephone, elevator service; electric light; $30 per month and up, or weekly rates; meals optional; extraordinary value.

MADISON AV., 1,270, (Cor. 91st St.)—Cool 7-room elevator apartment overlooking park, windows on four sides, fully furnished; victrola, telephone; sublet for Summer. Wetmore.

PLAZA SECTION.—Four rooms, handsomely furnished, housekeeping, sacrifice. Details Columbus 3974.

TO SUBLET, bedroom and bath, also a suite of parlor, bedroom and bath; can be connected if desired; attractive rate. THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH AV., 12.—Hotel, under new management; one, two or three room apartments; furnished, unfurnished.

20TH, 422 WEST.—Exclusive block, "The Chimes"; 5 rooms, bath, steam; $38 to $44; for people of refinement; no small children.

30TH, 1 WEST.—Comfortable 2 rooms and bath; splendid location; cool. Apt. 22.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just Off Broadway.)—New elevator housekeeping furnished apartments, 1, 2, 3 rooms; tiled bath, shower, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; highest references indispensable; $50 up monthly. Tel. Bry. 6255.

45TH ST., 305 WEST, (Vincent Astor Apartment.) — Completely furnished two-room suite, kitchen and bath; elevator; reference. Apt. 4M, or Superintendent.

50TH ST., 4 WEST.—Apartment, beautifully furnished, suitable 1 or 2 bachelors; maid and valet service. Dwyer. Circle 4137.

51ST, 62 WEST.—Beautiful suite, also magnificent rooms, baths, electricity, telephone; refined.

51ST, 70 WEST. — Two rooms and bath; piano.

51ST, 72 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, piano; business people; $9-$10 weekly; telephone.

52 WEST 39TH ST.
Large rooms, clean, cool; maid service, telephone; Summer prices.

55TH ST., 204 WEST.—TO SUBLEASE, ONE SIX-ROOM AND ONE SEVEN-ROOM APARTMENT, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, AT GREATLY REDUCED RENTAL. HOTEL WOODWARD ANNEX.

55TH ST., 347 WEST.—I will rent, furnished or unfurnished, my two-room and bath kitchenette apartment to Oct. 1st or longer in the Cambria.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apartments.)—Doctor's apartment, ground floor, 3 rooms and bath, best location in city, very desirable, at attractive rate.

56TH, 208 WEST.—An especially attractive apartment, 2 rooms and bath; just vacated; full hotel service free. Thorndyke Apartment.

57TH, 58 WEST.—Delightfully cool outside bachelor apartment, piano, elevator; references. Baxter.

57TH, 38 WEST.—Handsomely furnished two or three rooms, bath, kitchenette; monthly or yearly. Also doctor's offices.

65TH, 30 WEST.—Outside rooms, bath, gas, telephone; children and dog permissible; one flight; refined neighborhood; private entrance; centrally located to park, subway, elevated, surface, crosstown lines; references exchanged; rent, $50. Phone Columbus 3120 from 10-5.

71ST, 19 WEST.—Unusually attractive kitchenette apartment; exclusive, private home; location unexcelled.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Palatial kitchenette suite; two rooms; bath and shower; all improvements.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable for studio, doctor, or dentist's office.

74TH, 108 WEST.—French house; private baths; artist's studios; low rates. Columbus 5685.

76TH, 45 WEST.—Entire parlor floor, private bath; very large rooms; handsomely furnished; $60 monthly, July to September. A. J.

81ST, (Near Broadway.)—Handsomely furnished 5 rooms, bath, piano, linen, silver; sublet high-class elevator apartment. Telephone 1176 Vanderbilt.

81ST, 158 WEST.—Lady will sublet to October her beautiful 5 rooms, furnished, mahogany; Orientals; grand piano. Apartment 41.

85TH, 349 WEST.—Bargain; high-class; 8 rooms; rent only. Third Floor W.

86TH, 200 WEST.—Five-room front apartment; very desirable; reasonable. Fanning, Schuyler 5200.

95TH, 251 WEST, Corner Broadway.—Seven large rooms, bath; newly furnished. 3N.

102D, 241 WEST.—Seven-room apartment, furnished or unfurnished; board optional; elevator house; ground floor; all improvements; $100 a month. Hamburger.

109TH, 229 WEST.—Nine-story fireproof building, 5 rooms, $75; 1 room closed, $65. Inquire elevator man.

113TH, 507 WEST, (Apt. 1A.)—Special Summer rates; 2, 4, 5, and 6 rooms; exquisite apartments; furnished complete, including silver and linen. Phone 8240 Morningside.

113TH ST., 621 WEST.—Two large rooms and bath, comprising entire second floor of private residence; may be had singly.

116TH, 438 WEST.—Five rooms, furnished, unfurnished, $55-$50. Apt. 86, 845 Morningside.

116TH and Broadway, (The Luxor.)—Apt. 51, four rooms; housekeeping; immediate possession.

116TH, 438 WEST.—Exceptionally cool five room and bath apartment; southern exposure; elevator; electricity; immediate possession; sublet $65. Raynor.

118TH, 210 WEST, THE CECIL HOTEL.
DESIRABLE ROOMS AND SMALL SUITES, with or without bath, including full hotel service; attractive rates.

118TH, 401 WEST, (corner Morningside.)—Housekeeping suite on Drive, ready, Apt. 52.

121ST, 509 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; near Columbia; all conveniences; Victrola. Apt. 103; inquire Superintendent.

152D, 511 WEST.—Beautifully furnished apartment, with 2 rooms, kitchenette; strictly private family; suitable for bachelor or young couple.

168TH, 601 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive corner apartments; southern exposure; overlooking Hudson; subway. Ellsworth.

A DELIGHTFUL APARTMENT.
5 large, light, front rooms
for rent furnished to Oct. 1, 1917.
158 West 81st; $125 per month.
Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

APARTMENT, (near Columbia University,) three rooms, bath, kitchenette; completely furnished; elevator and hall service; will sublet until return from country Oct. 1; reasonable terms; references required. Charles Edey Fay, 51 Wall St.

APARTMENTS—SUBLET, handsomely furnished, any period, Summer rates.
EXCLUSIVE REALTY, Specialties,
176 West 72d St. Phone 846 Columbus.

APARTMENT HUNTING unnecessary. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Columbus 886.

APTHORP, Broadway and 79th.—Elegantly furnished apartment, linen and silver, to sublet until October; subway and surface cars at door. Owner. Telephone John 5446.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $36, $45, $53, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions lease or unfurnished; near subway and "L;" must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 618. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive and exceptionally clean apts.
THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 W. 69th St., near Broadway; 2, 3, 4 rooms and kitchenette, 1 and 2 baths; $45 and up monthly. Silk and up weekly; linens, dishes, silver, and cooking utensils furnished; phone and elevator service; [illegible] references.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

DYCKMAN SECTION.—Couple leaving for Summer desires to sublet for three or four months three rooms and bath; fully appointed; all outside rooms; nice location; references required. Telephone St. Nicholas 8351, Apt. 34, or Superintendent.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.—List on request. Consult Elite Renting Company, 20 West 42d St.

GOING away, rent two bedrooms, sitting room, kitchen, completely furnished; electricity; shower; subway. Phone Riverside 4923.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Immediate and future rentals; choice localities; long, short leases; $75-$500 month.
CLARK REALTY COMPANY,
30 E. 42d St. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450

HOTEL ANSONIA.—Two elegant furnished rooms, bath; $75. Apartment 66.

67 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Great sacrifice, magnificent ten rooms, three baths; rare furnishings. Jackson, 9066 Schuyler.

RIVERSIDE in 90s; overlooking Drive; six rooms, bath; two or three months. Write and give telephone number. L 141 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (114th.)—Nicely furnished 7 rooms, 2 baths, $100. Vanderbilt 1451.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 90's.—Eight rooms, three baths, $150; river view. Particulars, 745 West End Av. Phone Riverside 8098.

RIVERSIDE, (116th.)—Five rooms, completely furnished; river view; big sacrifice. Columbus 3974.

SPECIALIST
Handsomely furnished apartments; wonderful Summer bargains. Gray, 209 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

TWO cool rooms, kitchenette; high-class apartment; appointment. 6204 Morningside, Apt. 5D.

$75 FOR $125 eight-room apartment, overlooking Hudson. Inquire 322 West 72d St.

WASHINGTON SQUARE STUDIO APT.
Very attractive and cool; four rooms and bath; bargain; July 1 to October. Ackley, 189 Macdougal St. Spring 8882.

905 WEST END AV.
New building, northwest corner 104th St.; now leasing from plans, 6, 7, and 8 rooms, 2 and 3 baths. Full particulars from Paterno Bros., 601 West 115th St.

WEST END, 740.—5 beautifully furnished rooms, 2 master bedrooms; 9th floor; cool, spacious; wonderful kitchen; immense closets.

WEST END AV., (91st.)—Seven charmingly furnished rooms, 2 baths; bargain. Col. 3974.

7 ROOMS,
Ground Floor Corner,
PRICE, $2,500.
601 West End Avenue.

Unfurnished—East Side.

29TH, 85 EAST.—First floor, private house, three large rooms, bath, electricity.

62D, 108 EAST.—Attractive 6 rooms, 2 baths; quiet, airy, cool exposure; new building; reasonable rental. Apply superintendent, or telephone Mrs. Anable, Plaza 8453.

Unfurnished—West Side.

12TH, 15 WEST.—Two rooms, with bath, elevator, electricity, maid service; modern improvements.

101ST AND 100TH, (near Riverside Drive.)—2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 rooms; rents, $40 to $115. Inquire office, 900 Riverside Drive. Telephone Audubon 4057.

APARTMENT two rooms and bath on upper west side. T. K., 220 Times Downtown.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.
Apartment to sublet; six light, large, and cheerful rooms; electric elevator service; all modern improvements; desirable location, near Hudson River; can be leased at an exceptional price. Apt. 52, 851 West 181st St.

HAVEN AV., 110, (Near 171st.)—Three, four, and five room apartments; all improvements; moderate rents; small families only.

HAVEN AV., 138, (Apt. 10E.)—Beautiful, airy, modern 4-room apartment, overlooking Hudson; possession July 1; reasonable.

RIVIERA,
790 Riverside Drive.
High-class elevator apartments.
4-5-6 large, light rooms,
with all improvements.

SAN JACINTO HOTEL,
18 East 60th St.
Will sublet three rooms, two baths, July to October, $80 per month. Phone or inquire for Mrs. Kaufman, Apartment 21.

WEST END AV., 847, (Near 101st St.)—Six rooms and bath, $45.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Unfurnished.

ONE or two rooms, unfurnished; must be light, fourth story or higher; all conveniences; full particulars. H. C. Linp, 17 Barry Place, City.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

318T, (corner Lexington.)—Large, comfortable room; elevator apartment; reasonable; gentleman. (Vreeland,) Lexingtonia.

43D, 130 EAST.—For business gentleman, furnished room; private family; every convenience; references. First bell.

45D, 16 EAST.—Comfortable, convenient rooms for gentlewoman; protection of a home and convenience of a hotel; references.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Room with bath; room with piano; single room; references.

53D ST, 56 EAST, (Near Park.)—Double and single rooms, all conveniences; exclusive neighborhood; Summer rates. Plaza 2955.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large, light rooms, adjoining bath; Summer rates; references; telephone.

61ST ST., 166 EAST.—Beautiful front parlor; private bath, electricity, piano, select surroundings.

61ST ST., 53 East, (Weld Chambers.)—Large room and bath for gentleman. Hotel Service; Plaza 4900.

63D, 166 EAST.—Large and small rooms; bath, telephone; gentlemen; references.

66TH ST., 154 EAST, (Y. M. C. A.)—Rooms, $2.50 to $4 weekly. Lenox 6061.

GRAMERCY PARK, (145 East 21st.—Furnished suites, private baths; single rooms; electricity; Park privileges; references.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms, box-spring beds, tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large, cool rooms; also small rooms; private bath; all conveniences. Gramercy 1978.

LEXINGTON AV., 163.—Room, sunny, with running water, phone, elevator, electric light; well furnished; excellent service; $5 weekly and up; with bath, $9 weekly and up; meals exceptionally reasonable; optional.

MADISON AV., 218, Corner 36th St.—Large, cool room, with bathroom; reasonable rent for Summer.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive rooms, large, small, unfurnished; running water.

MADISON AV., 222, (Near 36th.)—Comfortably furnished, cool, clean rooms, $5 up.

SINGLE or en suite, large, cool rooms, with bath; breakfast optional; near Park in 70s. Lenox 4993.

West Side.

9TH, 11 WEST.—Unusually large and medium; private bath; electricity, telephone; references.

12TH, 38 WEST.—Large room, with private bath; also small rooms; telephone, references.

16TH, 19 WEST.—Large, small, airy, cool rooms; all conveniences; references. Chel. 10385.

23D, 350 WEST.—COLONIAL HOUSE, for women; running hot and cold water in every room; telephone connection. Chelsea 9070.

84TH, 188 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; homelike; running water. Telephone Greeley 700.

89TH ST., 61 WEST.—Refined hotel for gentlemen; all up-to-date conveniences, 75c up.

407TH, 68 WEST.—Large, small rooms, adjoining bath; overlooking park; electricity; references.

47TH, 11 WEST.—Beautiful apartment or studio; business; single, double; electricity, gas, phone, bath.

62D, 236 WEST.—Elegant large front room, private bath; piano; home comforts. Pierce.

56TH, 208 WEST, (THE THORNDYKE.)—Single room, with privilege of bath, elevator, electricity, and maid service free; $4 weekly.

56TH, 48 WEST.—Comfortable room; gentleman; electric light; Summer rates.

57TH, 364 WEST.—Beautiful front room; private family; references; no other roomers. Nichols.

57TH, 130 WEST.—Two large rooms, bath, well furnished; Summer rates. Inquire Superintendent.

59TH, 206 WEST.—Large rooms, with bath; also small rooms; facing park; board optional; telephone in rooms.

63D, 108 WEST.—Room, with bath; references; private family.

67TH, 27 WEST.—Small studio apartment, 2 rooms and bath. Kitson.

68TH, 37 WEST.—Cool room, adjoining bath; parlor, alcove; conveniences; exclusive, reasonable.

67TH, 149 WEST, (Broadway.)—Medium, comfortable rooms; telephone; electricity; shower; excellent location. Rouss.

68TH, 62 WEST.—Large room, kitchenette, private bath, electricity, phone; exclusive house; centrally located to all cars.

70TH ST., 305 WEST, (Broadway.)—Cheerful home in family; double front room, private bath; kitchen privileges; moderate. Summer rates. Apartment 10.

70TH, (2,036 Broadway.)—Attractive room, lavatory; suitable business man. Johnson, Colo.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Most attractive single room; bathroom adjoining; unusually select house.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Cool, attractive, front rooms; breakfast, dinner optional; men; Summer rates.

71ST, 118 WEST.—Attractively furnished large front rooms; electricity; Summer rates.

72D, (Subway.)—Single room, near bath, $5; high-class apartment; gentleman; references. Columbus 684, Apt. 1C.

72D, 247 WEST.—Handsome large front room; private bath; Summer rates.

73D ST., 139 WEST.—Newly decorated and nicely furnished large, small rooms; electricity.

72D, 22 WEST.—Exceptionally beautiful, cool, airy room; private bath, shower, electricity.

72D, 336 WEST.—Parlor bedroom, facing Hudson; also other room; exclusive.

73D ST., 142 WEST.
Exceptionally large suite of two rooms and bath; also one large second floor front, private bath, electricity; board optional. Columbus 9995.

73D, 153 WEST.—Attractively furnished, large front, $10; small, $4; electricity, telephone; near subway and elevated station.

73D ST., 163 WEST.—One large room, adjoining bath; exceptionally nice house. 2R.

73D, 258 WEST.—Furnished room, with private bath; references.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Maison Francaise; bains prives; atelier peintre; prix reduits. Columbus 5685.

74TH, 108 WEST.—French house; private baths; artists' studios; low rates. Columbus 5685.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Large room, dressing room, adjoining bath; electricity, parquetry; exclusive; reasonable.

75TH, 14 WEST.—Elegant room, dressing room, lavatory, electricity, bath; other rooms; telephone.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Comfortable medium rooms; running water; bath; convenient; $5-$6; phone.

75TH, 54 WEST.—Large rooms and private baths; also single, electricity, $4, $10.

75TH, 111 WEST.—Front room, private bath, second floor; southern exposure; references.

76TH, 55 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, single en suite; electricity, telephone; Summer rates.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Immaculately clean; electricity; private bath; kitchenette privileges; references. Schuyler 4566.

76TH ST., 42 WEST, (near Central Park.)—Double rooms, private baths; also very desirable small rooms; select house.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable large and small room; gentlemen; references; reasonable.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Large and small cool, comfortable rooms; private baths; references.

77TH, 64 WEST.—Large and small rooms with kitchenette; elevator apartment. Leonard.

77TH ST., 158 WEST.—Attractively furnished room, private house; reference

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

ATTENTION MANUFACTURERS!
An abundance of male and female American labor, freedom from strikes, cheap gas, coal and electricity; economic living conditions; ample banking capital; are you interested in locating where these conditions exist? Write Board of Commerce, Parkersburg, West Virginia.

BIG CHANCE
for
HARDWARE STORE
In good paying residential neighborhood of New Jersey; very profitable trade; nearest competitor 3 miles away; fine new store and apartment of 7 rooms, tiled bath, over it; price only $2,500 on easy terms and $4,000 first mortgage buys it; this is a rare opportunity; act now. Address
F. B. WELLS, 170 BROADWAY, N. Y. CITY

AEROPLANES.—Have funds available for investment in concern now engaged in manufacture of aeroplanes or aeroplane parts where additional capital is required; state full particulars. Address by letter to Principal, Room 852, Manhattan Building.

Have funds to invest in good going enterprise where additional capital is required, either in handling existing business or to promote growth; only existing projects will be entertained; state full particulars. Address Investor, Box 406 Times.

Hall, grill, restaurant, music, and dancing daily; six lodge rooms; 62 lodges meet every month in hall; lodges owners and large hall for 2,000 people; 9-year lease; no mortgage. For full particulars apply Room 606, 13 Trinity Place, New York.

Active young man, with a few thousand dollars, in established jobbing business, toilet articles and novelties; partner, who is retiring, and willing to leave some capital in business. S 365 Times Downtown.

Commercial Employment Agency.—Large clientele; excellent opportunity; must sell on account of ill health. S 375 Times Downtown.

Business man of ability and standing is hereby offered unusual opportunity for active investment of $10,000. W 366 Times Downtown.

Manufacturer desires contracts to make small metal parts necessitating spinning or bench work. Address Contract, 510 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Must be sold to settle estate, established country store, business $50,000 yearly, Central New York; big bargain. Reed Co., Hotel Empire, New York.

Technical men with good proposition want partner with business influence. Letch, 260 East 188th St. Tel. Melrose 1106.

France-England business lawyer going on trip; can I render services? 1228 Woolworth Building.

HAVE $10,000 to invest in legitimate, going business. S 373 Times Downtown.

Gentleman has $10,000 to invest in good business. Address S 126 Times.

FOR SALE

A small victoria and a brougham for sale; plum colored; an extraordinary bargain. Apply H. M. Wilkins, Times Annex, 229 West 43d St.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Nearly new, 6 months, Visible, 3 months, $7. Initial payment applies if purchased. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC., 338 Broadway, at Worth St. TEL. 5400 BARCLAY. Also opp. Madison Av., 1400 and 1402 W. 42d St., at Times Sq. FRANKLIN 10 Barclay St. Telephone 4738 Barclay.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

AUDITOR, Treasurer, or special accountant; certified public accountant, 33; familiar with methods of largest corporation; at present a high-grade senior with large accounting firm; minimum $5,000. X 336 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, cost accountant, statistician, desires permanent or temporary position; voucher systems, controlling accounts, financial statements; references. S 107 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Take entire charge; trial balance, controlling accounts, financial statements, stenographer, office manager; executive ability. H 80 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — 21½ years' experience; knowledge of stenography; reference; $12. S 348 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE WOMAN, experienced, desires publicity or editorial work; vivid writer, original; moderate salary; high recommendations. S 120 Times.

COMMERCIAL TEACHER, (27,) COLLEGE GRADUATE, WANTS CLERICAL POSITION AT SUMMER RESORT. X 335 TIMES ANNEX.

COMPANION.—Position as companion or secretary to lady in private home; experienced in traveling. X 323 Times Annex.

COOK wishes position in city for Summer, in private family. Call, 1 to 2:30, 771 Madison Av. Garcia.

DRESSMAKER.—Dresses, coats; alterations specialty; $2.50 daily; stylish. Phone Hensley, 6724 Morningside.

GOVERNESS.—Visiting, English, knowledge French desires position; experienced children; willing to travel United States; refs. Phone Thursday till 5 P. M., Audubon 2250; Apt. 12½.

GOVERNESS, companion to lady, French, experienced, desires position; English, music. K., 161 East 63d.

NURSE.—High school graduate would like charge of child during Summer months. Apply M. Barr, 115 West 11th St.

SECRETARY.
Bryn Mawr graduate, with editorial and advertising experience, who has just completed course in stenography, typing and business, desires position where speed is not so essential as intelligence and executive ability. L 146 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; rapid worker; references; $12. W 348 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced general office routine work; salary, $12. Phone Rhinelander 8715.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; experienced, conscientious, painstaking; excellent reference; $12. S 119 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—American, competent; 8 years' experience; good reference; $15. Richard Hornstein, 1,155 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly capable; exceptional ability; educated, initiative, clean-cut; $18. S 366 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' commercial experience; reference former employer; $18. W 362 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, beginner; prefer lawyer's office; knowledge of stenography; $8. W 321 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, experienced typist, desires evening work. S 95 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN.—Experienced office worker, seeks position; responsibilities. D., 256 West 109th St.

Employment Agencies.

YOUNG LADY, trained in first-class secretarial school, desires position with responsible firm; willing to demonstrate ability. Address T. T., 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2993.

OFFICE WORK.—Stenographers, bookkeepers, clerical, switchboard, typists. Florence Bloch Agency, 47 West 42d St. Vanderbilt 2240.

COOKS, HOUSEWORKERS, CHAMBERMAIDS, colored; references. Augusta Agency, 333 West 53d. Columbus 3129.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

A PACIFIC COAST SALESMAN, well acquainted with the wholesale and large retail dry goods trade west of Denver, would like to handle an exclusive line or several side lines for that territory; have representation a large New York importing house for the past four years, but am contemplating making a change, as supply of goods has been cut on references; best of references. Box H, Room 100, 742 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

ACCOUNTANT, AGE 26, MARRIED, CAPABLE TAKING COMPLETE CHARGE ANY OFFICE, DESIRES POSITION OF RESPONSIBILITY; SALARY $2,000 FIRST YEAR. S 374 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits; $5 monthly, upward; books opened, closed, systematized, profit and loss statements, corporation work. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT; opens, closes, audits, systematizes books; charges moderate; personal service. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Telephone 2141 Cortlandt.

ADVERTISING AGENCY MAN, thoroughly familiar with all details, correspondent, executive, American, 30, married, over 7 years' experience, at present employed, desires change; start moderately for prospects; highest references. S 114 Times.

ADVERTISING SALES MANAGER employ open new engagement; big business experience. Can you use me? L. S. R., 2,456 St. Nicholas Av.

A SPECIALTY SALES MANAGER, employed with company of national repute, 7 years' successful experience, would consider immediate change. Have you a specialty of merit? Will organize and train selling force; commission basis; local and field work. M. Zierer, 475 Hotel Belmont.

ATTENTION, MANUFACTURERS!
Am here to negotiate for any high-grade line Detroit and Michigan; consummate financial essentials and ability. M. Zierer, 475 Hotel Belmont.

AUDITOR, office manager, competent executive, long experience, desires position with growing concern. A. L., 210 East 21st.

BOOKKEEPER, expert accountant, office manager, 34; positively exempt; qualified for responsible position; college graduate; conversant modern methods. Write Integrity, 8 Gold St., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, graduate commercial high school, four years' experience, desires position with manufacturing concern. L 133 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, young man, 20, reliable, desires steady position. W 368 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, beginner; willing worker; good penman; accurate at figures. Aaron Delman, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2994.

BOOKKEEPER, 24; thoroughly experienced ledger clerk; reliable, accurate; draft exempt. W 354 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced; good worker, penman, figurer; salary $15. S 111 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, office man, 27; reliable, accurate, willing; chance to advance. S 123 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Office man, thorough accountant, wants difficult position. Responsible, 2,602 8th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, 27; married; A1 ledger clerk, controlling accounts, trial balances. S 104 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, motor boat engineer, Swiss, single, 29, desires steady employment, city Winter, country Summer; practical all-around Packard man, with over 9 years' experience in driving, repairing cars, and handling motor and sail boats; wages, $30 a week city, $25 and board country. H. Frank, Aeon Garage, Broadway, 76th St., N. Y. City.

CHAUFFEUR, with many years' experience, wants good position; references. F. Glanszman, care Society Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Columbus 8356.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.
Married; 11 years' experience; private family; five years last employer. L. Rack, 437 West 124th. Phone 7910 Morn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced, sober, honest, obliging, willing; do all-around work; salary moderate; good references. Albert, 751 Park Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Three years last employer, 3 years' experience. Benjamin, 807 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man desires private position; careful driver. Kossack, 235 East 79th St.

CHAUFFEUR.
Hollander, 25, wants position; first-class mechanic; careful driver. S 116 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married; private only; best reference. Carbon, 130 Post Av.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; mechanic; no Ford. William Clifton, 1,079 3d Av.

CHEF, French; experienced gardener; also preserving and canning; private family or State institution. Andre Pinard, Northport, L. I.

CLERICAL or salesman, (28,) married, Saturdays and week July 2 or permanently; experienced credits, collections, bookkeeping, general office work, clothing, and furnishings. S 337 Times.

CLERK, &c.—Young man, (22,) college education, desires position as clerk or general office assistant. Jary, 4,643 White Plains Av.

COLLECTOR.—Young man wishes position as rent collector; experienced real estate office. S 109 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE desires position for Summer; has had experience on college paper and one Summer in large factory. C. E. S., 414 West 146th St.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, start with reputable house. Goldenthal, 540 St. Paul's Place, Bronx.

CORRESPONDENT - EXECUTIVE, clean, successful record, 10 years' advertising and selling experience, American, 30, married, at present employed, desires change; seeking permanency; conservative; where ability and intense application are rewarded; free to negotiate; start moderately. S 115 Times.

COUPLE, German, wish positions; wife as cook, man butler, houseman and gardener; best reference. Klein, 609 1st Av., Elizabeth, N. J.

EXECUTIVE.—You can find an opening for me; ten years with two concerns; clean cut, Christian, 27, married; experienced in gas and electric cars, storage batteries; accustomed to handling help; would consider large garage; capable bookkeeper, credits, correspondent; moderate salary. C. P., 125 Times.

MAN, 22, desires position where integrity and perseverance will be rewarded; highest references; ability handling men. Haupt, 225 Brown Place, city.

MAN, 40, single, sober, but deaf, wants work, temporary, permanent; clerical experience; small wages; references. W 357 Times Downtown.

PURCHASING AGENT, broad experience, wishes position with first-class concern. E 273 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE MAN, 10 years' experience, repairs, renting, collecting; best reference or bond. L. L., 605 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, &c.—Men's furnishings salesman and manager, 15 years with the best shops in the city; live wire; executive ability; A1 reference; city or out of town. A. A. Morrison, 890 Beck St., Bronx.

SALESMAN.—Experienced lumber salesman wants to stop traveling; knowledge buying, selling, cutting, baking, building, contracting. G 113 Times.

SALESMAN, 20 years' experience in dry goods, wants to connect with good house; strong line; any territory; will call for interview. S 3 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, with large following among cloak, suit, and dress trades in city, desires to connect with line of woolens or silks. S 108 Times.

SALESMAN, aged 24, five years' traveling experience selling specialties, wishes position selling staple line. F. N., Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, at present business own account; American, 35; New York City territory; salary and commission. E 274 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, (32,) thoroughly experienced, American; exceptional correspondent, stenographer; conscientious executive. S 355 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Educated, capable; Christian, (31;) good appearance and address. S 370 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Thoroughly experienced; good executive abilities; highest references. W 361 Times Downtown.

SILK AND TEXTILE MANUFACTURERS.
Here's your opportunity to secure services of a bright, energetic, well-educated young man, 21, desire to change line; will do any kind of inside work to start; salary to commence no object; can furnish splendid references; let's talk it over. W 364 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience, seeks permanent reputable connection; highly indorsed qualifications; will travel. S 122 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eight months' experience; high school education; speedy, accurate; $8. W 359 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Detail specialist to busy executive troubled with work. L 143 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high school education, four years' experience, desires position in sales department. L 134 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, first-class man, American, good education, address, habits; $20. W 365 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish, English, desires position; best references. W 340 Times Downtown.

THEATRICAL FIELD.—Young man, 20, mentally alert, college training, refined appearance, Hebrew, seeks opening in some end of theatrical business; highest references. S 117 Times.

TIMEKEEPER'S and paymaster's position desired; 10 years' experience; statistical records, forms, rates, &c.; thoroughly efficient. W 356 Times Downtown.

TUTOR.—College undergraduate desires position for Summer as tutor or companion to boys and gentlemen; any subject; state time and place for appointment. N. M., 416 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 27 YEARS OF AGE, OF GOOD EDUCATION AND APPEARANCE, HAVING HAD EXTENSIVE BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, DESIRES TO ASSOCIATE SERVICES WITH REPUTABLE FIRM APPRECIATING ABILITY AND ATTENTION TO BUSINESS; EXPERIENCED AS ASSISTANT BUYER AND LOCAL SALESMAN. SATISFACTORY REFERENCES. ADDRESS L 130 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, executive ability, good education and appearance, 10 years' experience with leading financial institutions, United States and abroad, wishes connection with concern where initiative and hard work count. K 183 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 29, first-class bookkeeper, office man, salesman, past 4 years in business for himself, wishes to connect with concern where ability and hard work will be appreciated; salary no object until makes good. Box 264, 521 Wyckoff Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school education, desires permanent position; experienced office work; switchboard operator. Arenwald, 1,153 Vyse Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wants to connect with a large mercantile concern as bookkeeper or cost clerk. Address Cost, 18 Harrison Av., Harrison, N. J.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge bookkeeping and typewriting, selling and executive ability, modern office detail, desires position. L 136 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) new enjoyed in office of large chemical house, desires position; A1 references. W 353 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, desires office position; experienced. W 335 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER,
experienced, between the ages of 25 and 30, on double entry, controlling accounts, &c.; must furnish first-class references; excellent opportunity for person who can qualify; write, stating age, education, nationality, particulars as to experience, places previously employed, and salary expected. Opportunity, 252 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER with large corporation; young lady, competent and accurate; moderate salary; good opportunity for advancement; state age, salary desired, and experience. X 240 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPERS, EXPERIENCED WOMEN, WITH EXECUTIVE ABILITY; STATE AGE, SALARY DESIRED AND REFERENCES. X 329 TIMES ANNEX.

BOOKKEEPER.—To take charge of office and switchboard in high class apartment house, uptown, J. Solomon & Sons, 691 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER wanted in large publishing house; state experience, education, and salary desired. X 332 Times Annex.

BOOK SALESWOMAN.—Experienced, for a $50 per week proposition; suited to present national conditions; sales steadily increasing; salary and commission. The King-Richardson Co., Springfield, Mass.

CASHIER wanted; prefer young woman around 24 or 25 years of age; must be experienced in handling large volume of business; salary to start, $12; if you think you qualify apply personally at our 13th St. store. Ask for Mr. Brundage.
ROGERS PEET COMPANY,
842 Broadway.

DESIGNER on infants' wear, and capable of taking charge of 20 machines. E 264 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK.—Refined girl over 16 for manufacturing concern near Grand Central Station; good opportunity for advancement; hours 8:45-5:30; one hour for lunch; half day Saturdays all year round; apply in own handwriting, giving age, experience, and salary expected. C 501 Times Annex.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Neat, white, for family of two; plain cooking; fine position right girl. Audubon 3850. Apt. 2B.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
Require the services of
EXPERIENCED SALESLADIES
for their
STATIONERY,
TOILET ARTICLES,
HOSIERY,
WASH GOODS,
DRESS GOODS
DEPARTMENTS.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

HOUSEKEEPER, 30 to 40 years of age, for apartment hotel in the Oranges; salary $25 per month, room, and board, with chance to advance. Manager, 48 South Walnut St., East Orange, N. J.

MAID, good appearance, to do light work; hours 11 A. M. to 8:30 P. M.; wages $25 per month. Call 341 Convent Av.

NURSE, registered, for operating room, moderate sized hospital; state age, experience, salary expected. Box 94, 2,121 3d Av.

NURSERY MAID for two children in suburbs, age 1 and 3; salary $30. Write, giving phone number, Box J. S, 104 East 14th St.

OPERATOR.—Dictating machine operator, experienced on Edison machine; accurate and quick typist; good salary; apply at once, Room 1,440, 120 Broadway.

OPERATOR.—Switchboard operator, with knowledge of stenography; experienced; good opportunity for advancement; permanent. H 24 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Must be willing worker, accurate and neat, be able take care of files; engineering, technical, or personal experience; where ability and French or Spanish desirable; salary to start will depend upon qualifications; good salary to right person; position also open for stenographer, general office work. Apply Room 1744, 17 Battery Place, New York City.

SECRETARY STENOGRAPHER.—Must use Russian machine. 68 William St., Room 906.

SKIRT DESIGNER WANTED.
We want a woman thoroughly experienced, who can produce high-grade separate skirts; applicant must be a good sketcher and familiar with all branches of the business. G 199 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—THE SERVICES ARE REQUIRED OF A COMPETENT WOMAN STENOGRAPHER, 30-35 YEARS OF AGE, WHO IS FAMILIAR WITH GENERAL OFFICE DUTIES AND ABLE TO ASSIST HEAD BOOKKEEPER; HOURS, 8-5:30; SALARY $15. WITH GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND QUALIFICATIONS. WRITE ASSISTANT, 8 GREENWICH AV.

STENOGRAPHER Wanted.—Financial house has opening for stenographer with good education, speed on machine, and willingness to work; position for two months, with possibility of permanence; salary, $18 a week. Call Room 643, 42 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and secretary; thoroughly experienced, rapid, and accurate. Apply, giving age, past employers, length of service, and salary wanted; good position for competent person. W 329 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—A young lady, ambitious, intelligent, painstaking; ability more essential than long experience; state age, experience and salary desired. H 26 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; manufacturing experience. Simon Wolf & Co., 40 West 27th St.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Experienced on Remington and L. C. Smith machines. McCall Co., 236 West 37th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; $15 and advancement. Burford & Co., 44 West 62d St.

TEACHER, over 25, for Summer work; year's contract if efficient. Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

TYPIST Wanted.—Financial house has opening for typist and file clerk with good education, speed on machine, and willingness to work; position for two months, with possibility of permanence; salary, $12 per day. Call between 10 and 11 A. M., Room 643, 42 Broadway.

TYPIST.—Wanted, young lady of good education; work alternates between day and night duty; changing every two weeks. Call Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th.

TYPIST.—Stenography not necessary; beginner will do; $35 month. Room 512, 115 Broadway.

WOMEN of refinement and personality to present patriotic and humanitarian proposition to retail firms on commission; representatives now earning $30-$75 weekly; unequaled opportunity; selling experience desirable, but not imperative. C 502 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY to take charge of an employes lunch room, for girls; must have high school education and domestic science training; salary $12 a week to start. E 272 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHERS, &C.—WE CAN PLACE IMMEDIATELY A NUMBER OF COMPETENT STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, CLERKS, TYPISTS, AND TELEPHONE OPERATORS; REFINED AND WELL EDUCATED YOUNG WOMEN ARE NOW IN GREAT DEMAND.

CALL 9 TO 1 DAILY,
NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
ROOM 725, 30 CHURCH STREET,
NEW YORK CITY.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.
Bookkeepers, (2,) $1,040 per year; assistant bookkeepers, (4,) $12-$20; stenographer and bookkeepers, (2,) $15-$20; stenographers, (8,) $12-$20; clerk, $15; typist, $18; typists, (4,) $9-$12; record clerk, $12; Elliott Fisher operator, $11; several other good clerical openings.

BOOKKEEPERS, $25, $22; stenographers, $1,200, $1,000; several $18, $15; telephone operator over 25, $15; clerical, $12; typist. Hirst Exchange, 55 Liberty St.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Investigated references. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Agency, 329 West 59th.

STENOGRAPHERS, office assistants; American; beginners and experienced. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St.

STENOGRAPHERS. (Law.)—Good position, with advancement. Law and Commercial Employment Agency, 261 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS. — Bank position, with advancement. Law and Commercial Employment Agency, 261 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, clerks; permanent. Doyle Agency, 154 Nassau; 59 East 42d.

STENOGRAPHERS, $20, $18, $13; teacher, $20; typists, switchboards. Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau.

Instruction.

$10
this week. Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 26-27 West 34th St.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES. Instruction in day and evening classes. NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING, Singer Building, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllab-i-cle Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Special Summer rates. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

REGISTERED SCHOOL FOR NURSES, SYDENHAM HOSPITAL, 345 East 116th Street, New York City. A few vacancies exist for women desiring two or three years' training; diploma granted after passing successful examination. Apply by letter or in person, Superintendent of Nurses.

WOMEN FOR BANK POSITIONS.
Banks will shortly require women to do men's work. Three months' Special Banking Course. Individual Instruction.
PRATT SCHOOL, Banking Dept.,
62 West 45th Street, N. Y.

MOTION PICTURES.
Large companies want new faces—new types constantly—big salaries; better opportunities with wardrobe; tryout and film test given; French method of teaching; moderate fees. E. Brunel Film Co., 1,482 B'way, (cor. 43d.)

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Wanted, in the office of a firm of Certified Public Accountants, a high-class, capable senior; preferably with experience in stock brokerage work; state full qualifications and references, which will be treated in strictest confidence. Box L 120 Times.

ADDRESSERS; MUST UNDERSTAND SPANISH; GOOD PAY. APPLY 1 P. M., BOYDS, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

ANSWER ONLY IF QUALIFIED.
If you have the initiative to uncover leads, the persistence to follow them up, and the skill to close business, direct by mail as well as in conjunction with salesmen; if you can write letters which bring in new trail in the readers' minds and make them listen; if you have imagination, industry, selling instinct, and power of expression, a large, rapidly growing company can use your services to your very good advantage in TRADE DEVELOPMENT WORK.
The position is equivalent to assistant sales manager of branch territory.
Give full particulars, age, education, experience, and 'phone number. All replies held in strict confidence. X 319 Times Annex.

AN INTELLIGENT SOLICITOR,
Wanted a man who knows how to approach business men and has experience in soliciting, particularly special edition advertising; a proposition that is a wonderful success and will last for years; the right man will earn $10,000 commission annually; let us hear all details about yourself and we will make an appointment. S 354 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT for equipment department wanted at once for a large corporation to specialize in the purchase of machine shop equipments, large and small tools; party with experience in this line only to apply, giving full particulars as to experience, salary expected, &c. E 268 Times Downtown.

AUTO ACCESSORY MAN
WANTED BY LARGE MERCANTILE HOUSE TO ACT AS ASSISTANT TO THE MANAGER OF THE AUTO ACCESSORY AND SPORTING GOODS DEPARTMENT. MUST BE A LIVE WIRE; GIVE COMPLETE DETAILS OF EXPERIENCE, AGE, AND SALARY EXPECTED IN FIRST LETTER. M. W., 231 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

A YOUNG MAN, bookkeeper, typist, wanted to take care of order department and keep books of auto accessory firm. Apply Speco Mfg. Corp., 1,777 Broadway, room 412.

BANK CLERK, with some knowledge of bank bookkeeping; must state age and salary expected. W 346 Times Downtown.

BAR PORTER.—Hermitage Hotel before 9 A. M. 42d St. and 7th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—We want a first-class double-entry bookkeeper; one used to loose leaf ledgers and modern methods; hours, 8-6; permanent position to right man; salary $25 per week. If this appeals to you write A. B. C., P. O. Box 165, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER. — Good opportunity for young man of intelligence, not afraid of hard work; state salary, experience, religion, and references. H 23 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Must also do stenography and typewriting and routine office work; references. Call after 10 A. M., Hicks, 285 Greenwich St., corner Barclay, upstairs.

BOOKKEEPER.—Importing house requires bookkeeper and cashier; must be clerk; experienced in dress goods preferred; reply with references, stating previous experience. B. D., 230 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted in large publishing house; state experience, education, and salary desired. X 333 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; one who has had some experience and lives in Brooklyn. S 372 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16 to 17, very bright and active, quick to learn, wanted in a mercantile concern to start at the bottom and develop; a good future to the right one; salary, $7 to start. H 27 Times.

BOY to learn polishing in silversmith's factory. G. A. Hencke & Co., 100-115 West 26th.

CANVASSERS, SPECIALTY MEN.
Big money selling small electric fans to offices; commission. Room 1151, 47 W. 34th.

CLERK for purchasing department of a metal working factory; work consists of checking invoices against requisitions and a quantity of detail work in connection with purchasing. Bijur Motor Lighting Co., employment department, Factory Terminal Building F, Bloomfield St. and river front, Hoboken.

CLERK.—Wanted, by an old established plumbers' and steam supply house, a thoroughly experienced price and estimate clerk. Apply stating references and experience, L 127 Times.

COLLECTORS—Two young men with some collecting experience; must come well recommended and furnish surety or realty bond; salary to start, $2 per day. Call between 10 and 11 A. M., Room 801, 3 W. 29th.

CORRESPONDENT wanted to control freely the following languages: Spanish, French, and Russian; apply in writing only, stating experience, salary expected, and references; information will be treated in strict confidence. B, Brown & Bro., Inc., 227 Water St.

COST CLERK.—Young man; experienced manufacturing costs; must be capable of working into and assuming all details relating to costs and accounts controlling same; to such a young man an excellent opportunity for advancement is offered; reply by letter only, in own handwriting, giving full details of experience, salaries earned, &c., together with references; applications confidential. The United States Aluminum Company, Edgewater, N. J.

CUSTOM CUTTER men's clothing; reference; New York experience. Call after 10, G. N. Vincent, 524 6th Av.

DESIGNERS
for punch press tools for manufacturing accurate small parts in large quantities; also on jigs and fixtures for accurate production of small parts. Call or write Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

DRAFTSMEN.
Men experienced in the design of small mechanical and electrical apparatus; to men of ability and technical education we offer permanent position with excellent opportunities for advancement. Call or write Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical; tool designer, having good experience on small tools, for light manufacturing work; also require tool draftsman of good experience. Bijur Motor Lighting Co., employment department, Factory Terminal Building F, Bloomfield St. and river front, Hoboken.

DRAFTSMAN—Very good at automatic machinery design and detail; state full particulars in first letter; this is a nice opportunity for the right man. W 367 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN.—Experienced on general engineering and construction design, steam and hydro plants and paper mill layouts, structural steel, concrete piping. S 85 Times.

ESTIMATOR, &c.—Plumbing and steam supply house requires first-class price man and estimator; state salary and experience. L 142 Times.

GENTLEMEN of refinement and personality to present patriotic and humanitarian proposition to retail firms on commission; representatives now earning $30-$75 weekly; unequaled opportunity; selling experience desirable, but not imperative. Box C 499 Times Annex.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
require the services of
thoroughly experienced
SALESMEN
VICTOR...

HELP WANTED—Male.

HANDY MAN in apartment hotel; understanding care of boilers, carpentering, painting, and making himself generally useful; $28 per month, board, and room, with chance for advance. Address or call, 43 South Walnut St., East Orange, N. J.

HOUSEBOY.—Wanted, Filipino houseboy for army family at Fort Ethan Allen; must have references. Apply Hotel Astor.

JAPANNERS.—Strippers on brush handa; steady. Call 5-6 P. M. Thursday, S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., 5, 7, 9 Union Square West.

MACHINIST and lathe hand in steam fitting shop. Gilles & Geoghegan, 537 West B'way.

MAN wanted, between 40 and 50 years of age, for information desk in an international banking institution; must know French, in addition to English; additional languages desirable. Address Box W 360 Times Downtown, giving age, nationality, what languages familiar with, salary expected.

MANAGER WANTED.
Up-to-date manager for inn of the highest class, situated on Long Island Sound, midway between New York and Boston, to be opened on or before Aug. 1; location unsurpassed; exceptional opportunity for man of enterprise and ambition; unquestionable credentials required. Address, including copies of references, X 322 Times Annex.

MECHANICS.—Experienced automobile mechanics wanted for high-class concern; excellent working conditions. Mulford, Haas Co., Inc., Bedford Av. and Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y.

MEN.—Wanted, unmarried men who have seen service in the army, navy, or Marine Corps, for guard duty; $75 per month to start; free quarters, fuel, and light; applicants must furnish highest references. Write for application blank to Mr. H. H. Alcock, New England Westinghouse Company, Chicopee Falls, Mass.

MILLINERY BUYER
for high-class specialty department, doing a large volume of business, catering to the better class of trade; the store is located in one of the largest cities in Texas; wonderful opportunity for the right person; state age, experience, salary, and all details or we cannot give you consideration. Address Wm. Van Buren, 1,140 Broadway.

MILLINERY BUYER
for department located in Middle West, handling popular and better goods; state complete history concerning yourself in order that your application may receive attention. Address Wm. Van Buren, 1,140 Broadway.

NIGHT
AUTO MECHANIC
ON ELECTRIC CARS.
State experience and salary expected.
H 31 Times.

OFFICE BOY.—Young man of neat appearance and more than ordinary in ability and ambition for position of junior clerk. Reply by letter only to Gasoline Distributing Co., Thompson Av. and Diagonal St., Long Island City.

OFFICE MANAGER, &c.—Bright young man to act as office manager and secretary; must have thorough experience and possess knowledge of stenography, bookkeeping, &c.; state age and experience. S 125 Times.

ORDER CLERK'S ASSISTANT wanted in woolen commission house; state age, references, and salary expected. H 28 Times.

SALESMEN,
MEN'S CLOTHING.
Lord & Taylor require the services of several experienced salesmen for their Men's Clothing Section. Only those accustomed to handling high-est class trade need apply.
Call between 9 and 11 A. M.
Superintendent's office, 7th floor.

SALESMAN WANTED.
Well educated man with at least five years' selling experience wanted for executive position. Corporation largest and strongest in their line in America. During training period of about two months remuneration will be in form of commissions with drawing account; immediate action necessary if you wish to be considered. Call Mr. Clamplitt, 6th floor, 120 West 32d St.

SALESMAN.—A manufacturing concern just establishing itself in New York is desirous of having affiliated with it a 100-point salesman; one whose vision and thought is big enough to earn not less than $5,000 per year on a commission basis; this is a first-class, high-grade proposition and demands in return that calibre of man. Apply Stickney & Montague, 54-56 Franklin St., N. Y.

SALESMAN, first class, 30-45, to join large selling organization covering entire United States with legitimate line; applicant must work as instructed and be willing to make large and small towns; unquestionable references as to ability and character are required; $100 per week to right man; expenses advanced against liberal commission. M 1 Times.

SALESMEN
for our new $10 automobile policy; an easy seller; every owner, driver, chauffeur should buy on sight; the only policy issued that covers every accident while operating, adjusting, or cranking automobiles; big commissions; apply Schaefer & Co., managers, 1,123 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, capable, experienced salesman, having office in New York City, to sell our complete line of pearl buttons to manufacturing and jobbing trade in the East; salary. X 245 Times Annex.

SALESMAN of boys' wash suits for New England, Ohio, and adjacent territory; experienced side line proposition for other territories will be considered; confidential; commission. G 191 Times.

SALESMEN.—Must be experienced, to sell nationally advertised automobile accessory; men from 22 to 25 years preferred; salary and commission. Box H, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

SALESMEN wanted to sell new Ford attachment; only those with experience in this line considered; drawing account against commission. 1,650 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, experienced hardware salesman. Address, giving age, references, salary wanted, The George Richards Co., Dover, New Jersey.

SALESMEN covering small town; good side line, no samples; big, continuous commission. Sanitex, Northeast corner 22d St. and Avenue A.

SALESMEN.—A few aggressive hustlers; splendid opportunity to those qualifying; strictly commission. Phone Rector 7286 for appointment.

SALESMAN.—Automobile salesman to sell medium-priced popular car on commission; plenty prospects. Briscoe Sales Co., 1,794 Broadway.

SALESMEN wanted by lace importing house to call on manufacturing trade; state experience, &c.; salary, commission. H 2 Times.

SALESMAN.—New important medical publication for physicians; salary plan; write fully. The Southworth Company, Troy, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—City and vicinity retail trade for line of children's rompers, pajamas, &c.; commission basis. H 7 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to sell high-class leather goods, on commission only, to start; reliable house; references. L 135 Times.

SALESMAN for city dry goods trade; young man, part time inside. S 360 Times Downtown.

SENIOR ACCOUNTANTS.
Prominent New York firm of public accountants requires managing accountant for its permanent staff; considerable will be given only to applicants qualified by training and personality and salary will be commensurate. State age, nationality, and experience in your letter. All information will be held in the strictest confidence. W 311 Times Downtown.

SEWER BRICKLAYERS.—Ten non-union; Tenth and Bismarck; one year's work; dry ditch; come ready for work. T. M. Tomson & Son, sewer contractors, Indianapolis, Ind.

SHIPPING CLERK in wholesale hardware house; assistant clerk to traffic manager; one familiar with rates and experienced in receiving and forwarding of shipments, both for domestic and export. Address, stating age, experience, and salary desired, W 363 Times Downtown.

SOLICITOR-COLLECTOR for subscription department high-class trade journal; virgin field; salary or commission; reference and bond required; state all first letter. H 309 Times Downtown.

STEAMSHIP FITTERS.—Wanted, five expert fitters; excellent pay and good opportunity for right parties. Apply at once, Gow Line, Pier 3, East River.

Y

GOVERNMENT ORDERS 30,000 TONS OF COPPER

Tentative Price of 25 Cents a Pound Is Subject to Possible Alteration Later.

The Government has placed with copper producers orders for approximately 60,000,000 pounds of the metal for early delivery at 25 cents a pound, the price being subject to possible alteration later. The quotation for similar contracts with private consumers is in the neighborhood of 30 cents a pound.

It is understood that in the negotiations between the Government officials and the National Defense Sub-committee on Metals, headed by John D. Ryan of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company, copper production costs were gone over carefully, and it was decided that if further examination of cost sheets indicated that the price for this order ought to be either higher or lower the matter would be adjusted. In copper circles the understanding is that a corresponding method is likely to be followed in later Government orders, and possibly also in case of the huge contracts pending for the European allies.

While information obtained in the trade yesterday dealt with the poundage as though it was to be delieverd in the next three months, it is believed that the amount covered considerable metal already sent to Government works.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—June 26, 9:07 A. M. train from Park Place, Newark, to Hudson Terminal, downtown New York, a package of jewelry about 6 by 8 inches, property of Day, Clark & Co., Newark, N. J., billed to Howard & Co., New York; employe must stand loss; suitable reward for return, 449 Washington St., Newark, N. J.

LOST—Cigarette case, dark brown, lettered in Japanese, containing Dimitrino cigarettes; lost between 46th St. and on Riverside Drive up to Claremont Restaurant, between 7 and 8 P. M. Saturday; large reward. Return to Clerk, Hotel Wentworth, 59 West 46th St.

LOST—Pigskin handbag, marked "F. J. W.," on ferryboat from Weehawken to Cortlandt St., New York, on 7:45 boat; liberal reward, no questions asked. 110 Sunnyside Av. Telephone 5961 East New York.

LOST—Black velvet bag, containing watch marked "A. T. W.," lost between Cedar St. pier and Brooklyn Bridge. Please return to D. M. Miers, Room 1202, 55 Liberty St., Cortland 6974, and receive reward.

LOST—From motor, June 15, black parasol, carved dog's head handle, gold monogram "J. S.," with coronet; liberal reward; no questions. Return to Woman's City Club, Hotel Vanderbilt.

LOST—Diamond and star sapphire plaque, pin broken off, between 70th St., Broadway car, and Stern's 42d St. store, Saturday, June 23; $100 reward. Valerie Bergere, 200 West 70th. Columbus 9673.

LOST—On West Shore ferryboat, 7:45 P. M. Monday, June 25, pigskin traveling bag with tag initialed F. J. W. Liberal reward if returned to 110 Sunnyside Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST—Suitcase lettered "R. S.," contains lady's and children's wearing apparel; lost between 156th and 124th Sts. and Broadway, Sunday, June 24. Owner, Room 701, Tribune Building.

LOST — Straw-covered basket containing lady's silk underwear, glasses, &c., in 5th Av. bus or Broadway surface car, Monday afternoon; reward. X 328 Times Annex.

LOST—Gentleman's open-faced gold watch, engraved "Captain J. J. McNulty"; $25 reward; no questions. F. J. M., Columbian Garden, 5 Greenwich Av. and 8th St.

LOST.—Wedding ring and two diamond rings, Poughkeepsie boat, Saturday afternoon, in the ladies' room; return to Hotel Wolcott; liberal reward; no questions asked.

LOST—Diamond bird pin, set in platinum, Saturday night, between 100th and 96th Sts., on Broadway; reward. A. Mayer, 220 West 98th. Phone 9488 Riverside.

LOST—June 27, from automobile, Broadway and 35th St., brown rattan suitcase; liberal reward, no questions asked. Return to Gallert, 1,333 Broadway.

LOST—Diamond and sapphire bar pin on 5th Av., 57th St., or Bonwit-Teller's or Stewart's; liberal reward. Miss Daly, Apt. 3 B, 452 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Bunch of store keys at Far Rockaway or Rockaway Beach; suitable reward. Finder will kindly notify A. L. Nebenzhan, Far Rockaway, L. I.

LOST—Bank account book, tied to small package, Penn. Station, 40th St., 5th Av. Reward. Von Gerichten, Cedarhurst, L. I.

LOST—June 23, on Stamford train, fraternity pin set in pearls; reward. Phone Intervale 449.

LOST—Monday morning, gold watch fob, initialed "J. F. H.;" reward. J. F. Hohenstein, 021 Broadway.

LOST—Diamond-shape black onyx ring, diamond in centre. Harlem 6308.

LOST—Friday, seed pearl earring; reward. 472 West End Av., Apt. 5E.

LOST—Valuable papers. Reward if returned to Mrs. Keating, 347 West 44th St., City.

REWARD WILL BE GIVEN.—Will party who called up Mr. John A. Harring, care of Brown Brothers, 59 Wall St., on Saturday, regarding diamond ornament on velvet band, lost on Pawling local train Friday, please call again?

$50 REWARD for diamond circle brooch, lost June 25 on Broadway, between 72d and 79th Streets.
TIFFANY & CO., 5th Av. and 37th St.

Found.

FOUND—Purse on 57th St.; owner describe it. Box 252, 27 West 44th St.

EDISON CO. ACCEPTS CUT TO SEVEN CENTS

Agrees to Reduce Maximum Rate for Electric Current Half a Cent on July 1.

EXPECT 6-CENT RATE SOON

Reduction Will Save to Consumers $1,750,000 for the Current Year.

When the Directors of the New York Edison Company learned yesterday morning that the Public Service Commission had insisted upon the reduction of the maximum rate for electric current from 7½ cents a kilowatt hour to 7 cents a resolution was adopted authorizing the new rate on July 1. It will continue for at least six months. On Dec. 3 the company must appear before the Public Service Commission again and state whether it intends to return to the 8 cent rate in force prior to Jan. 1, 1917, or continue with the 7 cent rate until new conditions arise.

The last fiscal year that the 8 cent rate was charged the company earned $5,800,000 net. At the rate the company is now doing business its net earnings for the current year have been estimated at about $7,000,000. It was estimated yesterday that the company would probably find itself compelled to charge not more than 6 cents next year either under an order of the commission based on the net earnings of the company or through the enactment of a law fixing the rate at that figure. The reduction from the 8 cent rate reprsents a saving for the consumers of about $1,750,000 for the current year.

Henry J. Hemmens, counsel for the company, notified the commission that the company would yield, and read this letter from N. F. Brady, the company's President:

June 27, 1917.
The Public Service Commission for the First District, 120 Broadway, New York City.

Gentlemen: As you have fairly stated, this company, under the agreement which became effective Jan. 1, 1917, has the option on July 1 of reducing its maximum rate to 7 cents a kilowatt hour, or of returning to the former scnedule under which the maximum rate was 8 cents a kilowatt hour. We have endeavored to show that a reduction under the existing conditions is unwarranted, but the commission has held that it is warranted. We are, therefore, prepared to accept this decision and reduce our rates to 7 cents a kilowatt hour, with the understanding that if the results are of an adverse nature we may exercise the existing option and restore our former schedule of 8 cents a kilowatt hour on Jan. 1, 1918.

If this arrangement meets with your approval, we will file a new schedule at once under which, as indicated, the maximum rate will be 7 cents a kilowatt hour on and after July 1, 1917. Truly yours,
N. F. BRADY, President.

Chairman Straus of the commission asked City Chamberlain Maltbie, who represented the Mayor, to express an opinion, and the opinion was that the Mayor would doubtless be satisfied with the situation.

"The company," said Mr. Maltbie, "having reserved the right to restore the old rate of 8 cents at the end of the year, I presume the city should reserve the right to demand that it be reduced to 6 cents."

The company announced that it had no intention of going above an 8-cent rate at the end of the year, and that no increase at all would be made except under compulsory conditions. Mr. Straus suggested that even at the worst the company would probably not find it necessary to go back to the 8-cent rate, but would stop at an intermediate point.

MERCHANTS DEMAND EFFICIENT SCHOOLS

Association Adopts Resolutions Urging Better Teachers and Better Teaching.

The Chamber of Commerce held a special meeting yesterday to thrash out differences between members over a report submitted by the Committee on Commercial Education. It was the third time the report had been considered. At the two preceding meetings so much opposition arose from William G. Willcox, President of the Board of Education; Borough President Marcus M. Marks, and others interested directly in the public school system that the findings of the committee were revised. Following considerable debate these resolutions were adopted:

"Resolved, That the power of discharge of inefficient employes, whether belonging to the teaching force or other employes of the department, should be absolute, subject only to protection against political disfavor.

"Resolved, further, That the Board of Education should adopt such strenuous rules for the advancement of students of one grade to another as thoroughly to impress upon all students that they cannot hope to be advanced without having first acquired a thorough knowledge of the subjects taught them."

The committee, headed by Howard C. Smith, said in its formal report on a survey of the school situation that many students sent out of the high schools were found to be deficient in education, while numerous teachers were inefficient.

"The schools are overcrowded and the children are taught in too large groups," the report continued. "The teaching is necessarily hurried, and small attention is paid to the child as an individual. Children are passed up to a higher grade repeatedly with insufficient knowledge. This is due in part to the ever-increasing demand for room at the bottom, also to the system of advancing teachers on their showing of percentages of students given the passing grade, also to the demand of teachers of higher grades to keep their classes full and consequently important. Such system is bound to develop carelessness, indifference, and inefficiency in the pupil, who knows he will be advanced whether he tries or not."

FAVORS THE GARY PLAN.

Education Board Calls for $6,000,000 for Equipment.

A report on the duplicate school plan, calling for the expenditure of more than $6,000,000 for new sites, buildings and equipment, was adopted yesterday by the Board of Education by a vote of 28 to 7.

Adoption of the report was opposed by William H. Maxwell, City Superintendent of Schools, who contended that the duplicate or Gary school plan was still an experiment and not suited for the educational demands of New York. He pointed out the need for three new schools in the Bronx, and for seven or eight in Brooklyn, and urged that the money be spent for them.

Buy All Wool Clothes When You Can

Every yard of cloth used in Arnheim suits is strictly all wool. There is no cotton introduced to lower cost—no cotton to fade or cut through the woolen yarn.

For forty years we have stood on an all wool platform. As long as sheep grow and mills weave their fleece we will stick to this all wool standard.

The excellence of our materials is matched by superior workmanship and attention to minor details.

Suits to Measure $25

Army Officers' Uniforms made to measure. Government regulations strictly adhered to. Special service stations at Plattsburg and at Madison Barracks.

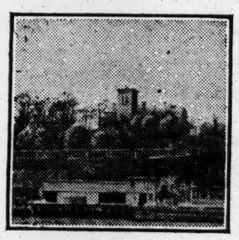
Arnheim
TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
39 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

P. S.—*No man can be truly enthusiastic unless he really believes he is doing the one thing that it is best for him to do.*
Arnheim Axioms.

This is Where *You Start*

That Trip to Philadelphia will be a Real Holiday if you travel on The Jersey Central

Business need not be all work and no relaxation. The next time you go to Philadelphia go by way of the Jersey Central. It's a wonderful trip this time of the year—a combined river and country trip.



Historic Residence of Edwin A. Stevens

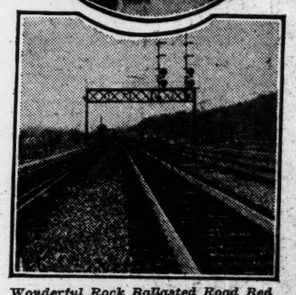
GO down to the foot of West 23rd Street and take one of the big Jersey Central ferry-boats at ten minutes of the hour. Sit on the upper deck and see the most interesting part of the most beautiful river in the world—the Hudson. Take deep-refreshing breaths of the soft summer air. On your left as you swing down the river are the great ships of the American Line. On your right against the background of the Jersey hills stands the Stevens Mansion, closely associated with the history of Hoboken and now a dormitory of Stevens Institute, from which have graduated some of America's brightest engineers.

Great square rigged ship now common in the Harbor

Four Miles Down the Hudson Then the Beautiful Country

ALL this right in your own harbor—the richest port in all the world. You never tire of the wonderful sky line of your city, and it is never more beautiful than when seen from the deck of the Jersey Central boat, which you can take from either Liberty Street or 23rd Street. As your boat glides gently into its slip you see—for the first time in many months perhaps—the Statue of Liberty, a golden minature of which was recently presented to General Joffre. Then you change from a comfortable boat to an even more comfortable train—all steel and perfectly equipped. The most delightful part of the journey then begins. On the sweep through flowering country lands—past trim farms and orchards—into a busy town and out again almost before you realize you have come upon it. No waits—no unnecessary stops—no annoying delays

Scene on the Cranford River



Wonderful Rock Ballasted Road Bed

Every Mile of the Trip is a Picture Free from Dust

THE hard rock-bed and hard coal of the Jersey Central make summer travelling a joy. No clouds of dust to blot out the pictures of charming country scenes along the way—no grime and dirt to soil your clothes.

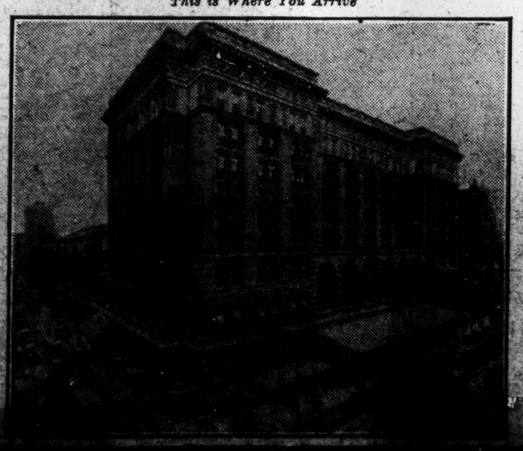
If in your hurried city life you have forgotten what the real, beautiful country looks like—take this trip to Philadelphia. If you don't have to go on business go just for the fun of the thing. It's an inexpensive trip and there are many things well worth seeing in Philadelphia.

Neshaminy Falls

Neshaminy River near Philadelphia

The Jersey Central Way is the Cool, Clean Way

This is Where You Arrive



"Your Watch Is Your Time Table" As Fast Trains Leave Every Hour On The Hour

Fast trains leave Liberty Street week days from 7 A. M. to 10 P. M. Sundays 8.15 A. M. and hourly from 9 A. M. to 11 P. M. Midnight train daily, sleeper ready 10 P. M.

In a Rising Woolen Market Every Hart Schaffner & Marx Fancy Suit Reduced

For many months prices of Woolens have been steadily rising. Everything indicates a long continued advance. That's why a sale of Hart Schaffner & Marx suits just now is really sensational.

Every Fancy Suit, $22.50 and less	$19.50
Every $25 Fancy Suit	$22.50
Every $28 Fancy Suit	$25.00
Every $30 and $32.50 Fancy Suit	$27.50
Every $35 and $40 Fancy Suit	$32.50
Every $45 and $50 Fancy Suit	$38.50

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers St. Third Ave., Cor. 132d St. | Open Evenings.
Broadway, Cor. 99th St. 945-948 West 125th St. |

Dorothy Dodd
SHOE DEPARTMENT

Unusual Shoe Sale!

Discontinued Lines From Our Regular Stock

1500 Pairs of Pumps and Oxfords

ALL SIZES **$2.95** ALL WIDTHS

Sold Regularly all Season at $4.00 to $8.00

SEASONABLE FOOTWEAR
Canvas Sports Oxfords
$2.95

SEASONABLE FOOTWEAR
Patent and Dull Calf Pumps
$2.95

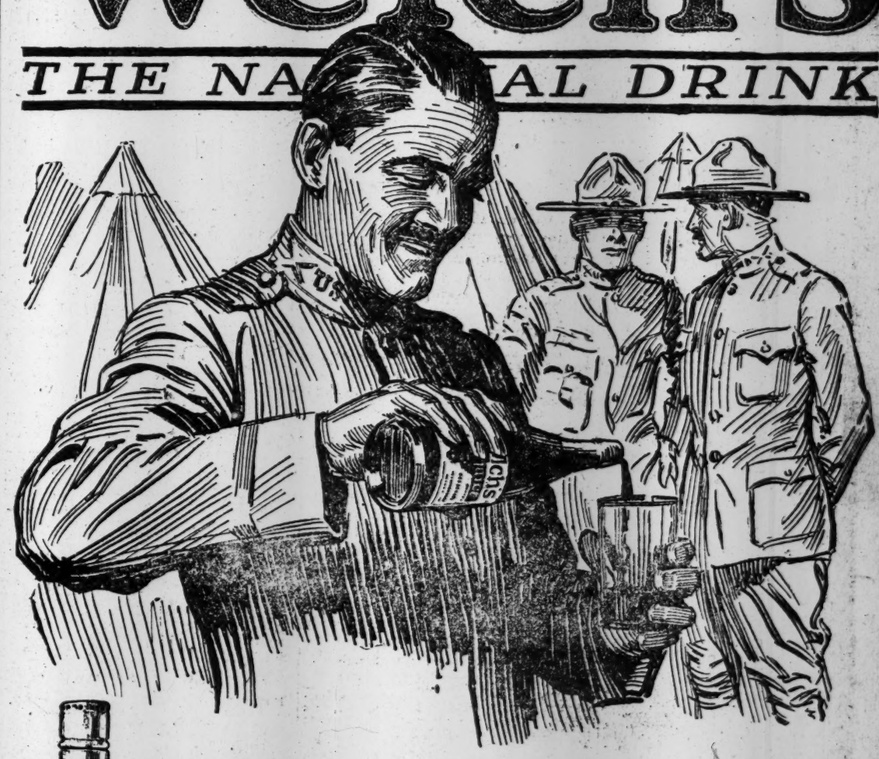
Also a large variety of gray, tan or brown; low cuts, of kid or ooze calf. All branded Dorothy Dodd. All made for this season's selling. Up to date style and excellent quality.

No Shoes Sent C. O. D. or Exchanged

At the New *Bedell* Fashion Shop
Nineteen West Thirty-fourth Street

Welch's

THE NATIONAL DRINK



FOR the Nation's Service—the National Drink. At training camps and cantonments Welch's is first.

How cool and thirst-quenching and invigorating after dusty march and strenuous drill! It brings the freshness and snap of October mornings to overcome the languidness of dog-day heat.

Every man likes the crisp, grapey tartness of Welch's. Every man in the Service knows that Welch's is the drink of efficiency. It makes for clear heads, steady nerves, endurance and "pep" in the pinches.

Why not send your soldier man or sailor lad a case of Welch's in 4-ounce bottles? Ask your grocer, druggist or confectioner to deliver it for you.

The Welch Grape Juice Company, Westfield, N.Y.